## **Return Assessments - Mon State**

Myanmar South East Operation - UNHCR Hpa-An

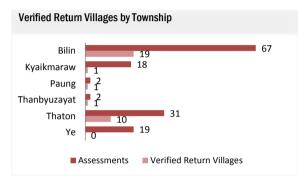


## **Background information**

Since June 2013, UNHCR has been piloting a system to assess spontaneous returns in the Southeast of Myanmar, a process that may start in the absence of an organized Voluntary Repatriation operation. A verified return village, therefore, is a village where UNHCR field staff have confirmed there are refugees and/or IDPs who have returned since January 2012 with the intention of remaining permanently. During the assessments, communities are also asked whether their village is a refugee village of origin, by definition a village that is home to people residing in a refugee camp in Thailand. A village where UNHCR completes an assessment can be both a verified return village and a refugee village of origin, as the two are not mutually exclusive.

Using a "do no harm" approach based around community level discussion, the return assessment collect information about the patterns and needs of returnees in the Southeast. The project does not, however, attempt to represent the total number of returnees in a state, or the region as a whole. The returnee monitoring project has been underway in Kayah State, Mon State and Tanintharyi Region since June 2013, and expanded to Kayin State in December 2013.

Total Assessments	139
Verified Return Villages	32
Refugee Villages of Origin	59

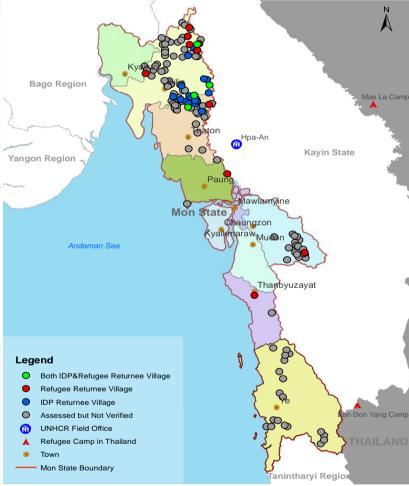


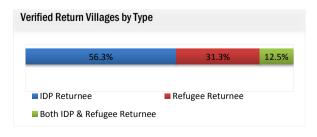
## No. of Returnees in assessed villages by Township

	IDP Returnee		Refugee Returnee	
Township	НН	Individuals	НН	Individuals
Bilin	213	1191	15	60
Kyaikmaraw	0	0	3	3
Paung	0	0	1	1
Thanbyuzayat	0	0	1	1
Thaton	45	220	6	22
Ye	0	0	0	0
<b>Grand Total</b>	258	1411	26	87

## No. of Verified Return Villages by Type

Township	IDP	Refugee	Both IDP &	
Township	Returnee	Returnee	Refugee	
Bilin	11	6	2	
Kyaikmaraw	0	1	0	
Paung	0	1	0	
Thanbyuzayat	0	1	0	
Thaton	7	1	2	
Ye	0	0	0	
Grand Total	18	10	4	





Source UNHCR