GHANA





STATISTICAL PROFILE ON FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION/CUTTING

Female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) refers to "all procedures involving partial or total removal of the female external genitalia or other injury to the female genital organs for non-medical reasons." More than 125 million girls and women alive today have been cut in the 29 countries in Africa and the Middle East where FGM/C is concentrated. As many as 30 million girls are at risk of being cut before their 15th birthday if current trends continue. FGM/C is a violation of girls' and women's human rights and is condemned by many international treaties and conventions, as well as by national legislation in many countries. Yet, where it is practised FGM/C is performed in line with tradition and social norms to ensure that girls are socially accepted and marriageable, and to uphold their status and honour and that of the entire family. UNICEF works with government and civil society partners towards the elimination of FGM/C in countries where it is still practised.

1. World Health Organization, Eliminating Female Genital Mutilation: An interagency statement, WHO, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNIFEM, OHCHR, UNHCR, UNECA, UNESCO, UNDP, UNAIDS, WHO, Geneva, 2008, p.

1994

National decree/legislation banning FGM/C passed (amended in 2007)

SELECTED STATISTICS ON WOMEN'S STATUS

of women 20-24 years were married or in union before age 15

of women 20-24 years were married or in union before age 18

of women 20-24 years have given birth by age 18

of women 15-49 years think that a husband/partner is justified in hitting or beating his wife under certain circumstances

of women 15-49 years make use of at least one type of information media at least once a week (newspaper, magazine, television, or radio)

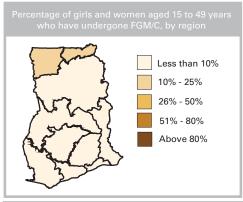
Source: DHS 2008 & MICS 2011

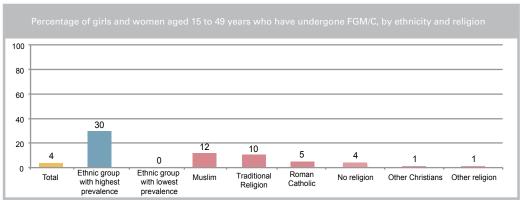


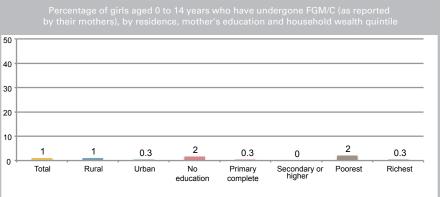


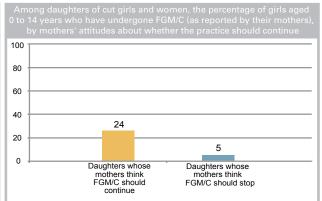
HOW WIDESPREAD IS THE PRACTICE?

Less than five per cent of girls and women of reproductive age in Ghana have undergone FGM/C, with those in certain ethnic groups more likely to have experienced the practice



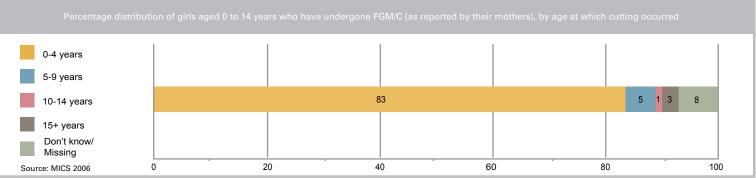


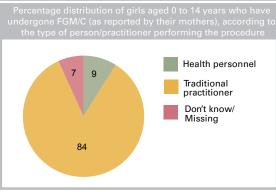


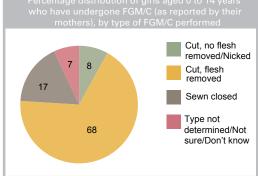


WHEN AND HOW IS FGM/C PERFORMED?

The vast majority of girls were cut before age five



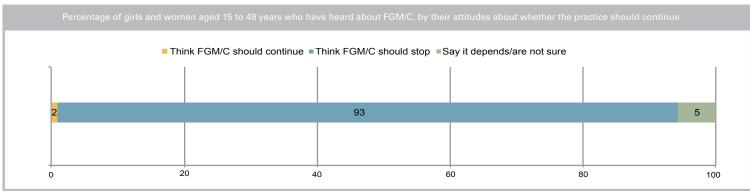




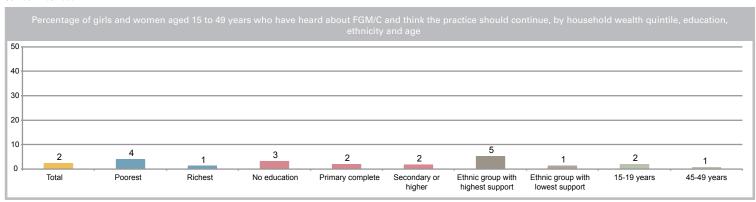
Notes: The boundaries and the names shown and the designations used on the map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Only categories with 25 or more unweighted cases are presented. Due to rounding, some of the data presented may not add up to 100 per cent. Data on the prevalence of FGM/C among girls and women with 'other religion,' the prevalence of FGM/C among daughters whose mothers think FGM/C should continue and on age at cutting among daughters are based on 25-49 unweighted cases. Prevalence data for girls aged 0 to 14 reflect their current, but not final, FGM/C status since some girls who have not been cut may still be at risk of experiencing the practice once they reach the customary age for cutting. Therefore, the data on prevalence for girls under age 15 is actually an underestimation of the true extent of the practice. Since age at cutting varies among settings, the amount of underestimation also varies and this should be kept in mind when interpreting all FGM/C prevalence data for this age group. Older data are used to report on age at cutting since data from the most recent survey includes some girls aged 0 to 14 years who have not undergone FGM/C but are still at risk of experiencing the presonel' includes doctors, nurses, middives and other health workers; Traditional practitioner' includes traditional circumcisers, traditional birth attendants, traditional midwives and other types of traditional practitioners.

WHAT ARE THE PREVAILING ATTITUDES TOWARDS FGM/C?

Almost all girls and women in Ghana think that FGM/C should stop



Source: MICS 2006

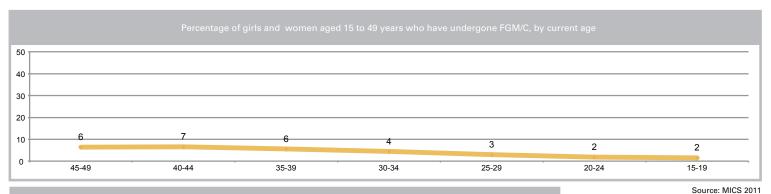


Source: MICS 2006

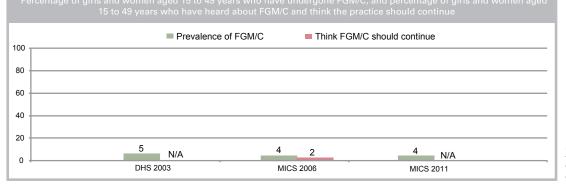
Note: MICS 2011 data from Ghana are not used to report on attitudes towards FGM/C due to the fact that information is missing for girls and women with no living daughters.

IS THE PRACTICE OF FGM/C CHANGING?

The practice of FGM/C has been systematically very low throughout the years



Source: IVIICS 201

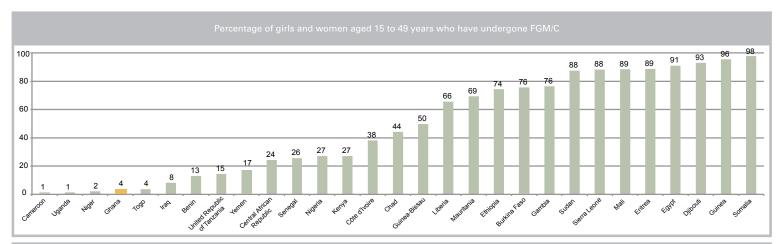


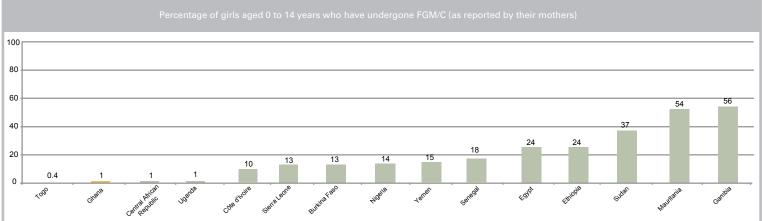
Notes: N/A = not available. MICS 2011 data are not used to report on attitudes towards FGM/C due to the fact that information is missing for girls and women with no living daughters. Data on attitudes were not collected in the DHS 2003.

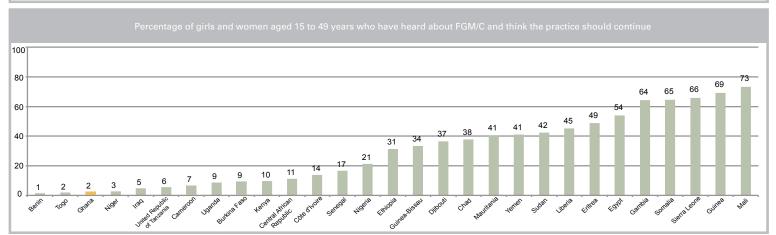
GHANA



INTER-COUNTRY STATISTICAL OVERVIEW







Notes: Data on attitudes for Yemen refer to ever-married girls and women. In Liberia, girls and women who have heard of the Sande society were asked whether they were members; this provides indirect information on FGM/C since it is performed during initiation into the society. Egypt data refer to girls aged 0-17 years who have undergone FGM/C. Data on attitudes for Ghana are from MICS 2006, for Nigeria from DHS 2008, and for Sierra Leone from DHS 2008 as data from the most recently available MICS surveys are not comparable. In Liberia, only cut girls and women were asked about their attitudes towards FGM/C; since girls and women from practising communities are more likely to support the practice, the level of support in this country as captured by the DHS 2007 is higher than would be anticipated had all girls and women been asked their opinion.

Sources: DHS, MICS, National Social Protection Monitoring Survey, SHHS and Welfare Monitoring Survey, 1997-2012

Released December 2013



These country profiles were made possible through core funding to UNICEF and financial assistance of the European Union. The contents of these country profiles are the sole responsibility of UNICEF and can in no way reflect the views of the European Union.

The Data and Analytics Section gratefully acknowledges inputs shared by UNICEF country offices.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

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