

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN INFORMATION KEY DOCUMENTS

NORTH KOREA

21 FEBRUARY 2007

Contents

		Page
1.	PREFACE	3
2.	BACKGROUND INFORMATION ABOUT NORTH KOREA	5
	Geography	5
	Maps	
	Recent history	
	Recent events and political developments	
	Famine	
	Economy	
	Human rights	
3.	INDEX TO KEY SOURCE DOCUMENTS	9
	KEY FACTS AND GEOGRAPHY	9
	Maps	9
	HISTORY	9
	POLITICS AND RECENT EVENTS	10
	HUMAN RIGHTS - GENERAL	11
	HUMAN RIGHTS - SPECIFIC ISSUES	12
	Children	12
	Citizenship and Nationality	12
	Corruption	12
	Crime	13
	Disability	13
	Death Penalty	13
	Employment Rights	13
	Ethnic Groups	
	Exit – Entry Procedures	14
	Foreign Refugees	
	Freedom of Movement	14
	Freedom of Religion	14
	Christians	15
	Freedom of Speech and the Media	15
	Humanitarian issues	15
	Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)	16
	Judiciary	
	Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender Persons	
	Medical issues	
	Military	
	Prison conditions	
	Political activists	
	Security Forces	
	Trafficking	
	Women	
	4. REFERENCES TO SOURCE MATERIAL	

1. Preface

This Country of Origin Information (COI) Key Documents has been produced by Research, Development and Statistics (RDS), Home Office, for use by officials involved in the asylum/human rights determination process. It provides general background information about the issues most commonly raised in asylum/human rights claims made in the United Kingdom. The COI Key Documents includes information available up to 21 February 2007.

- The COI Key Documents is an indexed list of key reports, papers and articles produced by a wide range of recognised external information sources. It does not contain any Home Office opinion or policy.
- For Home Office users, the COI Key Documents provides direct electronic access to each source referred to in the document, via a link on the source numbers in the index and list of sources. For the benefit of external users, the relevant web link has also been included, together with the date that the link was accessed.
- iv As noted above, the documents identified concentrate mainly on human rights issues. By way of introduction, brief background information on North Korea is also provided. Please note, this background material is not intended to provide a summary of the material contained in the key documents listed.
- v This COI Key Documents and the documents listed are publicly disclosable.
- vi Any comments regarding this COI Key Documents or suggestions for additional documents are very welcome and should be submitted to the Home Office as below.

Country of Origin Information Service

Home Office Apollo House 36 Wellesley Road Croydon CR9 3RR United Kingdom

Email: cois@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk

Website: http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/rds/country_reports.html

Advisory Panel on Country Information

The independent Advisory Panel on Country Information was established under the Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002 to make recommendations to the Home Secretary about the content of the Home Office's country of origin information material. The Advisory Panel welcomes all feedback on the Home Office's country of origin information material. Information about the Panel's work can be found on its website at www.apci.org.uk.

It is not the function of the Advisory Panel to endorse any Home Office material or procedures. In the course of its work, the Advisory Panel directly

reviews the content of selected Home Office COI documents, but neither the fact that such a review has been undertaken, nor any comments made, should be taken to imply endorsement of the material. Some of the material examined by the Panel relates to countries designated or proposed for designation for the Non-Suspensive Appeals (NSA) list. In such cases, the Panel's work should not be taken to imply any endorsement of the decision or proposal to designate a particular country for NSA, nor of the NSA process itself.

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Website: www.apci.org.uk

Return to Contents

21 February 2007 North Korea

2. Background Information about North Korea

Full Country Name: The Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Area: Total area 121,555 square kilometres.

Population: 22,000,000 (2003). Capital City: Pyongyang.

People: Korean with a small number of Chinese and Japanese.

Languages: Korean.

Religion(s): Buddhism, Confucianism, Shamanism, Chongdogyo, Christianity.

Currency: (North Korean) Won, Euros (for foreigners). [4a] Major Political Parties: Workers' Party of Korea (WPK).

(United States Department of State, Background Note: North Korea, last updated

October 2006) [3c]

President: Kim II Sung ('Great Leader') is the Eternal President under the 1998

Constitution even though he died in 1994. His son, Kim Jong II ('Dear Leader') is the de

facto President.

Head of State: Kim Yong Nam.

General Secretary of the WPK: Kim Jong II.

Foreign Minister: Paek Nam Sun.

Membership of International Groupings/Organisations: Food and Agriculture Organisation, Group of 77, International Atomic Energy Agency, International Fund for Agricultural Development, International Maritime Organisation, International Telecommunications Union, Non-Aligned Movement, United Nations, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation, United Nations Industrial Development Organisation, Universal Postal Union, World Health Organisation, World Intellectual Property Organisation, World Meteorological Organisation. (Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Country

Profile: North Korea, last updated on 14 December 2006) [4a]

Return to Contents

GEOGRAPHY

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North Korea) is situated in the northern half of the Korean peninsula between the Republic of Korea (South Korea) to the South and the People's Republic of China (PRC) to the North. It also shares a much shorter border with Russia to the northeast. The Demilitarised Zone (DMZ), which cuts the Korean peninsula in half and separates the two nations, is 250 miles-long and heavily fortified. (Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Country Profile: North Korea, last updated on 14 December 2006) [4a] The much longer (1,416 km.) border between North Korea and the PRC is primarily marked by the Yalu and Tumen Rivers, both of which can be crossed in some areas by wading across. The border between North Korea and Russia is only 17 km. long and difficult to cross due to the strong currents of the Tumen River. (International Crisis Group, Perilous Journeys: The Plight of North Koreans in China and Beyond, Asia Report No.122, 26 October 2006, See section II A.) [24a]

MAPS



Map courtesy of CIA World Fact Book



Map courtesy of Encarta (Microsoft Corp.)

21 February 2007 North Korea

Return to Contents

RECENT HISTORY

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North Korea) was founded on 9 September 1948. After the defeat of Japan during the Second World War the Korean peninsula was divided between the Soviet-backed North and the US-backed South (which was founded on 15 August 1948). Prior to her defeat Japan had ruled the whole of Korea as a colony. The Korean War began on 25 June 1950 and lasted until the cessation of hostilities on 27 July 1953. The North backed by China invaded the South and almost overran it before UN troops intervened and pushed them back. Over a million people on each side died during the fighting and while the South agreed to abide by the terms of the July armistice it never signed it. (Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Country Profile: North Korea, last updated on 14 December 2006) [4a]r

RECENT EVENTS AND POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS

North Korea is a one party state governed by the Workers' Party of Korea (WPK). It was founded on Marxist-Leninist principals by Kim II Sung ('Great Leader'). The regime tightly controls every aspect of its citizen's lives and stresses the importance of self-reliance (juch'e or chuch'e in Korean). The late Kim II Sung is universally known as the 'Great Leader' and his son and heir Kim Jong II is known as the 'Dear Leader'. Both men are accorded almost messianic status due to a bizarre personality cult constructed around them. (Library of Congress, North Korea, updated 5 May 2005) [1a]

On 9 November 2006, North Korea exploded a nuclear device prompting the UN Security Council to impose economic sanctions. (Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Country Profile: North Korea, last updated on 14 December 2006) [4a] Resolution 1718 called on North Korea to eliminate its Nuclear weapons, ballistic missiles and other weapons of mass destruction but stopped short of threatening military intervention. (BBC, 4 October 2006) [7g] on 13 February 2007, North Korea agreed to begin shutting down its main Nuclear reactor at Yongbyon within 60 days and to eventually dismantle its atomic weapons program in return for fuel aid. As part of the deal North Korea and the United States also agreed to begin talks about normalising relations between the two countries. (CNN, 13 February 2007) [36a]

FAMINE

Between 500,000 to 2 million North Koreans are thought to have died as the result of famine in the mid-1990s. Since May 2005, the World Food Programme (WFP) has been scaling backs its activities in North Korea following the governments decision to no longer accept international food aid. During the next two years the WFP expects to distribute 150,000 tones of aid; aid peeked at 500,000 per year in the past. (Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Country Profile: North Korea, last updated on 14 December 2006) [4a]

Return to Contents

ECONOMY

GDP: US\$bn 22.85. GDP per head: US\$ 1007.

GDP Real Growth: 1% (2004 est.).

Inflation: Unknown.

Major Industries: steel, cement, machinery, mining, textile and IT (small but with high level backing). Agriculture still accounts for about one third of economic activity.

Major trading partners: China, South Korea, Japan, Thailand and India.

(Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Country Profile: North Korea, last updated on 14

December 2006) [4a]

North Korea's economy is still largely welded to the old-Soviet model of heavy industries and collective farms. The withdrawal of Soviet aid in 1991 combined with a series of natural disasters led to a breakdown in the food distribution system. As a result North Korea has been forced to rely on international food aid since the mid-1990s. These traumas prompted the government to introduce limited economic reforms in July 2002 designed to liberalise the economy and stimulate growth. (Library of Congress, North Korea, updated 5 May 2005) [1a]

Return to Contents

HUMAN RIGHTS

The FCO country profile for North Korea stated, "The DPRK has partially and belatedly met its reporting obligations under the various conventions to which it is a party. A national Human Rights Committee was established in 1992, but appears to function only sporadically. It is not independent from government. Although a limited relaxation of economic controls has taken place in recent years, punishment can be severe for those who transgress established norms, regulations and laws." [4a]

In their Annual Report on Human Rights 2006 the FCO stated,

"The Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK), also known as North Korea, is widely considered to have one of the worst human rights records in the world. Much of the evidence for this record comes from North Korean defectors, also referred to as refugees or escapees, who provide shocking reports of serious and widespread violations of basic human rights in the DPRK. The alleged abuses include: abductions and disappearances; arbitrary detention and imprisonment for up to three generations of the same family; regular use of the death penalty (including political and extra-judicial and public executions); routine use of torture and inhuman treatment; forced abortions and infanticide; political prison camps and labour rehabilitation camps; extreme religious persecution; and chemical experimentation." [4b] (p 61)

Return to Contents

3. Index to key source documents

(KB users - click source number to access document directly)

	1	
KEY FACTS AND GEOGRAPHY	[1a]	Library of Congress, North Korea, updated 5 May 2005 http://lcweb2.loc.gov/frd/cs/profiles.html
	[2a]	USDS, Country Report on Human Rights Practices 2005, 8 March 2006 http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2005/61612.htm
	[2c]	USSD, Background Note: North Korea, last updated October 2006 http://www.state.gov/r/pa/ei/bgn/2792.htm
	[4a]	FCO, Country Profile: North Korea (last updated on 14 December 2006) http://www.fco.gov.uk/servlet/Front?pagename=OpenMark et/Xcelerate/ShowPage&c=Page&cid=1007029394365&a =KCountryProfile&aid=1019041562185
	[7a]	BBC, Country Profile: North Korea, Last updated 3 January 2007 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/country_profiles/1131421.stm
	[10a]	CIA, The World Factbook, North Korea, last updated 23 January 2007 https://www.cia.gov/cia/publications/factbook/geos/kn.html
	[10b]	CIA, Chiefs of State and Cabinet Members of Foreign Governments, North Korea, last updated 23 January 2007 https://www.cia.gov/cia/publications/chiefs/chiefs94.html
MAPS	[10a]	CIA, The World Factbook, North Korea, last updated 23 January 2007 https://www.cia.gov/cia/publications/factbook/geos/kn.html
	[21a]	Encarta Encyclopedia, Map, North Korea (accessed 2 February 2007) http://encarta.msn.com/map_701515180/Korea_North.htm
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	[2a]	USSD, Country Report on Human Rights Practices 2005, 8 March 2006 http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2005/61612.htm
	[2c]	USSD, Background Note: North Korea, last updated October 2006 http://www.state.gov/r/pa/ei/bgn/2792.htm
	[4a]	FCO, Country Profile: North Korea (last updated on 14 December 2006)

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	[7a]	BBC, Country Profile: North Korea, Last updated 3 January 2007 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/country_profiles/1131421.stm
	[7b]	BBC, Timeline: North Korea, last updated 9 October 2006 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/country_profiles/1132268.stm
	[26a]	Freedom House, Freedom in the World 2006: North Korea http://www.freedomhouse.org/template.cfm?page=22&year=2006&country=6993
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	[2a]	USSD, Country Report on Human Rights Practices 2005, 8 March 2006 http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2005/61612.htm
	[2c]	USSD, Background Note: North Korea, last updated October 2006 http://www.state.gov/r/pa/ei/bgn/2792.htm
	[4a]	FCO, Country Profile: North Korea (last updated on 14 December 2006) http://www.fco.gov.uk/servlet/Front?pagename=OpenMarket/Xcelerate/ShowPage&c=Page&cid=1007029394365&a=KCountryProfile&aid=1019041562185
	[5a]	Human Rights Watch, World Report 2007: North Korea, January 2007 http://hrw.org/englishwr2k7/docs/2007/01/11/nkorea14755.htm
	[7a]	BBC, Country Profile: North Korea, Last updated 3 January 2007 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/country_profiles/1131421.stm
	[7b]	BBC, Timeline: North Korea, last updated 9 October 2006 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/country_profiles/1132268.stm
	[7d]	BBC, Profile: Kim Jong-il, 9 October 2006 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/1907197.stm
	[7g]	BBC, UN slaps sanctions on North Korea, 14 October 2006 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/6051704.stm
	[11a]	Amnesty International, Annual Report 2005 (covering events from January - December 2005) http://web.amnesty.org/report2006/prk-summary-eng
	[26a]	Freedom House, Freedom in the World 2006: North Korea

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		Repressive Societies 2006 http://www.freedomhouse.org/uploads/WoW/2006/NorthKo
		rea2006.pdf
	[7e]	BBC, Outcry over N Korea missile test, 5 July 2006 http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia-pacific/5149512.stm
	 [7f]	North Korea claims nuclear test, 9 October 2006
	,	http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/6032525.stm
	[36a]	CNN, N. Korea agrees to nuclear disarmament, 13
		February 2007 http://edition.cnn.com/2007/WORLD/asiapcf/02/13/nkorea.
		talks.ap/index.html?eref=rss_world
HUMAN RIGHTS - GENERAL:	[2a]	USSD, Country Report on Human Rights Practices 2005, 8 March 2006
		http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2005/61612.htm
	[3a]	UNHCR, Socialist Constitution of the Democratic People's
		Republic of Korea, 1998 http://www.unhcr.org/cgi-
		bin/texis/vtx/rsd/rsddocview.html?tbl=RSDLEGAL&id=3ae 6b56d0
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		et/Xcelerate/ShowPage&c=Page&cid=1007029394365&a =KCountryProfile&aid=1019041562185
	[4b]	FCO, Annual Report on Human Rights 2006, published 12 October 2006
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		http://hrw.org/englishwr2k7/docs/2007/01/11/nkorea14755.
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	,	events from January - December 2005)
		http://web.amnesty.org/report2006/prk-summary-eng
	[11b]	Amnesty International, North Korea: Human rights concerns, 24 November 2006
		http://web.amnesty.org/library/Index/ENGASA240022006?
		open&of=ENG-PRK
	[26a]	Freedom House, Freedom in the World 2006: North Korea http://www.freedomhouse.org/template.cfm?page=22&yea
		r=2006&country=6993
	[26c]	Freedom House, Worst of the Worst: The World's Most
		Repressive Societies 2006

		http://www.freedomhouse.org/uploads/WoW/2006/NorthKorea2006.pdf		
HUMAN RIGHTS – SPECIFIC ISSUES: (IN ADDITION TO GENERAL REPORTS ABOVE, INFORMATION ON THE FOLLOWING ISSUES IS PROVIDED IN THE DOCUMENTS LISTED BELOW)				
CHILDREN	[2a]	USSD, Country Report on Human Rights Practices 2005, 8 March 2006 http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2005/61612.htm		
	[2d]	USSD, Trafficking in Persons Report 2006, 5 June 2006 http://www.state.gov/g/tip/rls/tiprpt/2006/		
	[15]	Coalition to Stop the Use of Child Soldiers, Global Report 2004: Korea, Democratic People's Republic of http://www.child-soldiers.org/regions/country.html?id=112		
	[22a]	Relief Web Malnutrition stunts NKorean teenagers: scholar, Agence France-Presse (AFP), 1 February 2007 http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/RWB.NSF/db900SID/TKAE-6XZ9UU?OpenDocument&rc=3&cc=prk		
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CORRUPTION	[1a]	Library of Congress, North Korea, updated 5 May 2005 http://lcweb2.loc.gov/frd/cs/profiles.html		
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	[8a]	Transparency International, Corruption Perception Index 2006 (accessed 7 November 2006) http://www.transparency.org/policy_research/surveys_indices/cpi/2006
CRIME	[2a]	USSD, Country Report on Human Rights Practices 2005, 8 March 2006 http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2005/61612.htm
	[34a]	FT, Macao bank cuts ties with N Korea, 17 February 2006 http://www.ft.com/cms/s/1e38b85c-9f4b-11da-ba48-0000779e2340.html
	[35a]	MIPT Terrorism Knowledge Base, Korea, North, Incident data last updated on 10 December 2006, Indictment data last updated on 26 September 2006 http://tkb.org/Country.jsp?countryCd=KN
DISABILITY	[2a]	USSD, Country Report on Human Rights Practices 2005, 8 March 2006 http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2005/61612.htm
DEATH PENALTY	[11c]	Amnesty International, Abolitionist and Retentionist Countries, last updated 12 December 2006 http://web.amnesty.org/pages/deathpenalty-abolitionist3-eng
	[6a]	Hands off Cain, North Korea, last updated 5 February 2005 http://www.handsoffcain.info/bancadati/schedastato.php?idontinente=23&nome=north%20korea
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	[26c]	Freedom House, Worst of the Worst: The World's Most Repressive Societies 2006 http://www.freedomhouse.org/uploads/WoW/2006/NorthKorea2006.pdf
ETHNIC GROUPS	[1a]	Library of Congress, North Korea, updated 5 May 2005 http://lcweb2.loc.gov/frd/cs/profiles.html
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13

ETHNIC GROUPS CONT'D	[4a]	FCO, Country Profile: North Korea (last updated on 14 December 2006) http://www.fco.gov.uk/servlet/Front?pagename=OpenMarket/Xcelerate/ShowPage&c=Page&cid=1007029394365&a=KCountryProfile&aid=1019041562185
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	[19a]	WRITENET China: Background paper on the situation of North Koreans in China, January 2005 (see Section 3.7 Repatriation to DPRK) http://www.unhcr.org/publ/RSDCOI/4231d11d4.pdf
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	[16b]	Forum 18, NORTH KOREA: Christians murdered, source state, 14 October 2004 http://www.forum18.org/Archive.php?article_id=431
	[17a]	WorldWide Religious News, North Koreans Celebrate Mass for Pope" 11 April 2005 http://www.wwrn.org/article.php?idd=16349&sec=4&con=2
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	[26b]	Freedom House, Freedom of the Press 2006: North Korea http://www.freedomhouse.org/template.cfm?page=251&year=2006
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	[31b]	Reporters without Borders, Annual Report 2007 – North Korea http://www.rsf.org/article.php3?id_article=20793
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	[14a]	US Committee for Refugees, World Refugee Survey 2006, Country Updates, China http://www.refugees.org/countryreports.aspx?subm=&ssm=&cid=1577
	[19a]	WRITENET China: Background paper on the situation of North Koreans in China, January 2005 (See section 2 North Korea in the Wake of the 1990s Crisis) http://www.unhcr.org/publ/RSDCOI/4231d11d4.pdf
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