

## Sector update

More than 400 Syrian and Turkish health care workers were trained by WHO and the Turkish Ministry of Health on how to assess and treat people with depression, post-trauma stress disorder, self-harm thoughts, psychosis and substance abuse conditions. Syrians' long-term exposure to violence, social conflict and low standards of living has contributed to the escalation of mental health care needs among the refugee population. These trainings are thus essential to reduce the tremendous psychological stress that Syrian men, women and children undergo in their new life in Turkey.

In a joint training organized by WHO and the Turkish Ministry of Health, more than 60 Syrian and Turkish health workers learnt the essentials on preventing violence against women at the Primary Health Care levels. The course aimed at raising awareness and providing the health workforce with the tools to detect and intervene in cases of domestic violence.

Some 42 Turkish-Arabic interpreters were trained to serve as patient guides to Syrian refugees in Refugee Health Centres across Turkey. WHO and partners agreed on a plan to update vaccination records for Syrian children in Turkey more frequently to improve their vaccination follow-up, following the evaluation of a major vaccination campaign for Syrian children conducted in Turkey in 2017.

By end of March some 157,000 culturally and linguistically-sensitive health consultations were provided free of charge in the seven WHO-supported Refugee Health Training Centres in Turkey.

UNFPA continued supporting sexual and reproductive health (SRH) service delivery to refugee women and young people through 35 Women and Girls Safe Spaces (WGSS) and Youth Centers in 17 provinces and in collaboration with 7 implementing partners.

Thirty-four of these WGSS provide services integrated to Migrant Health Centers of MoH. In the 1st quarter of 2018, 66,210 individuals were reached through SRH services.

Another 2,434 refugees received PSS. UNFPA provided in service trainings to WGSS / youth centers personnel on standard operating procedures for WGSS and youth centers and data collection.

Under the Food security working group in Gaziantep, UNICEF and WFP decided to organize the Workshop on Introduction to Nutrition Concepts and Food Security Indicators, to provide frontline humanitarian workers with basic skills to identify and report malnutrition cases.



Hundreds of Syrian health staff were trained on how to respond to the increasing mental health needs among the refugee population. Trainees like the Syrian nurse in the picture learnt the basics on how to screen, diagnose and treat conditions such as depression, anxiety or post-traumatic disorder.

Photo: WHO/Ali Saltan

The objective of this workshop was to enhance the capacities of local and international NGOs working in Southeast Turkey, by providing their case managers and frontline workers with basic orientation on nutrition/malnutrition surveillance, anthropometrics and food security indicators.

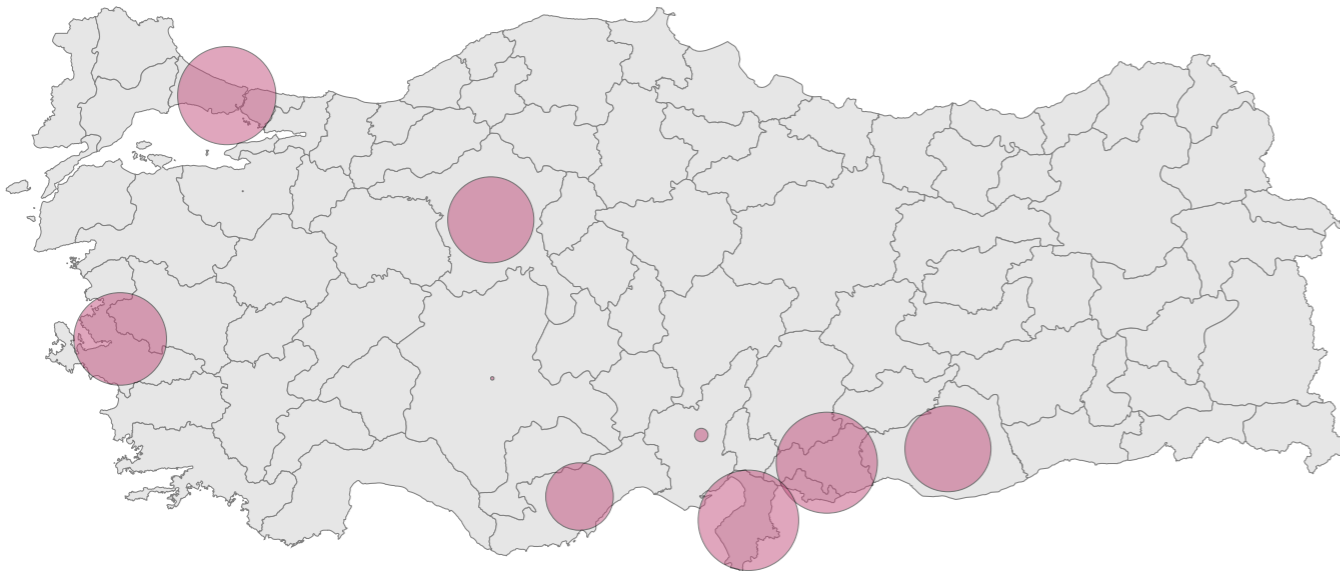
Two rounds workshops (26-27 February) have been conducted in Gaziantep and Sanliurfa provinces with UNICEF technical support, and 39 participants from 24 different (I)NGOs and UN agencies have attended the workshops from Diyarbakir, Gaziantep, Hatay, Kahramanmaras, Kilis, Mardin, Mersin and Sanliurfa provinces.

# 3RP Achievements in the first quarter 2018 in the Health Sector, Turkey

Q1 January 2018 - March 2018



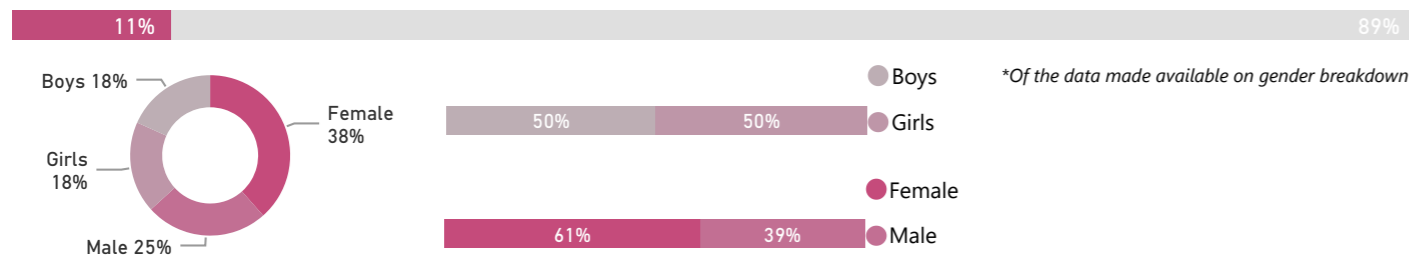
## # of consultations received by Syrian refugees in Turkey in refugee health centers directly supported by 3RP activities



Boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement by UN.

## # of consultations received by male and female refugees and impacted host community residents in primary health

**157,678**



### Supporting Agencies

### Reporting Agencies



All figures shown here refer to health sector 3RP supported activities in Turkey. Sources: ActivityInfo - Health Sector DB 2018 Feedback: BEQIRIM@who.int, IMTurkey@unhcr.org

## Achievements

**157,678**

# of consultations received by in need in primary health

**7,539**

# of pregnant women receiving ANC services

**82**

# of service providers trained on SRH and clinical management... SGBV

### # of persons provided with transportation to health facilities

**741**

Male

Female

7%

93%

47%

53%

### # of refugee adolescents and youth receiving health information services

**9,547**

Female

Male

29%

71%

90%

### # of Syrian refugees and host community members who receive SRH services

**68,811**

Female

Male

86%

14%

98%

### # of Syrian refugee children under 5 years reached through routine vaccination

**2,291**

Male

Female

2,291

49%

51%

### # of MHPSS consultations provided in refugee health centers and host community clinics

**60,021**

5%

79%

95%

14%

Boys Female Girls Male