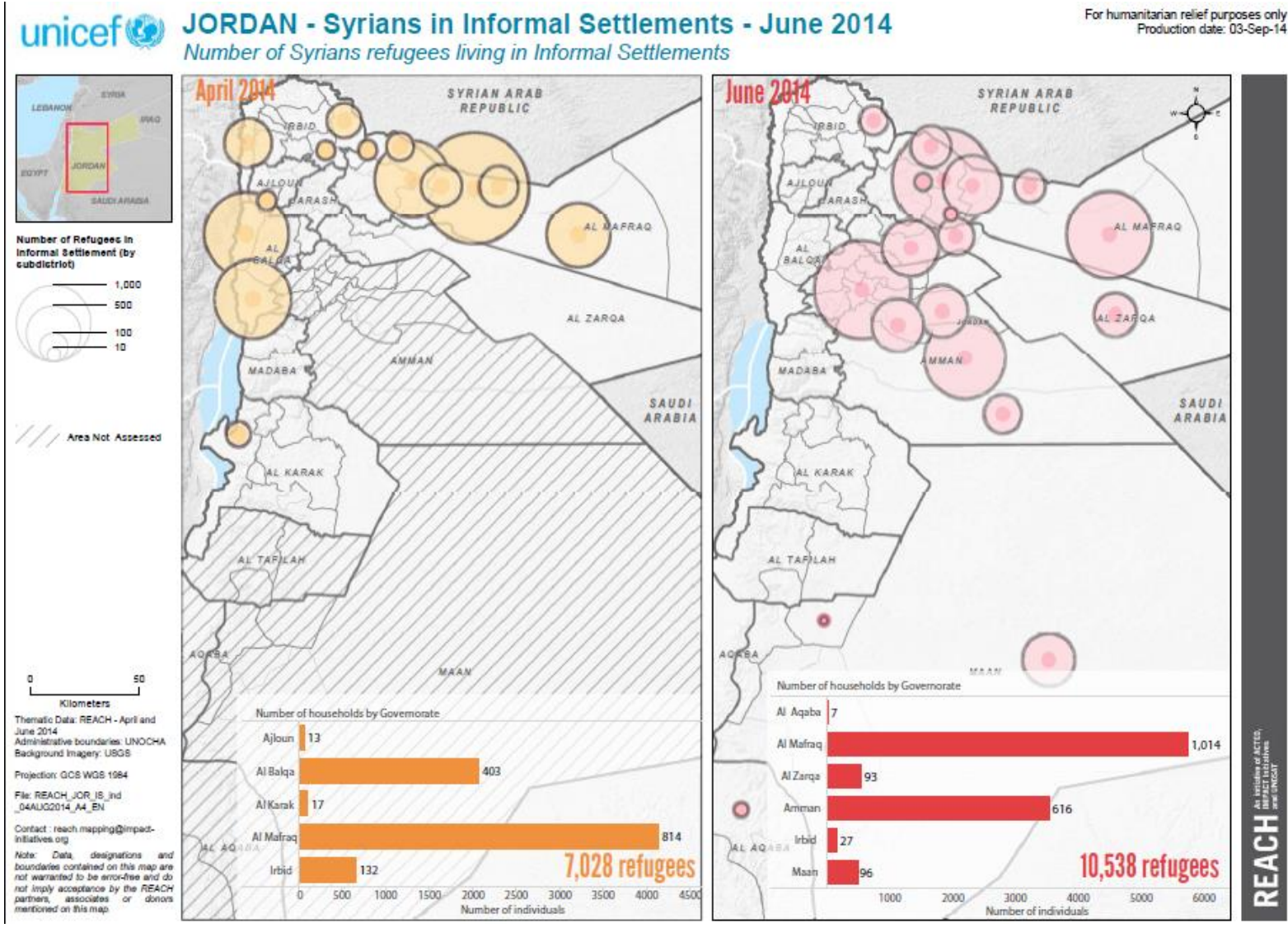


household-level dependency ratio<sup>20</sup> across all households is 1.5, again indicating a high rate of dependency.

Map 1: Growth in assessed ITS population (May-June 2014)



<sup>20</sup> In economics and demography, the dependency ratio is an age-population ratio of those typically not in the labor force (the dependent part) and those typically in the labor force (the productive part). It is used to measure the pressure on productive population. The dependency ratio for this particular assessment was modeled according to the OECD standard which specifies the economically inactive as individuals between 0-15 years and over 60 years. It was calculated by dividing the total number of dependents by the total number of potentially economically active individuals in each household.