

## Kenya

1 – 31 January 2022

**539,766**

Refugees and asylum seekers in Kenya as of 31st January 2022.

**479,978**

Refugees living in Kenya.

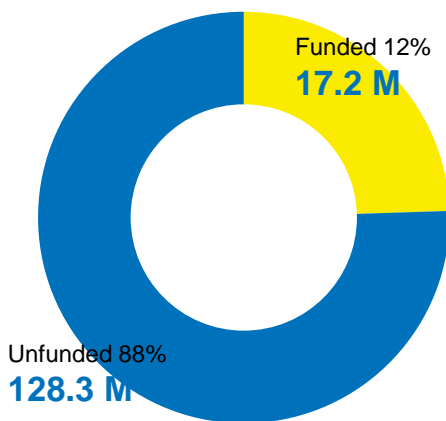
**59,788**

Asylum seekers living in Kenya.

### FUNDING (AS OF 25 JANUARY 2022)

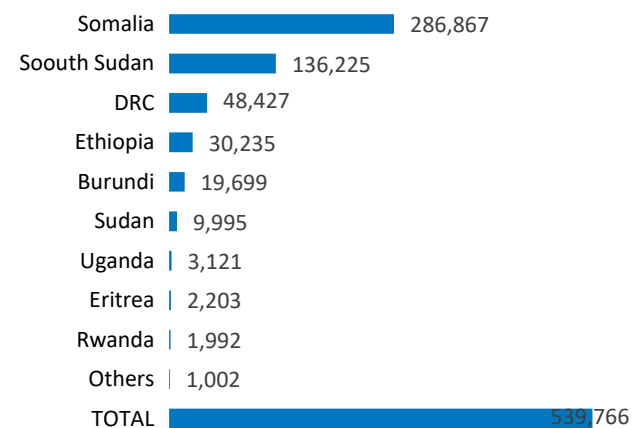
**USD 145.5M**

Requested for the Kenya Operation



### POPULATION OF CONCERN (JANUARY 2022)

#### Country of origin



### POPULATION INCREASE

**1,942**

Individuals registered during the reporting period, mainly additions of newly born babies.

**349**

Individuals reactivated after re-establishing during continuous registration activities.



*Hassan Abdul, a 22-year-old Somali refugee, receives a Johnson & Johnson vaccine at the Amusait hospital in the Kakuma refugee camp.*

**PROTECTION****Achievements and Impact****Kakuma**

- As of January 2022, 221,749 refugees and asylum-seekers have been registered in Kakuma. Most refugees and asylum-seekers came from South Sudan, Burundi, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and Somalia.
- A total of ten football teams participated in an adaptive tournament held to bring together the children living with a disability.
- 392 pupils were engaged in and provided with online chess training, which gave them a platform to engage with experienced chess players.
- A total of 127 (82 women, 45 men) persons were reached through gender-based violence (GBV) awareness-raising activities while five forums to create GBV awareness were conducted in Kakuma, reaching 146 individuals (96 women, 50 men).
- During the reporting period, 989 youth from the host and refugee communities were engaged in friendly matches and creative arts, including chess and football games.
- 194 girls were engaged in a peer-to-peer guidance and mentorship programme. The sessions discussed issues affecting girls participating in sports, the importance of sports for their protection and social welfare, peer influence, and how to identify and report GBV in sports.

**Dadaab**

- In January 2022, 106 individuals presented at the community-based protection desks across the three camps in Dadaab, while 157 individuals were identified with various protection concerns during the reporting period. All the cases were referred to specific sectors and agencies for appropriate assistance.
- General Food Distribution for January was completed on 17 January 2022. 45,125 families consisting of 236,686 individuals received food assistance representing 99% of the targeted population.
- Follow-up and monitoring were conducted for 1,286 children who had received various case management interventions to assess their current situation and offer support. 120 of them and their parents/caregivers were referred to other partners for appropriate assistance during the reporting period.
- A Best Interest Determination (BID) panel meeting was conducted and attended by UNHCR and partners. Four cases were approved for further assessment.
- Emergency social support was provided to 121 children to access food and Non-food items. Alongside the support, caseworkers developed detailed case plans for the children to ensure appropriate interventions.
- 120 children from eight host villages of Dadaab and Fafi sub-counties were supported with two months (December 2021 and January 2022) cash-based intervention.
- 220 children received psychosocial support to enhance their coping mechanisms in line with their protection needs to improve their wellbeing. Counselling and Psychoeducation were also conducted to help them understand their situations and respond appropriately.

- Two community-led forums for 100 adults were conducted at the community household level and child-friendly spaces to discuss and share child protection concerns and help them prevent and respond to possible risks of child abuse.
- UNHCR and partner Terres des Hommes (TdH) conducted training on the risks and effects of Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) for 65 caregivers as a build-up activity for the upcoming international celebration on Zero Tolerance to FGM 6 February 2022.
- An awareness session for 80 teachers, caregivers, and children from the three camps was done to address protection concerns and risks in the Accelerated Basic Education Centres, especially the undocumented children and children with disabilities.
- Twenty primary schoolteachers from the refugee community and 11 child protection volunteers from Fafi were trained on child protection and safeguarding.
- 30 adolescent boys in Hagadera camp were engaged in a forum to create awareness on child protection and what is affecting the adolescents at the camp level.
- 54 Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV) cases were reported and attended to across the camps during the reporting period. Follow-up will be done with the police to ensure that proper investigations are conducted, and witnesses record statements to aid in survivors' access to justice.
- In January 2022, four SGBV health talks and community sensitization forums were held at the MSF hospital in Dagahaley, reaching 130 participants.
- 117 volunteer mentors were supported with solar lamps to ensure continued support of their community social support activities to children and adolescents in the camps.
- Four monthly protection sessions were conducted to reach 200 learners from Dagahaley and Ifo refugee camps to identify protection issues that learners face and establish coping mechanisms for the identified challenges.
- Twenty-two beneficiaries from the three camps in Dadaab received multi-purpose cash grants worth USD 85 to meet their immediate needs and mitigate further vulnerability.
- Hagadera Rehabilitation Centre supported 97 individuals with different impairments to improve their wellbeing. Out of these, ten were from the host community. 40 received physiotherapy and occupational therapy services. Home-based outreach services supported 22 older bedridden persons with disabilities. 27 mobility aid users at the technical unit received their wheelchairs, tricycle, and crutches repaired and serviced.
- 263 persons were supported with physiotherapy and occupational services. Outreach rehabilitation supported 746 people with home-based rehabilitation services. Referrals were made for complicated cases of impairments to the rehabilitation centres for further assessment and intervention.
- At the day-care rehabilitation, 221 persons were provided with motor skills training, pre-school, play therapy, activities of daily living and self-care skills for children with disabilities.

### Urban

- UNHCR's partner Refugee Consortium Kenya (RCK) visited four police stations in Kitengela, Kamukunji, Juja and Buruburu to intervene for refugees and asylum-seekers arrested for being unlawfully present in Kenya.
- UNHCR facilitated the movement to Kakuma for 24 individuals (7 refugees and 17 new arrivals), in collaboration with the Department of Refugee Services (DRS) and partner HIAS.

- In January 2022, the Helpline received 32,468 calls. There were 350 outbound calls and 51% of which were answered.
- 30 persons with special needs (PSNs) received counselling services during the reporting period.
- 19 assessments of 7 best interest assessments (BIA) and 12 social assessments from HIAS were done during the reporting period.
- Seven children with stress-related issues received counselling during the reporting period.
- Two urgent virtual panels were raised for two girls with specific needs and approved to receive financial assistance.
- Four community-based organisations received in-kind support, including food, beddings and hygiene packs for children with specific needs during the pandemic.
- Physical counselling for five children with specific needs was conducted at the transit centre.



## EDUCATION

### Achievements and Impact

#### Kakuma

- A total of 85,381, including 36,541 girls, reported back to schools after reopening in Kakuma and Kalobeyei.
- In January 2022, teaching and learning materials, including reference textbooks, were distributed across schools.
- UNHCR and its partners distributed 625 solar-powered radios to pre-primary schools' parents and school management committees in host and refugee communities.
- Education partners continued to conduct radio spots to disseminate back to school campaigns and child protection messages through local FM stations during the reporting period.
- 1,170 parents, teachers, and community leaders were sensitized on the importance of education, gender equality and inclusive learning. Additional 802 community members in Kalobeyei were trained on child protection and hygiene practices.
- 39 teachers were trained using Teachers in Crisis Context (TiCC) modules and supported to form teacher learning cycles.

#### Dadaab

- Primary and secondary schools in the camps re-opened on 3 January 2022, marking the beginning of the 3rd term of the 2021 academic year, which is expected to run for eight weeks, after which the final grade candidates will be sitting for their national examinations in March 2022.
- The average school attendance rate for January was recorded at 88.5% for primary, 68% for secondary schools and 43% for Technical and Vocational Education and (TVET).
- There was a distribution of 640 desks for students in six secondary schools and 902 assorted furniture for teachers in 22 primary and six secondary schools in the Dadaab camps. The assorted school furniture is set to benefit around 1,900 students and 699 teachers. UNHCR also distributed 1,195 mosquito nets to students with disability in primary schools.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Improving teacher numbers, quality, and motivation through various approaches, including increased pre-service and in-service training, registration of refugee teachers, and teacher interns' deployment. Teacher mentorship and coaching support are needed.
- There is a need for increased efforts to expand higher education access and increased partnership for the online, onsite, and blended provision.



### CASH-BASED INTERVENTIONS (CBI)

#### Achievements and Impact

##### Kakuma

- In January 2022, 311 individuals, including 137 women, were reached through CBI. This included 160 individuals from 20 households benefitting from cash for shelter, 129 individuals were assisted with cash for Education, and 22 individuals assisted with cash for incentive work.
- 27 complaints from refugees in Kakuma and Kalobeyei received in January concerning CBI programmes. They included - 17 requests to change bank custodianship due to changes in the household headship, six requests for new bank accounts for new arrivals, confirmation on the CBI entitlement, and four were on different issues. 77% of the complaints were addressed, 23% were unreachable for the CBI team to communicate feedback.



### HEALTH

#### Achievements and Impact

##### Kakuma

- In January, 425 skilled deliveries were recorded within the various health facilities in Kakuma and Kalobeyei, while 514 mental health consultations were also conducted.
- Eight cases were referred from Kakuma to Lodwar, Eldoret and Nairobi during the reporting period. These were mainly emergency cases needing specialized care not available in Kakuma. Additionally, 62 cases were referred to Kakuma Mission Hospital for imaging services.
- As of 31 January, 16,910 vaccines have been administered in Kakuma and Kalobeyei settlement. 7,421 of these have been first doses, while 5,181 were second doses and 4,245 doses of Johnson and Johnson's vaccine administered as a single dose vaccine. Additionally, 66 booster doses have been administered.
- As of January 2022, 13,920 refugee and the host community families were successfully enrolled into the National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF). UNHCR participated in two community dialogue sessions

on the introduction and rollout of NHIF in Kalobeyei. The sessions brought together about 40 youth and women.

### Dadaab

- A total of 40,018 consultations were conducted in January 2022. The consultations per clinician per day were 88 against the recommended standard of 50
- To ensure optimal access, sexual reproductive health and HIV services were maintained, and 5,657 girls and women accessed services.
- The proportion of women delivered by a skilled professional was 94.6% at a caesarean section rate of 5.6%. Two maternal mortalities were reported, which were audited, and an action plan was developed.
- A total of 115 TB cases were on treatment with 3 cases of drug resistance as of 31 Jan 2022. All TB cases were screened for HIV, and all tested negative.
- Medical emergencies and elective cases requiring specialized care benefitted from referral to tertiary facilities in Garissa and Nairobi. The total referrals out of Dadaab were 66, of which 55 were managed in Garissa. There were no referrals of obstetric cases during the reporting period.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

#### Kakuma

- The operation has initiated electronic medical records in five facilities. This has improved efficiency in health record-keeping and reporting. There is a need to include three remaining facilities through hardware procurement, enabling internet connectivity and improving staffing to support the remaining health facilities. This will also support the operationalization of NHIF.
- The current ratio of consultations per clinician per day stands at 78, above the UNHCR and WHO recommendation of 50. There is a need to recruit additional qualified health workers.

#### Dadaab

- Inadequate blood and blood products especially affecting maternal health outcomes. Post-partum haemorrhage is responsible for over 90% of maternal mortalities in the camps. Health partners rely on blood donations from relatives and other community members.



## FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION

### Achievements and Impact – Kakuma

- In January 2022, 280 (261 refugees and 19 locals) admissions in the Outpatient Therapeutical Program (OTP) and 811 admissions (734 refugees and 77 locals) in the Supplementary Feeding Program (SFP) were recorded. The Stabilization Centre admitted eight severely malnourished children with medical complications.
- There were 51 mother-to-mother support groups and six father-to-father support groups in January 2022. The support group members continued screening and referred malnourished and children at risk of malnutrition to nutrition clinics. Out of the 61 Family mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC)

referrals made in January, 16 were enrolled to OTP, 31 to SFP, and 14 children did not meet the admission criteria to the nutrition programs in January.

- Five cooking demonstrations were conducted in several OTP sites targeting caregivers with children under two years to promote complementary feeding.

### Dadaab

- Severe Acute Malnutrition and Moderate Acute Malnutrition admissions in the program were 1,046 and 1,009 compared to 503 and 1,250 respectively in the previous month. The increase in admissions is a result of an increase in paediatric diarrhoea and acute respiratory illness admissions. 20 pregnant and breastfeeding mothers were admitted into the program to manage moderate acute malnutrition.
- A total of 11 new babies under six months were admitted into the breastmilk substitute (BMS) program. The program had a total of 42 infants.
- In Hagadera and Ifo camps, mother-to-mother support group meetings were held where 407 mothers were linked.



## ACCESS TO ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

### Achievement and Impact

#### Kakuma

- A pilot project to test Electric Pressure Cookers (EPCs) as clean cooking fuel in Kalobeyei Settlement commenced in January. The project will test 100 EPCs for Households and small and medium-sized enterprises using the 60kWp Solar mini-grid in Kalobeyei.
- Repairs for 24 Institutional Cookstoves (100 – 400litres) in 16 primary schools commenced in January 2022
- In January, 86.64MTs of firewood were distributed to schools in Kakuma Camp and Kalobeyei settlement.
- 10,100 tree seedlings were produced & propagated in January cumulatively in all the tree nurseries, and 19,953 of the tree seedlings were distributed to the refugee community, institutions, green belts, and host community for planting.
- A total of 803 individuals were reached on environmental & forest conservation and management awareness.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Existing and alternative cooking energies aren't affordable; therefore, subsidies and blended finances are required.
- Access to Electricity for houses and businesses and electricity for protection and security remains one of the main gaps; UNHCR targets 200Wh/HH/day and 1 kWh/businesses/day. The fund required to achieve this target at Kalobeyei is ~4 million USD and ~12 million USD for Kakuma. The gradual introduction of mini-grids would achieve this target in 3 years.

- Private sector and development partners' engagement is essential to achieve the camp electrification targets; however, lack of funding and the absence of financial guarantees to the private sector and development agencies to implement medium to long-term projects in Kakuma (5 – 10 years) is one of the challenges.



## DURABLE SOLUTIONS

### Achievement and Impact

#### Dadaab

- Preliminary resettlement interviews for 28 cases consisting of 187 individuals were conducted for possible resettlement. Additionally, 11 resettlement referral forms comprising of 63 individuals were interviewed. The Resettlement team also submitted 25 cases, consisting of 170 individuals.
- Thirty-one people were counselled on their queries about possible resettlement to a third country, case updates on existing resettlement cases, and protection concerns. The team facilitated 36 data collection interviews involving 175 individuals for the Resettlement Support Centre (RSC).
- The Refugee Affairs Secretariat issued 35 movement passes for 128 individuals travelling to Nairobi for the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services interviews.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- There is a need to increase and strengthen awareness on complementary pathways amongst the refugee community so that UNHCR can facilitate access to opportunities.



## WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

### Achievement and Impact

#### Dadaab

- On average, the daily water production in January from 22 operational boreholes was 10,773 m<sup>3</sup>, where about 6,958 m<sup>3</sup> was supplied to the refugee population in the three Dadaab camps. This translated to an average daily per capita water allocation of 28 litres. About 3,815 m<sup>3</sup> (35%) was apportioned to other users, including humanitarian agencies, markets, institutions, hospitals, livestock, leakages, and other losses.
- There were 39,554 functioning household latrines and 250 communal latrines during the reporting period, translating to a coverage of 86%. Construction of 30 new disability household latrines completed in Hagadera camp. Construction of similar latrines is ongoing in other camps. UNHCR's WASH partner, CARE, currently incorporates community structures in camp cleaning.



- UNHCR's partner CARE engaged 126 hygiene promoters to conduct campaigns aiming to incorporate community structures in hygiene promotion activities across the camps.

### Financial Information

Total recorded contributions for the **Kenya Operation** amounts to 17.2 million US dollars.

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to the Kenya operation and those who have contributed to UNHCR programmes with unearmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

[Click here for funding updates](#)

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