

Access to services

- 1 Mental health linked to grief over the loss of families due to COVID-19, migratory grief, suicide prevention, and self-care. People with HIV run a major risk of suffering certain mental health illnesses that people who do not have HIV due to the added stress of having this health condition. Also, contracting HIV or any opportunistic infection can affect the nervous system and mental health .
- 2 Priority access to COVID-19 vaccination plans, considering that living with HIV has been studied as a risk factor with COVID-19 .
- 3 Medical follow up for pregnant people with prenatal controls (development and growth), to prevent the mother to child transmission of HIV during the pregnancy, labor, and post-partum.
- 4 Priority access channels for people with chronic illnesses with access to medicine and medical attention without discrimination due to migratory status.
- 5 Considering the specific protection needs in shelter to the protection needs of this population.

- 1 Wider characterization processes about the needs and obstacles faced by this population regarding integration and access to national systems, including social protection.
- 2 Identification of risks in heterosexual men who perform survival sex, specifically between the ages of 18 and 23, who are exposed to trafficking and smuggling networks.

Information gathering

Legal advice/representation

- 1 Comprehensive processes in response that include: humanitarian aid, psychosocial aid, and legal orientation.
- 2 Legal orientation in the process of physical and legal transit of transgender people in a regularized and ethical way that does not revictimize them.
- 3 Acceleration of the process that determine refugee status, based on the 9th Guideline for the International Protection of LGBTIQ+ people.

- 1 Effective strategies in the mitigation of specific persecutions risks for the LGBTIQ+ population.
- 2 Mitigation risk programs and campaigns linked to survival sex.
- 3 Regularization of sexual labor and protection for those exercising this job.
- 4 Articulation of the existing observatories in the region with the objective of monitoring, from a regional focus, the situation of mobility, tendencies, and patterns in this population.
- 5 Inclusion of the differential/intersectoral focus, about indigenous HIV+ people in the region (5k – 8k approx.).
- 6 Articulation with the private sector and civil society organizations to boost the access to livelihoods and long-term solutions.
- 7 Gathering a cadastre of HIV+ refugees and migrants from Venezuela in the region to channel the response, mobilize resources, and increase the protection impact.
- 8 Develop a regional case reference.

