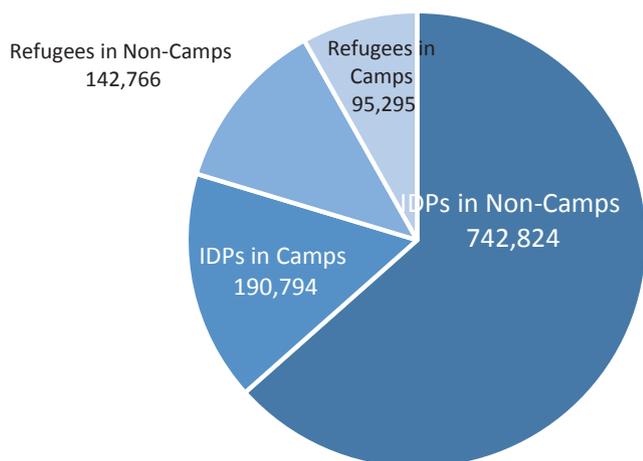


KR-I Urban Profiles: Refugees, IDPs and host community 1/2

While a significant amount of information is available on internally displaced persons (IDPs) and refugees residing in camps, less is known about those residing out-of-camps. Furthermore, most of the existing strategies to mitigate the effects of displacement focus on addressing the needs of either IDP or refugee populations, while the needs of the host communities living alongside these populations, do not receive as much attention.

Therefore, UN and Governmental agencies have decided to conduct three profiling exercises in the KR-I Governorates (Erbil, Duhok and Sulaymaniyah) to facilitate an area-based assessment for the out-of-camp displacement situations and a comparative assessment of Syrian Refugees, IDPs and host community considered as one picture.

IDPs and Refugees in and out of camps in KR-I:



Source: IOM DTM and UNHCR registration (proGres)
As of 30 April 2016

PROFILING STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS (8 members):

- 3 Government agencies Erbil Refugee Council (ERC), Joint Crisis Coordination Centre (JCC), Kurdistan Region Statistics Office (KRSO)
- 5 UN agencies (IOM, UNFPA, UN OCHA, UN Habitat and UNHCR)
- The project has been funded by DFID.

PROFILING TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP:

Statistics and governor offices of Erbil, Duhok and Sulaymaniyah, UNHCR. The group is supported by Joint IDP Profiling Service (JIPS).

OBJECTIVES AND THEMES:

- Basic demographics: Refugees, IDPs and Host Community
- Employment and livelihoods
- Access to services and housing
- Migration history
- Future plans, including returns
- Social cohesion
- Human and institutional resilience

A collaborative and capacity sharing process:

With Steering Committee members engaged at different stages, capacity building activities were also undertaken with local and international partners, such as a 3-day training session on profiling in September 2015, with the participation of ERC, ESD, KRSO, JCC, UNHCR, UNHABITAT, World Health Organization (WHO), UNFPA, UNDP, IOM, OCHA, IRD, Barzani Charity Foundation (BCF), QANDIL, and Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC).

Up to 90 governmental staff (30 enumerators in each statistics office) were trained and they were provided with on-line data collection tool.

Household survey and sampling strategy:

A sample of 3,600 households (HH) were selected from Kurdistan Region of Iraq (1200 households from each governorate that cover 400 IDP HH, 400 Refugees HH and 400 Host Community HH). The samples are stratified by population group and urban typology: District Canters, Periphery and towns.

Outcomes: 3 profiling studies will be launched:

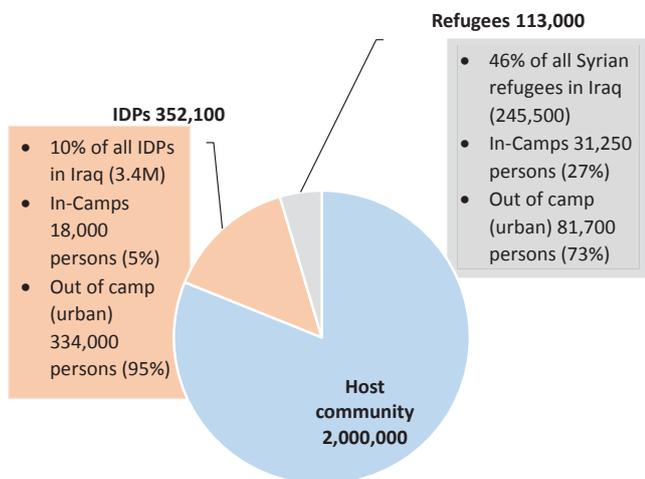
1. Erbil in June.
2. Duhok and 3. Sulaymaniyah by end July 2016.



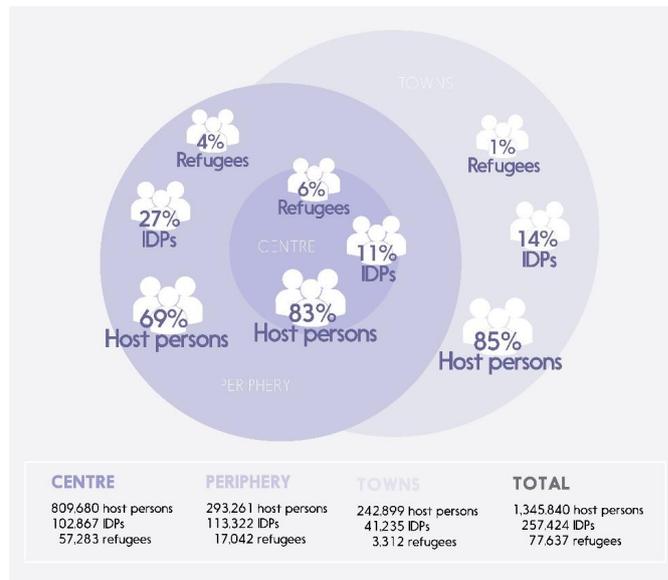
KR-I Urban Profiles: Refugees, IDPs and host community 2/2

Erbil example:

Populations of Concern (out-of-camps) in Erbil:
Proportion of urban populations in the three



strata (Centre, Periphery and towns):
Household sampled in areas with strata of Erbil



governorate:

