



Security Council

Distr.: General
22 March 2007

Original: English

Letter dated 19 March 2007 from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1373 (2001) concerning counter-terrorism addressed to the President of the Security Council

The Counter-Terrorism Committee has received the attached report from Suriname submitted pursuant to resolution 1624 (2005) (see annex).

I would be grateful if you could arrange for the present letter and its annex to be circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Ricardo Alberto **Arias**
Chairman

Security Council Committee established pursuant to
resolution 1373 (2001) concerning counter-terrorism



Annex

Note verbale dated 27 June 2006 from the Permanent Mission of Suriname to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Counter-Terrorism Committee

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Suriname to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Committee and, with reference to the implementation of resolution 1624 (2005), has the honour to forward herewith the Government's response (see enclosure).

Enclosure

Implementation of resolution 1624 (2005)

Paragraph 1

- 1.1 What measures does Suriname have in place to prohibit by law and to prevent incitement to commit a terrorist act or acts? What further steps, if any, are under consideration?

Suriname does not yet have in place specific anti-terrorist laws. A study in this regard was conducted which resulted in a draft bill. A special commission was established by the Minister of Justice and Police, which is headed by the Attorney General of Suriname. This commission has the task to revise the Code of panel of Suriname.

- 1.2 What measures does Suriname take to deny safe haven to any persons with respect to whom there is credible and relevant information giving serious reasons for considering that they have been guilty of incitement to commit a terrorist act or acts?

Any persons with respect to whom there is credible and relevant information that is giving serious reasons for considering that they have been guilty of incitement to commit a terrorist act or acts can and will be denied visa to enter Suriname.

Paragraph 2

- 1.3 How does Suriname cooperate with other States in strengthening the security of its international borders with a view to preventing those guilty of incitement to commit a terrorist act or acts from entering their territory, including by combating fraudulent travel documents and, to the extent attainable, by enhancing terrorist screening and passenger security procedures?

In strengthening the security of its international borders with a view to preventing those guilty of incitement to commit a terrorist act or acts from entering their territory, including combating fraudulent travel documents and, to the extent attainable, by enhancing terrorist screening and passenger security procedures, Suriname firstly has proposed closed cooperation with its neighbouring countries. Suriname has issued special secured machine-readable passports for its citizen according to international standards. The necessary equipment was put in function at the international airport of Suriname. It is planned to equip all the ports of entry of Suriname with those machines.