

## **KEY POINTS**

- UNHCR has secured the approval to conduct a household-level country-wide NFI needs assessment. The activity is the first large scale attempt to gather data at household-level throughout the country. This level of detail will help UNHCR acquire a more comprehensive and accurate depiction of the humanitarian situation of its people of concern. Other sector partners are also participating in this month-long activity.
- In Aleppo, sector partners participated in the assessment mission in Al Khafseh where returnees are nearly 50% of the total displaced population from this area. Findings show, that this location, where no distribution has previously taken place, is in a need of the full range of NFIs (mission report is available upon request).
- The sub-national working group in Aleppo conducted its regular sector meeting in August. Among the pressing issues that were discussed include the continuing huge demand for mattresses, non-delivery of NFI assistance to severely affected population in Handarat Camp and Bagara, limited partners in eastern Rural Aleppo, and continuing presence of remnants of war, especially in rural Aleppo (minutes of the meeting is available upon request).
- The IM team of the sector participated in the Data Analysis Workshop in Amman, Jordan from 27th to 31st of August. Based on the datasets that were gathered through the Multi-Sectorial Needs Assessment and REACH Assessment, the team updated the severity scale and people in need per sub-district. These key results and findings will contribute to the development of Humanitarian Needs Overview for 2018.

## **NUMBERS IN BRIEF**

### **TOTAL NFI DISTRIBUTED**



## BENEFICIARIES ADEQUATELY SERVED



668,564 ACCOUNTS FOR BENEFICIARIES WHOSE NEEDS WERE ADEQUATELY MET FOR RECEIVING MORE THAN 4 CORE NFI (13% OF THE TOTAL TARGET OF 4.9 MILLION PEOPLE IN NEED OF NFI INSIDE SYRIA).

825,000



ESTIMATE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO RECEIVED MORE THAN 1 SEASONAL OR SUPPLEMENTARY ITEM IN AUGUST 2017 (154% OF THE TOTAL TARGET OF 825,000 PEOPLE IN 2017).

HRP TARGET

### **OVERALL REACHED BENEFICIARIES**



1.1. NO. OF PEOPLE WHOSE NEEDS IN

CORE AND ESSEN-TIAL NFIS ARE MET

HRP INDICATOR

ARE MET FOR

1.2. NO. OF PEOPLE WHOSE NEEDS

SEASONAL ASSIS-

RELATION TO

5,285,693

TOTAL BENEFICIARIES AS OF AUGUST 2017 WHO RECEIVED AT LEAST ONE / PART OF NFI

## **NFI MONTHLY**

August 2017, Issue No. 08



## **GAPS AND CHALLENGES**

- Widespread insecurity, challenging physical access and rigorous bureaucratic procedures and approval limit provision of adequate and regular humanitarian assistance especially to those who live in besieged and hard-to-reach areas;
- Absence of age and gender disaggregated information of population in need unable the sector to accommodate and target specific needs;
- Logistical constraints especially during inter-agency convoy such as road blockage, presence of checkpoints, presence of threats, and proximity to active front lines (i.e. Ar Raqqa) continue to hamper rapid distribution,;
- Lack of actual data on distribution recipients prevent the sector to better measure the actual reached and served beneficiaries;
- Limited and irregular monitoring of distribution due to insecurity and sensitivities compromise the ability of the sector to assess the impact of its assistance and better inform future planning;
- Absence of clear and effective feedback mechanism from population in need due to information gathering sensitivities unable the sector to better determine the efficacy of its effort;
- Lack of income-generating activities to provide the necessary financial means continues to hamper access to basic household items among the most vulnerable population in need:
- Diminishing active participation among sector members affects coordination and the overall sectorial reach;
- Inexact coordination structure impacts the level of efficiency in coordinating sectorial response for interagency convoys.
- Lack of reliable consolidated information for interagency convoy reach affects the sector's ability to determine the extent and impact of its convoy contribution;
- Insufficient number of detailed and comprehensive assessment makes it difficult for the sector to shift its response priorities from distribution of basic essential NFI items to provision of supplementary items.
- Decreasing number of local NGOs authorized to partner with UN agencies particularly in severely affected areas limit the extent of humanitarian response (i.e. Ar Raqqa).
- Lack of adherence to agreed distribution standards (i.e. UNHCR solar lamps) affects the quality of NFI response (i.e. Lattakia and Mashta'a Al-Helou).

CRISIS BACKGROUND: The crisis in the Syrian Arab Republic that started in March 2011 has transformed into a complex emergency that led to 6.3 million IDPs and 4.8 million Syrian refugees. The 2017 Humanitarian Needs Overview reported that around 13.5 million people are in need of humanitarian assistance of which around 5.8 million people need to receive essential household items and other multi-sectorial assistance as they continue to live in an unsafe and uncertain environment. The degree of resilience and positive coping mechanism of the affected population have gradually reduced due to the protracted nature of the hostilities. Purchasing power and the ability to provide for their basic household needs have decreased due to economic recession that left many people unemployed and the prospect of accessing essential household items has also declined due to closure of essential service providers.



## **PARTNER IN FOCUS**

## **AL BIRR ASSOCIATION**



Al Birr Association is a non-government organization based in Homs governorate. Established in 1956, it is one of the oldest humanitarian charity and social associations in Syria. It was organized to extend support to the deprived population in need of social and health care. To achieve its goals, Al Birr Association consists of various committees namely educational, elderly, engineering, health, relief and shelter, social support, and voluntary work.

Working within Homs city and the countryside, Al Birr Association is among the active partners of the NFI Sector in Syria. In 2016, it was able to support around 300,000 persons in 22 communities with its NFI assistance which includes the distribution of family anti-mosquito net, blankets, floor mats, hygiene kits, jerry cans, and stoves. To ensure complementarity of support, Al Birr Association has been working closely with other humanitarian organizations including UN agencies such as The UNDP, UNICEF, UN-Habitat, UNHCR, OCHA, and WFP.

To date, there are around 800 employees in the association working on various projects.

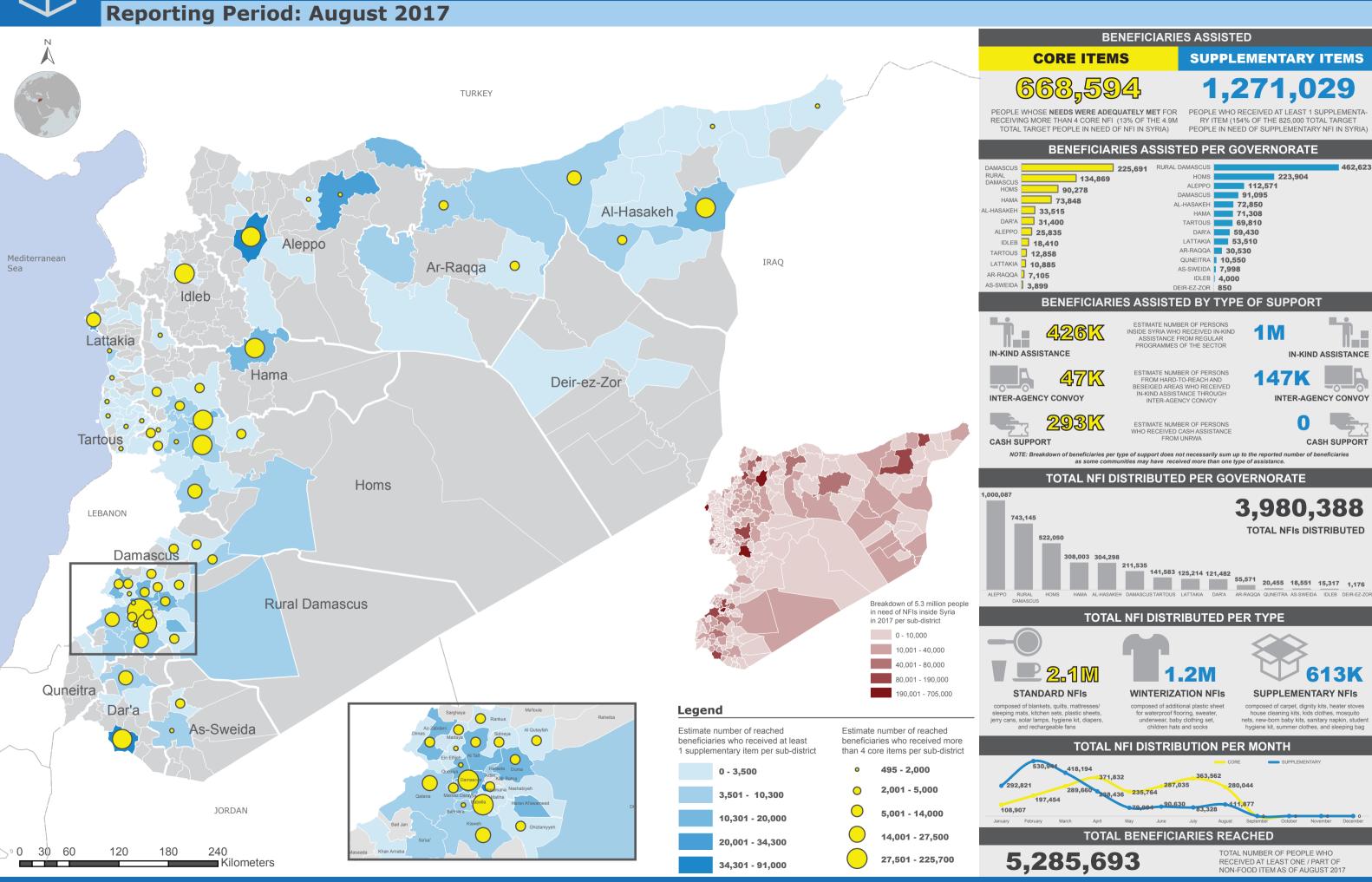
### **NFI Sector Coordination Team**

Joel Andersson, Senior NFI Sector Coordinator (anderssj@unhcr.org)
Zina Alkhiami, NFI Sector Field Associate (alkhiami@unhcr.org)
Muhammad Shahzad, IM Officer (shahzadm@unhcr.org)
Corazon C. Lagamayo, IM Officer (lagamayo@unhcr.org)
Maha Shaban, IM Associate (shabanm@unhcr.org)
Ashraf Zedane, IM Associate - Aleppo (zedane@unhcr.org)



## **SYRIA: NFI RESPONSE**



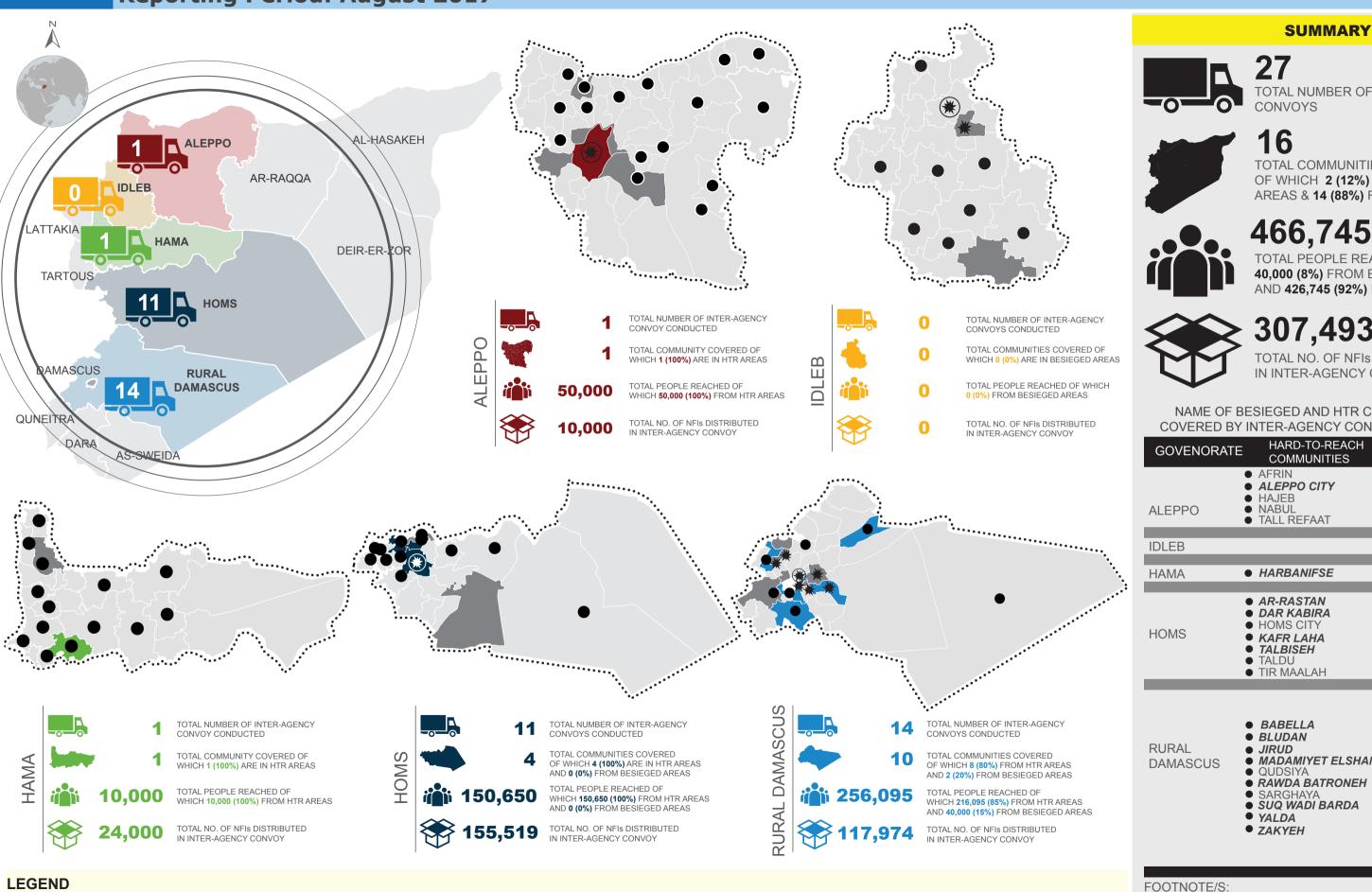




## **SYRIA: INTER-AGENCY CONVOY**



## **Reporting Period: August 2017**



TOTAL NUMBER OF INTER-AGENCY

TOTAL COMMUNITIES COVERED OF WHICH 2 (12%) ARE IN BESIEGED AREAS & 14 (88%) FROM HTR AREAS

466,745

TOTAL PEOPLE REACHED OF WHICH 40,000 (8%) FROM BESIEGED AREAS AND 426,745 (92%) FROM HTR AREAS

307,493

TOTAL NO. OF NFIs DISTRIBUTED IN INTER-AGENCY CONVOYS

NAME OF BESIEGED AND HTR COMMUNITIES COVERED BY INTER-AGENCY CONVOY (2016-2017)

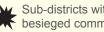
## HARD-TO-REACH BESIEGED COMMUNITIES COMMUNITIES **★** FOAH \* ARBIN \* AZ-ZABADANI \* BEIT SAWA \* DARRAYA

- MADAMIYET ELSHAM
- RAWDA BATRONEH
- \* DUMA **\*** EIN TERMA ★ HAMMURA \* HARASTA
- \* HEZZEH \* JISREIN \* KAFR BATNA \* KHAN ELSHIH **₩** MADAYA
  - \* NASHABIYEH





No. of beneficiaries (persons)







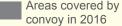
Sub-districts with (HTR) hard-to-reach communities



Sub-districts with besieged and HTR communities



No. of distributed non-food items



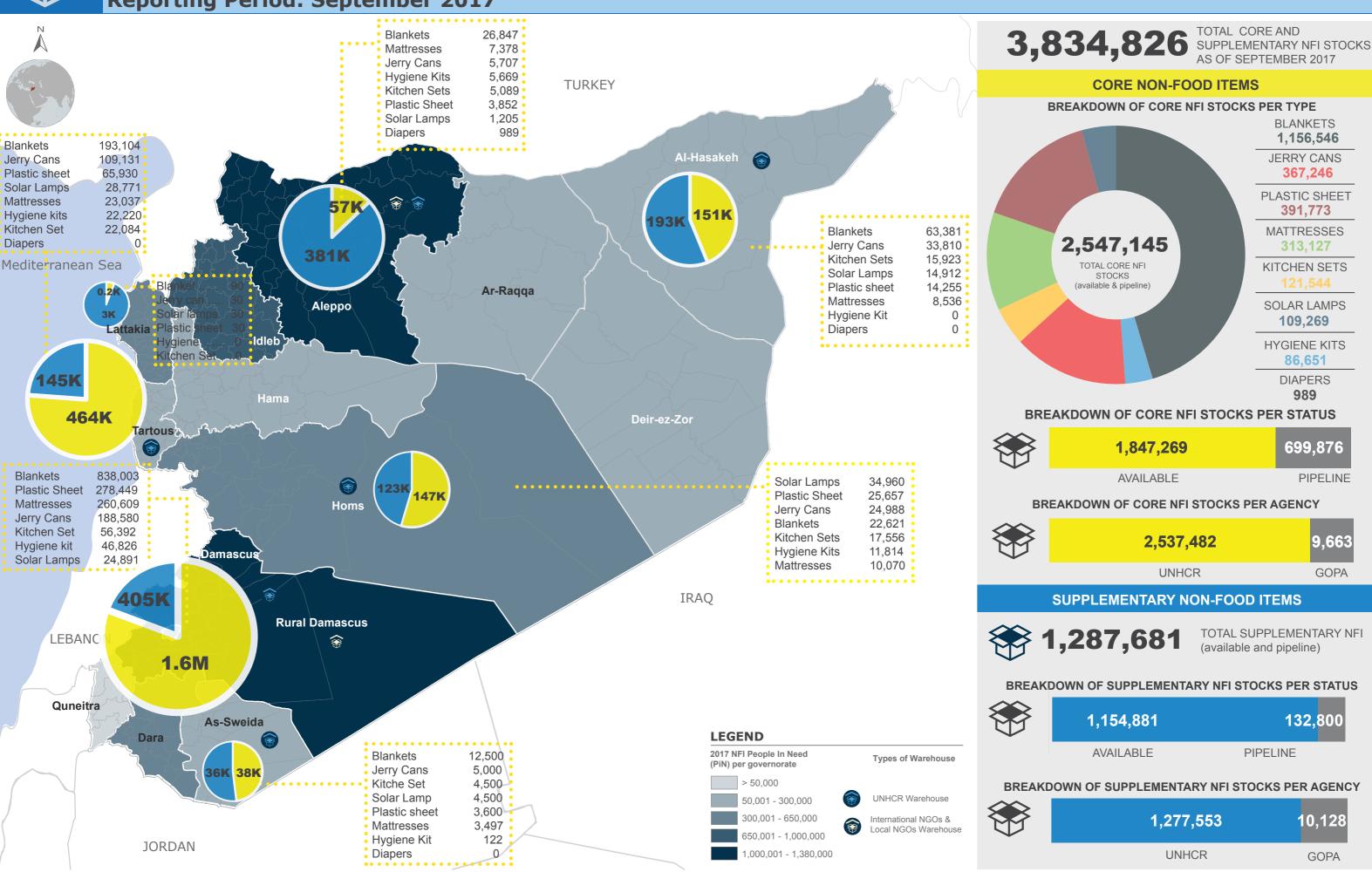
- A. The information presented here only shows DRC, IOM, UNHCR and UNICEF convoys.
- B. One convoy is counted as one completed trip.



## **SYRIA: NFI STOCKPILE**

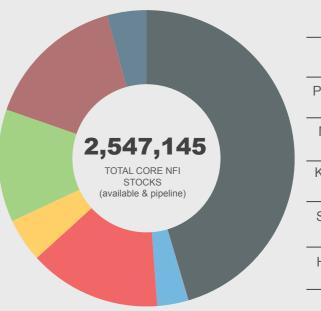


**Reporting Period: September 2017** 



## **CORE NON-FOOD ITEMS**

## **BREAKDOWN OF CORE NFI STOCKS PER TYPE**



**BLANKETS** 1,156,546

**JERRY CANS** 367,246

PLASTIC SHEET 391,773

**MATTRESSES** 313,127

KITCHEN SETS

**SOLAR LAMPS** 109,269

**HYGIENE KITS** 86,651

> **DIAPERS** 989

### BREAKDOWN OF CORE NFI STOCKS PER STATUS

1,847,269

699,876

**PIPELINE** 

## **BREAKDOWN OF CORE NFI STOCKS PER AGENCY**

2,537,482

9,663

**UNHCR** 

**GOPA** 

## **SUPPLEMENTARY NON-FOOD ITEMS**

TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY NF (available and pipeline)

## BREAKDOWN OF SUPPLEMENTARY NFI STOCKS PER STATUS

132,800

**PIPELINE** 

### BREAKDOWN OF SUPPLEMENTARY NFI STOCKS PER AGENCY

1,277,553

10,128

**UNHCR** 

**GOPA** 



# SYRIA: NFI 2-MONTH DISTRIBUTION PLAN



Reporting Period: September - October 2017

