

## ECOSOC Resolution 2007/7

### Situation of and assistance to Palestinian women

*The Economic and Social Council,*

*Having considered with appreciation the report of the Secretary-General on the situation of and assistance to Palestinian women,<sup>1</sup>*

*Recalling the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women,<sup>2</sup> in particular paragraph 260 concerning Palestinian women and children, the Beijing Platform for Action,<sup>3</sup> adopted at the Fourth World Conference on Women, and the outcomes of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly entitled “Women 2000: gender equality, development and peace for the twenty-first century”,<sup>4</sup>*

*Recalling also its resolution 2006/8 of 25 July 2006 and other relevant United Nations resolutions,*

*Recalling further the Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women<sup>5</sup> as it concerns the protection of civilian populations,*

*Recalling the importance of the implementation of General Assembly resolution 57/337 of 3 July 2003, on the prevention of armed conflict, and Security Council resolution 1325 (2000) of 31 October 2000, on women and peace and security,*

*Expressing the urgent need for the full resumption of negotiations within the Middle East peace process on its agreed basis and towards the speedy achievement of a final settlement between the Palestinian and Israeli sides,*

*Concerned about the grave situation of Palestinian women in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, resulting from the severe impact of ongoing illegal Israeli settlement activities and the unlawful construction of the wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including in and around East Jerusalem, as well as the severe consequences arising from Israeli military operations in and sieges of civilian areas, which have had a detrimental impact on their social and economic conditions and deepened the humanitarian crisis faced by them and their families,*

*Expressing the importance of providing assistance, especially emergency assistance, to alleviate the harmful impact of the financial crisis which has exacerbated the already dire socio-economic and*

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<sup>1</sup> E/CN.6/2007/4.

<sup>2</sup> *Report of the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Nairobi, 15-26 July 1985* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.85.IV.10), chap. I, sect. A.

<sup>3</sup> *Report of the Fourth World Conference on Women, Beijing, 4-15 September 1995* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.96.IV.13), chap. I, resolution 1, annex II.

<sup>4</sup> General Assembly resolution S-23/2, annex, and resolution S-23/3, annex.

<sup>5</sup> See General Assembly resolution 48/104.

humanitarian situation being faced by Palestinian women and their families,

*Welcoming* the report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights,<sup>6</sup> issued on 31 August 2005, on the issue of Palestinian women giving birth at Israeli checkpoints owing to denial to them by Israel of access to hospitals, with a view to ending this practice,

*Recalling* the advisory opinion rendered on 9 July 2004 by the International Court of Justice on the *Legal Consequences of the Construction of a Wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory*<sup>7</sup> and recalling also General Assembly resolution ES-10/15 of 20 July 2004,

*Recalling also* the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,<sup>8</sup> the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights<sup>9</sup> and the Convention on the Rights of the Child,<sup>10</sup> and affirming that these human rights instruments must be respected in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem,

*Expressing its condemnation* of all acts of violence, including all acts of terror, provocation, incitement and destruction, especially the excessive use of force against Palestinian civilians, many of them women and children, resulting in injury and loss of human life,

*Emphasizing* the importance of increasing the role of women in decision-making with regard to conflict prevention and resolution as part of efforts to ensure the safety and well-being of all women in the region,

1. *Calls upon* the concerned parties, as well as the international community, to exert all the necessary efforts to ensure the full resumption of the peace process on its agreed basis, taking into account the common ground already gained, and calls for intensified measures to be taken for tangible improvement of the difficult situation on the ground and the living conditions faced by Palestinian women and their families;

2. *Reaffirms* that the Israeli occupation remains a major obstacle for Palestinian women with regard to their advancement, self-reliance and integration in the development planning of their society, and encourages all women in the region to take an active role in supporting the peace process;

3. *Demands* that Israel, the occupying Power, comply fully with the provisions and principles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,<sup>11</sup> the Regulations annexed to The Hague Convention IV of 18 October 1907<sup>12</sup> and the Geneva Convention relative to the

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<sup>6</sup> A/60/324.

<sup>7</sup> See A/ES-10/273 and Corr.1.

<sup>8</sup> General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

<sup>9</sup> Ibid.

<sup>10</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1577, No. 27531.

<sup>11</sup> General Assembly resolution 217 A (III).

<sup>12</sup> See Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, *The Hague Conventions and Declarations of 1899 and 1907* (New York, Oxford University Press, 1915).

Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War of 12 August 1949,<sup>13</sup> in order to protect the rights of Palestinian women and their families;

4. *Calls upon* Israel to facilitate the return of all refugee and displaced Palestinian women and children to their homes and properties, in compliance with the relevant United Nations resolutions;

5. *Calls upon* the international community to continue to provide urgently needed assistance and services in an effort to alleviate the dire humanitarian crisis being faced by Palestinian women and their families and to help in the reconstruction of relevant Palestinian institutions;

6. *Requests* the Commission on the Status of Women to continue to monitor and take action with regard to the implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women,<sup>14</sup> in particular paragraph 260 concerning Palestinian women and children, the Beijing Platform for Action<sup>15</sup> and the outcomes of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly entitled “Women 2000: gender equality, development and peace for the twenty-first century”;<sup>16</sup>

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to review the situation, to assist Palestinian women by all available means, including those laid out in the report of the Secretary-General on the situation of and assistance to Palestinian women,<sup>17</sup> and to submit to the Commission on the Status of Women at its fifty-second session a report, including information provided by the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia, on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.

*42nd plenary meeting  
24 July 2007*

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<sup>13</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, No. 973.

<sup>14</sup> *Report of the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Nairobi, 15-26 July 1985* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.85.IV.10), chap. I, sect. A.

<sup>15</sup> *Report of the Fourth World Conference on Women, Beijing, 4-15 September 1995* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.96.IV.13), chap. I, resolution 1, annex II.

<sup>16</sup> General Assembly resolution S-23/2, annex, and resolution S-23/3, annex.

<sup>17</sup> E/CN.6/2007/4.