



SESSION 3: RESPONSE AND RESPONSIBILITY

POTENTIAL CHALLENGES TO PREVENTION OF DISPLACEMENT AND RESPONSES TO IT

1. Lack of, or insufficient recognition of the issue
2. Insufficient understanding of the phenomenon and the type of response required - causes, causal relations, solution-oriented approach
3. Insufficient information on IDPs and others affected by displacement - number, age, gender, location, displacement patterns, people living outside camps
4. Failure to comply with international standards and instruments
5. Insufficient institutional awareness of standards governing IDPs' protection
6. Lack of a framework or legislation on internal displacement
7. Conflicting frameworks relevant to displacement and that create inconsistent legislative standards that are not necessarily in line with the Guiding Principles or the Kampala Convention
8. No clarity over institutional responsibility for responses at the national and local level - no focal point, poor coordination between NGOs and local government, lack of local capacity to monitor displacement and durable solutions
9. Lack of participation by IDPs, CSOs, host communities and other people affected by displacement in decision-making processes
10. Existence of policies or practices that indirectly or unintentionally discriminate against IDPs or create obstacles to their exercising their rights
11. Impunity and lack of accountability for displacement - monitoring, impact evaluation, criminal responsibility
12. Insufficient resources, unclear budget lines, inadequate allocation of resources for IDPs
13. Lack of government control over territory that limits access to IDPs - presence of armed groups, ongoing conflict
14. Unresolved land disputes - inadequate legal regime, individual v collective rights, no guarantees for women's tenure security, loopholes in the land registry, lack of land registration system
15. Inadequate access to services – scarcity of service points, poor quality of services, lack of local revenue, poor relationship between central and local government, corruption, political interference
16. Lack or inadequacy of DRR policies – weak building codes, failure to respect planning regulations, no early-warning mechanisms