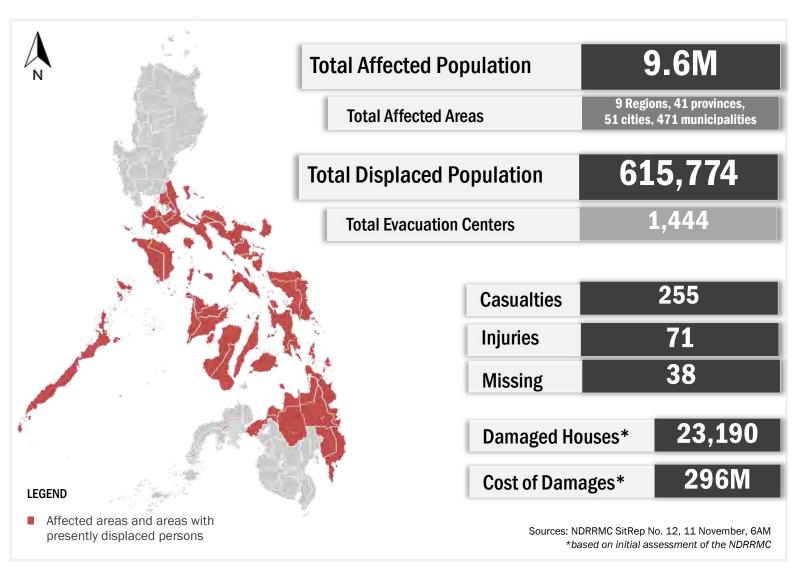


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BACKGROUND

Considered as the strongest typhoon to hit the Philippines in many years, Super Typhoon Haiyan (locally known as Yolanda) made six landfalls on 7 November affecting more than 9.6 million people. As of 11 November, a total of 128,303 families (615,774 persons) have been displaced. Power and communication lines were down in majority of the areas in Visayas. Strong winds resulted to storm surge resulting to flooding in coastal communities. On 8 November, a total of 22 areas were placed under Signal No. 4 while 12 areas were placed under Signal No. 3. Some local government units have declared a state of calamity.

GENERAL CURRENT SITUATION

- The national government has declared a State of National Calamity.
- Priority needs include food, potable water, medicines, clothing, blankets, hygiene kits and plastic sheetings.
- The need for communication becomes more intense as the days go by. More affected persons are desperate to inform their relatives of their condition and their whereabouts. Likewise, relatives of affected population outside the affected areas want to know the means and ways to help.
- Flooding has subsided in most of the affected areas however, caution has been circulated again for possible flooding and landslide because of incoming tropical depression.
- Information on the extent of damages and actual number of casualties remains limited because some areas remain inaccessible due to broken bridges and road, fallen debris and uprooted trees. Power lines remain cut off in 7 regions while communication lines remain down in 3 regions.
- Search and rescue operation is also ongoing. More and more casualties were reported per province however, consolidated figure is not yet available.



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- Some IDPs have already returned to their residences hours after the super typhoon passed. However, IDPs whose
 dwellings were along the coastline have not yet been permitted to return. There are those who stayed at their
 partially damaged dwellings and put up makeshift shelters out of salvaged materials.
- Government has been constantly monitoring prices of basic commodities in affected areas and issues on hoarding and overpricing. Warning has been released to those who will take advantage of the situation.
- Damage and need assessment among local government units and humanitarian actors is ongoing however, there are still isolated areas that have not been reached yet. Delivery of humanitarian assistance in isolated areas remains a challenge. Reports state that there are areas wherein 90-95% of building and houses were damaged.
- Basic services facilities including hospitals and airports were severely devastated. Primary crisis responders are also affected hence; immediate respond to IDPs is hampered.

REGIONAL CURRENT SITUATION

Region	Total Affected	Total Displaced	Casualties	Damaged Houses	Contact Details
IV A	27,076	888	3	840	Dir. Letecia T. Diokno, (02) 807-7102
IV B	55,896	32,326	5	-	Dir. Wilma D. Naviamos (02) 524-2742
V	226,546	182,423	2	-	Dir. Arnel Garcia (052) 820-6198
VI	739,737	262,699	38	20,668	Dir. Ma. Evelyn B. Macapobre, (033) 337-6221
VII	4,459,533	92,507	37	704	Dir. Mercedita P. Jabagat, (032) 231-2172
VIII	4,101,322	26,273	169	383	Dir. Remia T. Tapispisan, (053) 321-1007
X	19,592	18,592	0	12	Dir. Araceli F. Solamillo, (088) 858-6333
XI	4,300	40	0	37	Dir. Pricsilla N. Razon, (082) 226-2857
XIII	44,334	1,085	1	547	Dir. Minda B. Brigoli, (085) 815-9173
Source: NDRRMC Sit	Rep No. 12 as of 11 Novemb	er 6AM			(111)

Region IV-A (CALABARZON)

- 3% (888 persons) of total affected population (27,076 persons) in the region remain displace in 12 evacuation centers. Around 8,000 persons have returned to their residences.
- 2 casualties while 2 missing reported;
- 840 houses were damaged
- Some roads remain impassable due to fallen debris, destroyed electrical posts, and uprooted trees.
- Search and rescue operation and assessment of the aftermath of the typhoon is ongoing.





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Region IV-B (MIMAROPA)

- 58% (32,326 persons) of total affected population (55,896 persons) in the region remain displace in 282 evacuation centers. The number of reported affected persons has increased.
- 5 casualties while 1 missing have been reported;
- Majority of the internally displaced persons in Oriental Mindoro province have returned home.
- Power has been restored in Iloilo, Marinduque, Occidental Mindoro, Oriental Mindoro and Romblon.
- 9 barangays in Coron, Palawan remain isolated and not yet provided with humanitarian assistance;
- Shortage of potable water supply and fuel is reported;
- Authorities expressed that restoration of electricity may take 3 weeks;
- Flooding has subsided. Damage assessment is ongoing.

Region V (Bicol Region)

- 80% (182,423 persons) of total affected population (226,546 persons) in the region remain displaced in 285 evacuation centers. Around 24,000 persons have returned home.
- 2 casualties while 21 injured have been reported;
- There are still stranded passengers in Sorsogon awaiting transportation to their residences in Samar. Residents are anxious of the situation of their relatives.
- Shipping cargos priority delivery of trucks with perishable goods.
- Access to information on the damages and number of casualties remains limited due to power and communication interruption.
- Search and rescue operation and assessment of the aftermath of the typhoon is ongoing. Reports state that there are areas wherein 90% of building structures were damaged.

Region VI (Western Visayas)

- 35% (262,699 persons) of total affected population (739,737 persons) in the region remain displaced in 436 evacuation centers. The number of reportedly affected and displaced population has increased.
- 38 casualties, 43 injured and 10 missing have been reported;
- 20,668 houses were partially and severely damaged
- 22 barangay in Capiz Municipality were severely affected
- Iloilo and Antique has been placed under the State of Calamity.
- Classes to resume on Wednesday, 13 November however, some classrooms need rehabilitation
- Authorities report that power restoration may take 1 month or so.
- In Iloilo City, some IDPs returned to their residences. Other business establishments have reopened
- Capiz has been declared under state of calamity.
- Damage assessment is ongoing.







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Region VII (Central Visayas)

- 2% (92,507 persons) of total affected population (4,459,533 persons) in the region were displaced in 314 evacuation centers. Around 1,800 persons have returned home.
- 37 casualties, 4 injured, 2 missing have been reported
- 704 houses were partially and severely damaged
- In Cebu, children are openly begging along the streets with their tin cans for donations.
- Electricity has not been restored yet in majority of the places in the province.
- Roads of affected areas remain impassable due to fallen debris, destroyed electrical posts, and uprooted trees. Clearing operations is still ongoing.
- Most of the remaining internally displaced persons in Cebu have nothing to return to as their dwellings were severely devastated.
- In Cebu province, the local government of Cebu province to set up a command center to be used as main communication site using very high frequency radios.
- 9 municipalities in Cebu province has suspended classes until 15 November.
- Majority of the business establishments remain close.
- Some affected areas in Cebu remain isolated. Cebu has been declared under state of calamity.
- Search and rescue operation and assessment of the aftermath of the typhoon is ongoing.

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Region VIII (Eastern Visayas)

- Total affected population is 4,101,322 persons of which 26,273 persons remain displaced in 72 evacuation centers.
- 169 casualties reported but are likely to rise dramatically. 25 persons are reported missing.
- 383 houses were reported severely damaged however, figures may rise as damage assessment is still ongoing.
- Communications up and running in Tacloban City except for landlines.
- 2 malls were reportedly being looted. Shootings were heard to warn looters. Additional security personnel have been deployed to ensure law and order in the city.
- Debris clearing is ongoing.
- Power has not yet been restored in most of the areas in the region.
- Private telecommunication companies have started restoring their satellite towers but admitted it will take 2 or more days to restore and that there could be some technical problems in accommodating all incoming messages given the bulk.
- Severe damages to agriculture and infrastructure reported;
- Total black out in the province due to total devastation of power grid in Tacloban City:
- Access to information on the damages and number of casualties remains limited due to power and communication interruption.
- Reported relief goods from Mindanao were attack by group of men in Tanuan, Leyte.
- The President visited Tacloban City to assess damage.
- Organized relief assistance has been called for to avoid chaos among affected persons.
- Tacloban City is now accessible by land. San Juanico bridge has reopened.
- Search and rescue operation and assessment of the aftermath of the typhoon is ongoing. Reports state that there are areas wherein 90% of building structures were damaged. The number of casualties could still go up once there will be access to isolated areas.
- Some IDPs have already returned to their residences hours after the super typhoon passed. However, IDPs whose dwellings were along the coastline have not yet been permitted to return.
- Some IDPs have return to fish and farm however other remain in evacuation centers





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Region X (Northern Mindanao)

- 95% (18,592 persons) of total affected population (19,592 persons) in the region remain displaced in 41 evacuation centers.
- No casualty reported as of this writing
- 12 houses were partially damaged
- Food assistance of the local government to IDPs is ongoing
- Flooding reported as a result of the disaster
- Access to information on the damages and number of casualties remains limited due to power and communication interruption.
- · Search and rescue operation and assessment of the aftermath of the typhoon is ongoing



Region XI (Davao Region)

- .9% (40 persons) of total affected population (4,300 persons) in the region remain displace to their relatives and friends.
- 37 houses were partially and severely damaged
- No casualty reported as of this writing
- The local government unit has established a command center.



Region XIII (Caraga)

- 2% (1,085 persons) of total affected population (44,334 persons) in the region were displaced in 5 evacuation centers.
- 1 casualty reported
- 547 houses were partially and severely damaged
- Search and rescue operation and assessment of the aftermath of the typhoon is ongoing.
- Some IDPs have already returned to their residences hours after the super typhoon passed. However, IDPs whose dwellings were along the coastline have not yet been permitted to return.





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PROTECTION ASSESSMENT

ISSUES RESPONSE/S

Heighten protection risk due to power and communications cut

- Lack of electricity/lighting increases protection risk among IDPs both in evacuation centers and house-based. Women and children are particularly at risk in the nights. Authorities report that restoration may take up to three weeks.
- Communications lines remain down in Regions VI, VII, VIII and XIII.
- Electricity has been restored in Camiguin, Dumaguete City, Laguna, Negros Oriental, Quezon, Rizal and Siquijor.
- The government has put the restoration of communication and power lines a priority.
- Private sector provided mobile cell site to initially restore communication network.
- Some local government units are using Very High Frequency Radios to communicate.

Reported missing persons

- Whereabouts of missing persons need to be determined as soon as possible to reunite with their families.
- Search and rescue operation is ongoing.
- Retrieval and consolidation of cadavers is ongoing.
- Private sector and international nongovernment agencies have established communications platform in the form of online person finder to assist affected residents trace their missing relatives.

Physical safety

- Uprooted trees, broken glasses, damaged dwellings and other remains of the typhoon pose physical risk to IDPs. Debris cleaning is needed to ensure the safety of IDPs who are now returning.
- IDPs whose houses were located along the coastline remain at risk of further flooding. Reports state that Pacific Ocean is still active and a new tropical depression is underway.
- Some of the IDPs prefer to stay at their partially damaged houses rather than in evacuation centers. Others have put up makeshift tents out of salvaged materials in their places of origin.
- Complete survey of the extent of the damage has yet to be done.

Protection of women and children

- Women and children were reported traumatized. Urgent stress debriefing is needed to protect them. Around 1.7 million children were affected.
- Children and women have started to openly beg along the streets for donations. Physical security of these children are at risk.

Protection of civilian properties

- Wide spread looting is reported with a breakdown of law and order.
 IDPs are reportedly taking turns in looting commercial establishments to get food, water and even toys. No violence has been reported yet because of this issue.
- In Southern Leyte, affected residents reportedly destroyed Automatic Teller Machines.
- The government has augmented security personnel in severely hit areas and where organized looting is taking place.
- PNP has established hotline numbers to address IDP concerns on peace and security.

Access to basic services and humanitarian assistance

- IDPs especially those in isolated areas urgently need food, clean water, medications, clothing and plastic sheeting. Hospitals in Tacloban, one of the severely hit areas, face medicine shortage.
- Fuel shortage reported in Iloilo City.
- More local government units outside Tacloban City are clamoring for humanitarian assistance.
- Assistance to isolated areas is difficult. Air lifting of goods seen as option to immediately respond the IDPs.
- Classes were disrupted as schools were damaged and at the same time used as evacuation centers.
- Reported relief goods from Mindanao were attacked by group of men in Tanauan, Leyte.
- Organized relief assistance has been called for to avoid chaos in the distribution of goods.

- Relief assistance from the government is ongoing however, mostly to accessible areas only.
- Relief goods have been delivered through coast guards and navy boats.
- Coordination with the security personnel to ensure safe delivery of relief goods to IDPs.



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PERSONS OF CONCERN

. /				Location (Origin)			Location (Current)				
		No. of Persons	+/-	Province Municipality Barar			Province	Municipality	Barangay	Exact Location	
11		38		Batangas	Calaca, Batangas City, Calaca, Calatagan, Santa Teresita		Batangas	Calaca, Batangas City, Calaca, Calatagan, Santa Teresita		1 EC	
163		535		Laguna	Binan, Magdalena, Pakil, Pangil, San Pablo, Sta. Maria, Mabitac, Sta. Rosa City, Victoria		Laguna	Binan, Magdalena, Pakil, Pangil, San Pablo, Sta. Maria, Mabitac, Sta. Rosa City, Victoria		11 ECs	
63		315	⊠	Quezon	Agdangan, Alabat, Candelaria, Gumaga, Mauban, Perez, Plaridel, Quezon, Sariaya, Buenavista, San Francisco, Guinayangan, Calauag, Tagkawayan, Unisan		Quezon	Agdangan, Alabat, Candelaria, Gumaga, Mauban, Perez, Plaridel, Quezon, Sariaya, Buenavista, San Francisco, Guinayangan, Calauag, Tagkawayan, Unisan		Home- based	
8,424		32,328		Marinduque	Boac, Buenavista, Gasan, Mogpog, Santa Cruz, Torrijos		Marinduque	Boac, Buenavista, Gasan, Mogpog, Santa Cruz, Torrijos		69 ECs	
954		2,295	⋈	Occidental Mindoro	Magsaysay, Sablayan		Occidental Mindoro	Magsaysay, Sablayan		7 ECs	
3,117		13,684	×	Oriental Mindoro	Baco, Bansud, Bongabong, Gloria, San Teodoro,Roxas, Bansud, Calapan City, Mansalay, San Teodoro, Naujan, Bongabong, Bulalacao, Pinamalayan, Puerto Galera, Socorro, Pola, Victoria		Oriental Mindoro	Baco, Bansud, Bongabong, Gloria, San Teodoro,Roxas, Bansud, Calapan City, Mansalay, San Teodoro, Naujan, Bongabong, Bulalacao, Pinamalayan, Puerto Galera, Socorro, Pola, Victoria		106 ECs	
3,044		12,277	×	Rombion	Calatrava, Cajidiocan, Conception, Ferrol, Looc, Odiongan, Romblon, San Agustin, San Andres, San Fernando, Sta. Fe, Sta. Maria		Romblon	Calatrava, Cajidiocan, Conception, Ferrol, Looc, Odiongan, Romblon, San Agustin, San Andres, San Fernando, Sta. Fe, Sta. Maria		100 ECs	
9,548		47,395		Albay	Malinao, Bacacay, Daraga, Guinobotan, Legazpi City, Ligao City, Malilipot, Sto. Domingo, Pioduran		Albay	Malinao, Bacacay, Daraga, Guinobotan, Legazpi City, Ligao City, Malilipot, Sto. Domingo, Pioduran		62 ECs	
402		1,946		Camarines Norte	Capalonga, Daet, Jose Panganiban, San Vicente		Camarines Norte	Capalonga, Daet, Jose Panganiban, San Vicente		27 ECs	
17,230		83,583	⊠	Camarines Sur	Ragoy, Del Gallego, Libmanan, Milaor, Minalabac, Pasacao, San Fernando, Calabanga, Camaligan, Canaman, Pili, Ocampo, Lagonoy, Goa, Tigaon, Balatan, Bato, Buhi, Nabau, Naga City, Tinambac, Siruma		Camarines Sur	Ragoy, Del Gallego, Libmanan, Milaor, Minalabac, Pasacao, San Fernando, Calabanga, Camaligan, Canaman, Pili, Ocampo, Lagonoy, Goa, Tigaon, Balatan, Bato, Buhi, Nabua, Naga City, Tinambac, Siruma		147 ECs	
312		662	⊠	Catanduanes	Gigmoto		Catanduane s	Gigmoto		1 EC	
925		5,179		Masbate	Cataingan, Cawayan, Dimasalang, Masbate City, Mobo, Monreal, Palanas, San Fernando		Masbate	Cataingan, Cawayan, Dimasalang, Masbate City, Mobo, Monreal, Palanas, San Fernando		24 ECs	
8,749		43,659		Sorsogon	Bulan, Donsol, Irosin, Matinog, Prieto Diaz, Santa Magdalena, Sorsogon City		Sorsogon	Bulan, Donsol, Irosin, Matinog, Prieto Diaz, Santa Magdalena, Sorsogon City		28 ECs	
1,051		5,224		Aklan	Kalibo, Altavas, Balete, Banga, Batan, Ibajay, Malay, Numancia, Malinao		Aklan	Kalibo, Altavas, Balete, Banga, Batan, Ibajay, Malay, Numancia, Malinao		19 ECs	
6,956		35,616		Antique	Anini-y, Belson, Bugasong, Caluya, Culabi, Hamtic, Laua-an, Pandan, Patnongon, San Jose, San Remigio, Sebaste, Sibalom, Tibiao, Tobias		Antique	Anini-y, Belson, Bugasong, Caluya, Culabi, Hamtic, Laua-an, Pandan, Patnongon, San Jose, San Remigio, Sebaste, Sibalom, Tibiao, Tobias		60 ECs	
155		580	⊠	Capiz	Cuartero, Dao, Ivisan, Mambusao, Panay, Pilar, Pontevedra, Pres. Roxas, Roxas City, Sapi-an, Sigma		Capiz	Cuartero, Dao, Ivisan, Mambusao, Panay, Pilar, Pontevedra, Pres. Roxas, Roxas City, Sapi-an, Sigma		7 ECs	
59		245		Guimaras	Buenavista, Nueva Valencia		Guimaras	Buenavista, Nueva Valencia		3 ECs	
30,177		150,421	×	lloilo	Passi City, Iloilo City, Barotac Viejo, Anilao, Pavia, Zarraga, Alimodian, Carles, San Enrique		lloilo	Passi City, Iloilo City, Barotac Viejo, Anilao, Pavia, Zarraga, Alimodian, Carles, San Enrique		70 ECs	
14,494		70,413	⊠	Negros Occidental	Bago City, Pulupandan, Pontevedra, Isabela, E.B. Magalona, Moises Padilla, Victorias City, Sagay City, Ilog, Escalante City, Cadiz City, Silay City, La Castellana, Sipalay City, Kabankalan City, Himamaylan City, Calatrava		Negros Occidental	Bago City, Pulupandan, Pontevedra, Isabela, E.B. Magalona, Moises Padilla, Victorias City, Sagay City, Ilog, Escalante City, Cadiz City, Silay City, La Castellana, Sipalay City, Kabankalan City, Himamaylan City, Calatrava		167 ECs	
7,465		35,339		Bohol	Alicia, Anda, Antequera, Baclayon, Balilihan, Bilar, Buenavista, Calape, Clarin, Cortes, Danao, Dimiao,		Bohol	Alicia, Anda, Antequera, Baclayon, Balilihan, Bilar, Buenavista, Calape, Clarin, Cortes, Danao, Dimiao,		177 ECs	



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							the oft herages rigeries
				Getafe, Inabanga, Jagna, Loboc, Loon, Maribojoc, San Isidro, Sevilla, Sierra Bullones, Sikatura, Tagbilaran City, Talibon, Trinidad, Tubigon		Getafe, Inabanga, Jagna, Loboc, Loon, Maribojoc, San Isidro, Sevilla, Sierra Bullones, Sikatura, Tagbilaran City, Talibon, Trinidad, Tubiqon	
8,107	37,365	×	Cebu	Naga City, Argao, Borbon, Bogo City, Cebu City, Daanbantayan, Mandaue City, Madridejos, San Remegio, Sta. Fe, Talisay City, Toledo City, San Francisco, Camotes, Lapu- Lapu City	Cebu	Naga City, Argao, Borbon, Bogo City, Cebu City, Daanbantayan, Mandaue City, Madridejos, San Remegio, Sta. Fe, Talisay City, Toledo City, San Francisco, Camotes, Lapu- Lapu City	97 ECs
4,405	19,803		Negros Oriental	Amlan, Bais City, Bayawan, Guihulungan, Jimalulud, La Libertad, Mabinay, Pamplona, San Jose, Sibulan, Tanjay, Tayasan, Valencia, Vallehermoso	Negros Oriental	Amlan, Bais City, Bayawan, Guihulungan, Jimalulud, La Libertad, Mabinay, Pamplona, San Jose, Sibulan, Tanjay, Tayasan, Valencia, Vallehermoso	123 ECs
76	382		Leyte	Tacloban City, Ormoc	Leyte	Tacloban City, Ormoc	1 EC
2,243	11,219	×	Samar	Calbayog, Jiabong, Santa Rita	Samar	Calbayog, Jiabong, Santa Rita	10 ECs
3,224	14,572		Southern Leyte	Anahawan, Bontoc, Hinunangan, Libagon, Liloan, Limasawa, Massin City, Macrohon, Malitbog, Padre Burgos, Pintuyan, St. Bernard, San Francisco, San Juan, San Ricardo, Silago, Tomas Oppus	Southern Leyte	Anahawan, Bontoc, Hinunangan, Libagon, Liloan, Limasawa, Massin City, Macrohon, Malitbog, Padre Burgos, Pintuyan, St. Bernard, San Francisco, San Juan, San Ricardo, Silago, Tomas Oppus	61 ECs
40	157		Bukidnon	Malitbog	Bukidnon	Malitbog	2 ECs
374	1,750	×	Camiguin	Sagay, Catarman, Mahinog, Guinsiliban, Mambajao	Camiguin	Sagay, Catarman, Mahinog, Guinsiliban, Mambajao	5 ECs
426	898		Lanao del Norte	Kauswagan	Lanao del Norte	Kauswagan	1 EC
3,213	15,787	⊠	Misamis Oriental	Gingoog City, Cagayan de Oro City, El Salvador City	Misamis Oriental	Gingoog City, Cagayan de Oro City, El Salvador City	33 ECs
8	40		Davao Oriental	Boston, Cawayan, Cateel, Caraga, Manay, Mati, Tarragona	Davao Oriental	Boston, Cawayan, Cateel, Caraga, Manay, Mati, Tarragona	Home- based
5	26		Dinagat Islands	Basilisa, Cagdianao, Dinagat, Libjo, Loreto, San Jose, Tubajon	Dinagat Islands	Basilisa, Cagdianao, Dinagat, Libjo, Loreto, San Jose, Tubajon	5 ECs

DURABLE SOLUTIONS

	+/		+/-	Location (Displaced)			Location (Current)			Type (Please select one)			
No. of Families	-	No. of Persons		Province	Municipality	Barangay	Province	Municipality	Barangay	Return	Relocation	Local Integration	

Protection Cluster

In the Philippines, the protection cluster has been established by the National Disaster Coordinating Council (NDCC) Circular No 5 series of 10 May 2007 (Institutionalizing Cluster Approach in Philippine Disaster System). The cluster approach is part of a global response aimed at providing more timely and consistent help to the internally displaced and other affected people in complex emergencies and disasters. The Protection Cluster in Mindanao meets in Cotabato, Iligan, Davao and other cities on a regular basis. Currently there are over 100 participating agencies including from the Government, State, Civil Society, national and international NGOs and agencies, as well as the United Nations. For more information, please visit the Protection Cluster website www.protectioncluster.org/philippines.org or e-mail us at per.org per.org

Super Typhoon Haiyan (Yolanda) protectioncluster BULACAN ZAMBALES RIZAL MELHOROTHER ETROPOLITAN MANILA CAMARINES BATANGAS QUEZON CAMARINES MARINDUQUE ALBAY OCCIDENTAL MINDORO SORSOGON 5,179 ROMBLON PALAWAN EASTERN SAMAR AKLAN ILOILO ANTIQUE GUIMARAS SOUTHERN SURIGAO DEL NORTE SIQUIJOR CAMIGUIN 加出のはし(気ム ZAMBOANGA されいを単上は DEL SUR ALUSULAER) (EL KOLDER) ADNAOBMAS BUKIDNON DEL COMPOSTELA VALLEY MANUAL COTABATO MAGUINDANAO *** Municipal Boundary PEOPLE AFFECTED SULTAN KUDARAT SOCKSI(SARGE)) (1/2 SULTA SOUTH COTABATO Barangay Boundary Inland water 50.001 - 100.000 100,001 - 500,000 Road .500,001 - 100,000,000 Marshland 1,000,001 - 2,700,000 SOURCE OF DATA Map Data- National Mapping and Resource Information Authority (NAMRIA), Geodata, Shuttle Radar Topographic Mission (SRTM) United Nations Cartographic Section, Protection Cluster Members Scale 1:3,875,153 UNHCR