



While most of the "firing zones" were declared as such in the 1970s and 1980s, the phenomenon of temporary displacement of entire communities during military exercises has only recently become systematic. Since February 2012, OCHA documented a total of 75 such incidents affecting 13 Bedouin and herding residential areas, the majority in the northern Jordan Valley where over 18,000 people live. Notification by the Israeli army takes place either verbally or via written orders, usually a few days before the training.