Myanmar SE Operation - Return Assessments

UNHCR Hpa-An

31 December 2014



Background information

Since June 2013, UNHCR has been piloting a system to assess spontaneous returns in the Southeast of Myanmar, a process that may start in the absence of an organized Voluntary Repatriation operation. A verified return village, therefore, is a village where UNHCR field staff have confirmed there are refugees and/or IDPs who have returned since January 2012 with the intention of remaining permanently. During the assessments, communities are also asked whether their village is a refugee village of origin, by definition a village that is home to people residing in a refugee camp in Thailand. A village where UNHCR completes an assessment can be both a verified return village and a refugee village of origin, as the two are not mutually exclusive.

Using a "do no harm" approach based around community level discussion, the return assessment collect information about the patterns and needs of returnees in the Southeast. The project does not, however, attempt to represent the total number of returnees in a state, or the region as a whole. The returnee monitoring project has been underway in Kayah State, Mon State and Tanintharyi Region since June 2013, and expanded to Kayin State in December 2013.

Total Assessments	276
Verified Return Villages	82
Refugee Villages of Origin	159

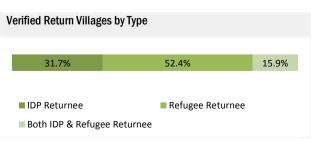
Verified Return Villages by State/Region Mon Z0 Kayah Kayin Tanintharyi Assessments Verified Return Villages

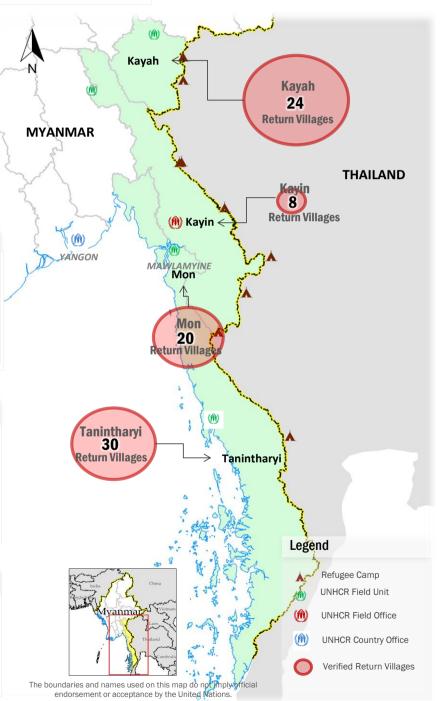
No. of Returnees in assessed villages by State/Region

	IDP Returnee		Refugee Returnee	
State	НН	Individuals	НН	Individuals
Mon	168	855	15	40
Kayah	255	1412	61	109
Kayin	23	137	34	134
Tanintharyi	448	2628	121	452
Grand Total	894	5032	231	735

No. of Verified Return Villages by Type

State	IDP Returnee	Refugee Returnee	Both IDP & Refugee Returnee
Mon	12	5	3
Kayah	5	13	6
Kayin	1	5	2
Tanintharyi	8	20	2
Grand Total	26	43	13





Services

