

Summary

PRMN is a UNHCR-led trend analysis project that aims to monitor movements of displaced populations into and within Somalia. On behalf of UNHCR, NRC and 37 local partners in the field in Somalia (South Central regions, Puntland and Somaliland) are collecting data through interviews with refugee and IDP returnees, and with IDPs and host communities conducted at strategic locations along travel routes. Reports are verified and published by UNHCR to broaden insight into movement trends for analytical and programmatic purposes.

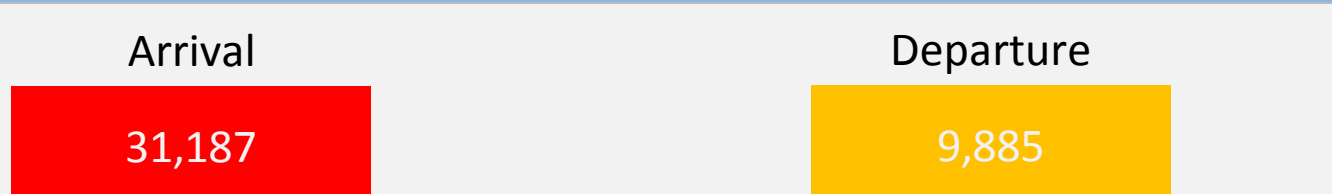
This reporting period, a total of 31,187 arrivals and 9,885 departures were reported all over Somalia. The population movements were attributed mainly to Lack of Livelihood, Insecurity caused by military activity, clan conflicts, eviction and general insecurity among other reasons.

In South Central, 7,231 arrivals and 5,431 departures were reported. The main reasons for movement being Clan Conflict (5,082), Eviction (4,475), Lack of livelihood (1,017), Cross border movement (861), Insecurity - Military Offensive (350), Insecurity - Other Insecurity (253), Flood (227), IDP Return (121), Could not afford to stay in the previous location (87), Access to humanitarian assistance (83), Improved security/political situation in location of return (66), Felt unsafe in country of asylum (18), Forced Return (12), Lost hope of being resettled in country of asylum (5), Temporary cross-border movement for planting/harvest season (4) and Improved access to employment in Somalia (1).

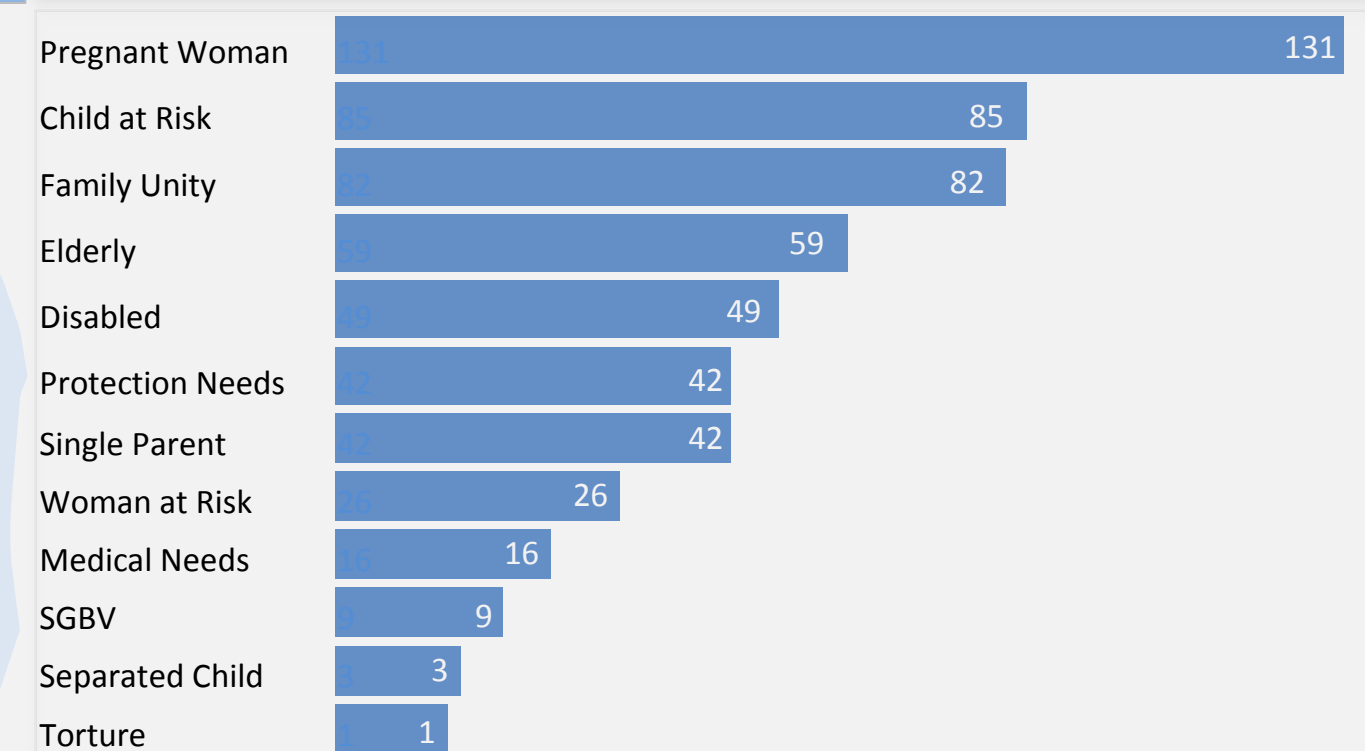
In Somaliland, 579 arrivals were recorded. The main reasons for displacement included Lack of livelihood (350), Insecurity - Military Offensive (114), Cross border movement (55), Drought (28), Could not afford to stay in the previous location (23), Forced Return (9). 350 people arrived in Barbera (12), hergeysa (238) and Laas Canood (100) in search of livelihood opportunities. Military activity in Afgooye and Galkacyo caused displacement of 114 people to Laas Canood.

In Puntland, 23, 377 arrivals and 4,454 departures were reported. The reasons mentioned for these displacements included Lack of livelihood (15,197), Insecurity - Military Offensive (9,143), Insecurity - Other Insecurity (1,223), Relocation (886), Improved security/political situation in location of return (607), IDP Return (370), Cross border movement (205), Improved access to employment in Somalia (154), Clan Conflict (15), Access to humanitarian assistance (12), Access to education (6), Felt unsafe in country of asylum (6), Drought (4) and Access to health (3)

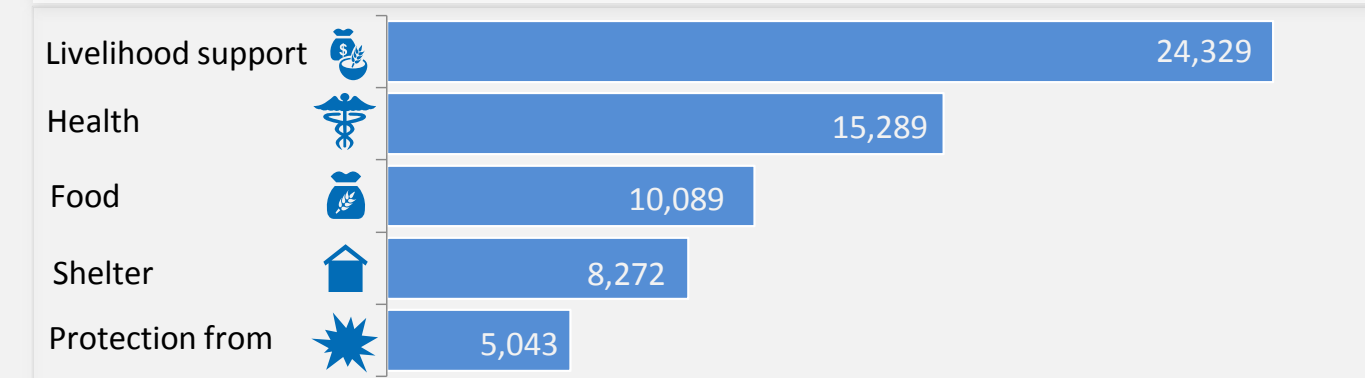
Number of people displaced during December upon:



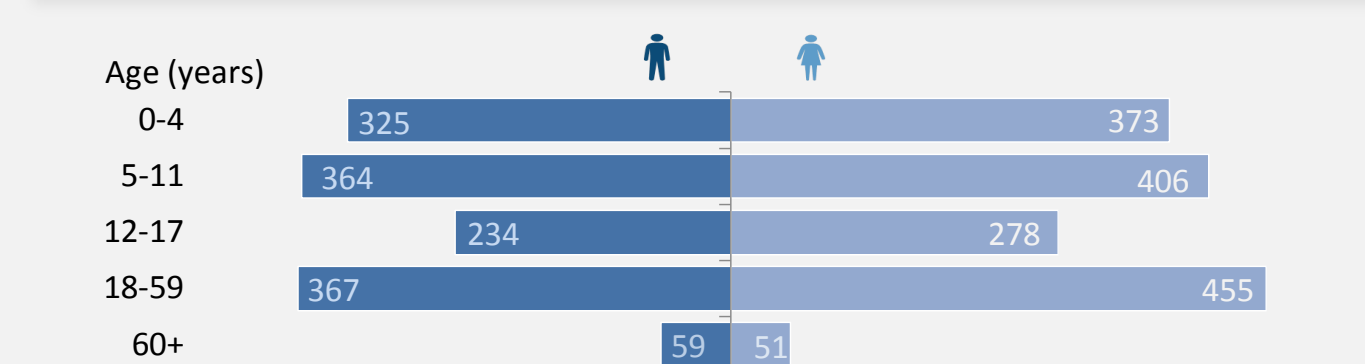
Family vulnerabilities [Households]



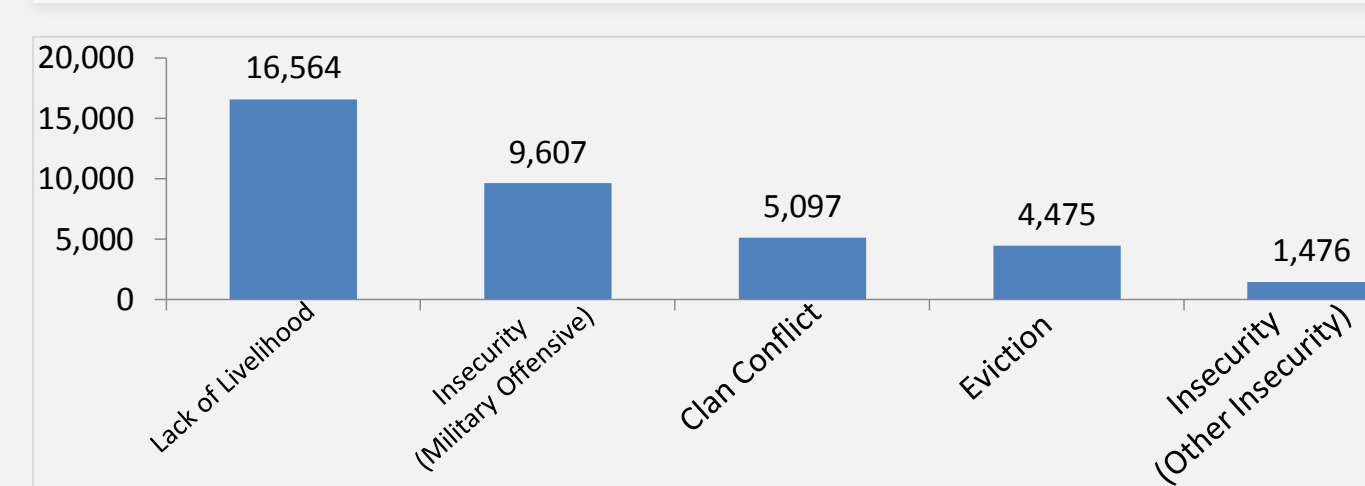
Urgent needs [Individuals]



Displacement demography [Individuals]

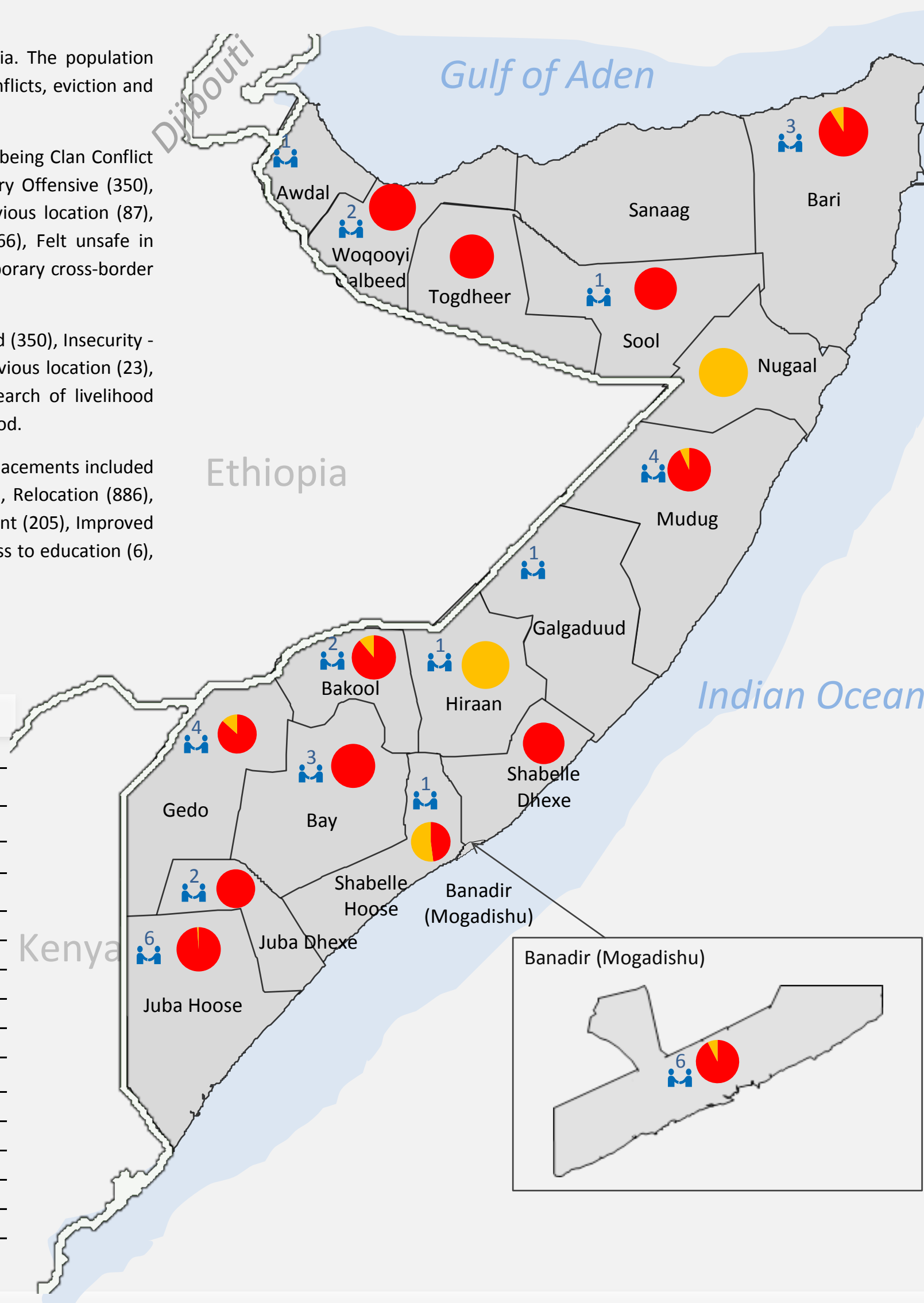


Main reasons for displacement [Individuals]

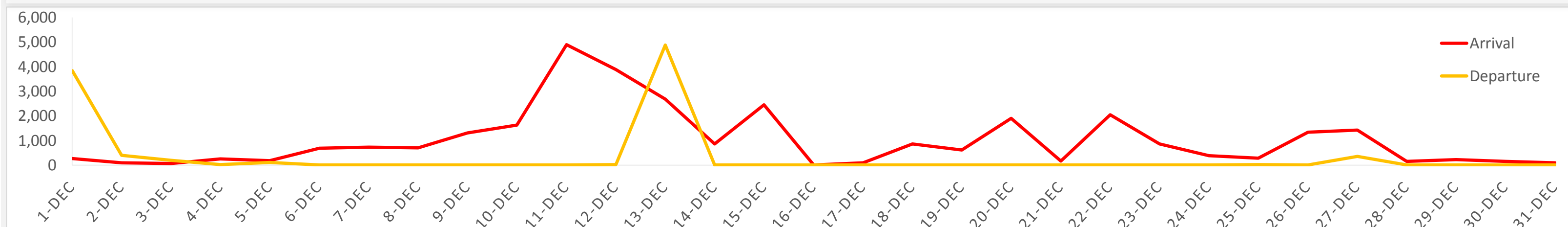


Displacements recorded by region

Regions	Arrival	Departure	Compare with Nov
Bakool	72	9	▼
Banadir	4,832	389	▲
Bari	601	58	▲
Bay	466	0	▲
Gedo	423	65	▼
Hiraan	0	4,910	▲
Juba Dhexe	707	0	▼
Juba Hoose	645	7	▼
Mudug	22,776	1,696	▲
Nugaal	0	2,700	▲
Shabelle Dhexe	39	0	▼
Shabelle Hoose	47	51	▼
Sool	247	0	▲
Togdheer	12	0	▼
Woqooyi Galbeed	320	0	▼



Daily displacement trends | December 2015



Monthly displacement trends | 2015

