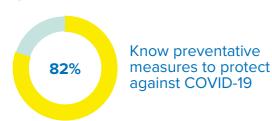
Step 1 **PREVENTION**

Community Engagement & Awareness-Raising

Our team works around the clock to capacitate and empower refugees in order to prevent infection and transmission within their families and the community.

Refugees Awareness





Would call the Ministry of Public Health or approach a PHC if a family member had symptoms

Communicating with Communities

100% of refugees known to UNHCR were reached through all social media platforms with information on:

- COVID-19 symptoms and transmission

- Hygiene awareness and prevention methods
 Diagnostic and treatment procedures
 Government instructions on movements and curfew
- Self-isolation procedures



142,476 calls related to COVID-19 assistance responded to by the Call Center - The joint UNHCR/WFP call center since the beginning of March 2020.

Awareness Sessions, Hygiene Kits Distributions and Community Engagement

Humanitarian agencies conducted hygiene promotion and awareness sessions as well as hygiene kits distribution in informal tented settlements, and other similar sites reaching all individuals living in such overcrowded conditions. Dividing work, UNICEF focused on tented settlements and



living in informal



of the refugee population, living in private accommodation targeted



345,041



refugees with medical background doing



health and non-health





UNHCR staff and



6,529 fugees trained and





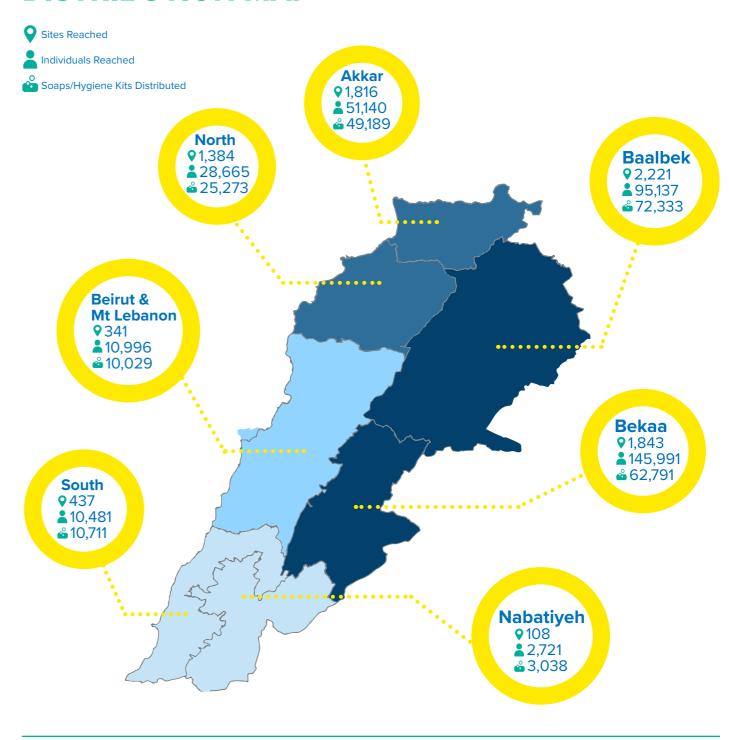


7 R 1,315 cadasters



More than 5,000 masks and 6,000 soap bars produced by

DISTRIBUTION MAP









Step 2

CONTAINING TRANSMISSION

Isolation procedures in overcrowded settings

We are setting up and supporting isolation facilities as well as providing related guidance in over-crowded settings where people might not have the possibility to isolate.

Guidance on Isolation

Standard Operating Procedures on isolation and quarantining of refugees confirmed or suspected of having COVID-19 finalised in compliance with national guidelines.

User Guide for refugees on the isolation and quarantining procedures shared with all refugees known to UNHCR and humanitarian partners providing support.

Terms of reference for site management finalized in compliance with national guidelines and through a consultative process outlining the administrative, management and service delivery accountabilities and responsibilities for Level 3 isolation facilities.



Supporting Communities' Capacities to Isolate

Capacity of **10,000** contingency shelter kits ready to be deployed within hours to support L1, L2 and L4 isolation situations.

upport on isolation procedures.

Rapid Response Teams of humanitarian partners established and mobilized in **1,315** out of 1,612 cadasters, ready to

More than **450** refugees with medical background mobilized and trained on isolation procedures.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPEs) procured for all UNHCR staff, health workers and Rapid Response Team

1,759 site community groups of 3 to 5 refugee volunteers established accross the country to play an active role on isolation procedures.

O Distribution of food/hygiene parcels targeting 10,000 vulnerable

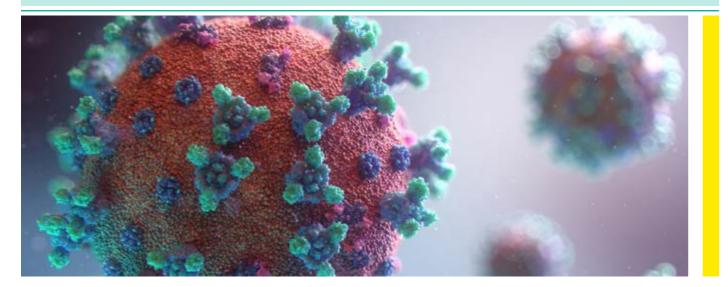
Additional contribution to cover 3 months of cash assistance targeting 11,500 vulnerable refugee families to nelp them cope with the emergency situation.

Support Sample Testing in Overcrowded Settings

In collaboration with WHO, AMEL and IOCC, UNHCR facilitated sample COVID-19 testing for refugees living in overcrowded settings together with MoPH at a planned rate of **200** PCR tests per day and over a period of 5 weeks between May and June. **147** sites covered across the country

3.599 samples collected

3.599 results received, all negative



MAP OF SUPPORT FOR ISOLATION CAPACITIES

22%

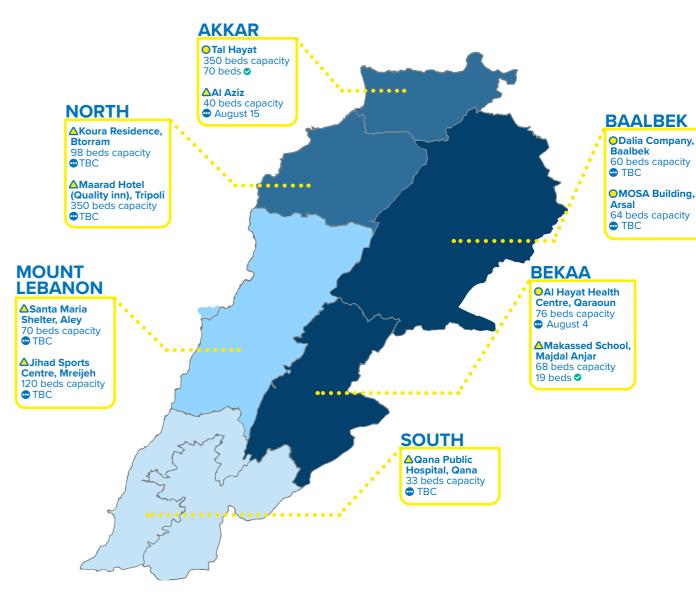
of Syrian refugees in Lebanon live in informal settlements and collective shelters

isolation centres being set up in refugee hosting areas

municipal isolation centres supported by UNHCR in North, South, Bekaa and



sites ready for use with a capacity of 89 beds



The sites showed on the map are available to all persons in need regardless of nationality or status.

467 sites assessed for L2 isolation capacities **211** suitable sites retained

Operational by

Operational



Municipal isolation centre





Step 3

TREATMENT AND CASE MANAGEMENT

We are expanding and rehabilitating the capacity of 6 public hospitals to receive and treat COVID-19 patients and avoid competition for care. Care is accessible to all patients regardless of nationality.

Projection



A target of 800 additional hospital beds and 100 additional ICU beds across Lebanon distributed over





Progress



A first phase of expansion works is completed in Baalbek, Halba and Tripoli governmental hospitals. The delivery and installation of medical equipment (including ventilators, patient beds, emergency trolleys, and other medical furniture) started early July in the completed expanded structures.



In Beirut, the rehabilitation of a 72-bed capacity ward in RHUH is also completed and operational and in Saida Governmental hospital. rehabilitation work is ongoing to increase hosting capacity of the COVID-19 section.



Medicine stock for over 22,000 COVID-19 patients and 30 ventilators received in country, as part of medical items procured by UNHCR for the response. As second batch of **25** ventilators to arrive in country of 27 July. 100 ICU beds and **800** hospital beds received in country and being dispatched in phases.

UNHCR will cover 100% of test and treatment for refugee patients.

Expansion of the MoPH COVID-19 Hotline



Expansion of the MoPH COVID-19 hotline capacity to take up to **4,500** calls/ day, with 10 additional trained nurses mobilized by AMEL Association to serve as operators and a referral system for refugees calling to be immediately transferred to UNHCR for action.

Support to Hospitals Network

UNHCR is expanding hospital capacity to benefit COVID-19 patients from both refugee and Lebanese communities, through:



■ The design, construction and equipment of temporary COVID-19 units annexed to selected hospitals, or rehabilitation of existing unused structure within hospitals to be COVID-19 units.



Personal Protection Equipment (PPEs), newable medical supplies and medicines to enable them to manage COVID-19 cases.

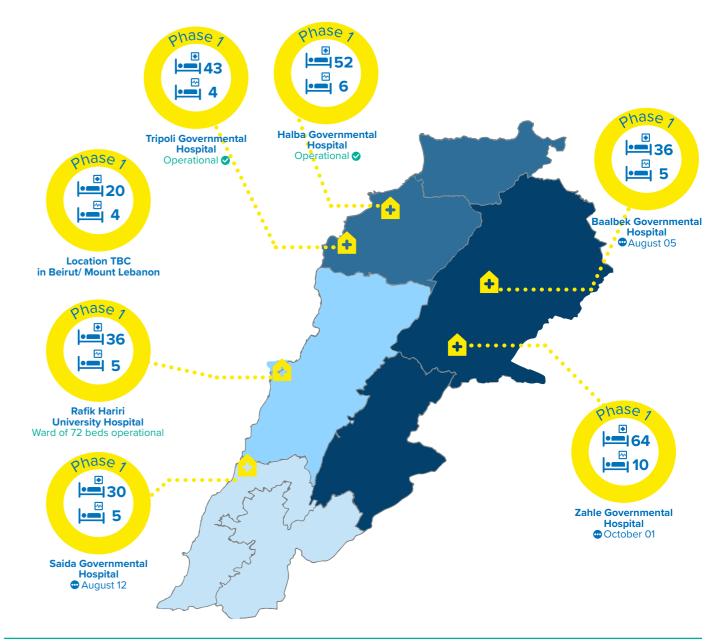
PLANNED HOSPITAL EXPANSION PHASE 1



Governmental Hospitals







Total target over 3 phases

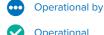
800 Additional hospital beds

100 Additional ICU beds



Hospital bed





Operational

