

SOUTH SUDAN

December 2017

179,471

Refugees and IDPs received non-food items assistance from UNHCR across South Sudan in December 2017.

2,012

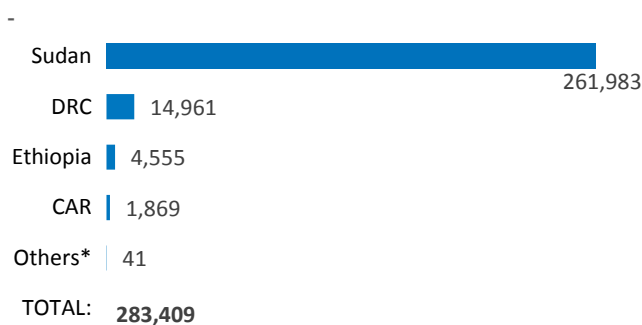
New arrivals registered in South Sudan in December 2017.

19,132

Refugees living in Pamir refugee camp as of 31 December 2017

POPULATION OF CONCERN

Countries of Origin

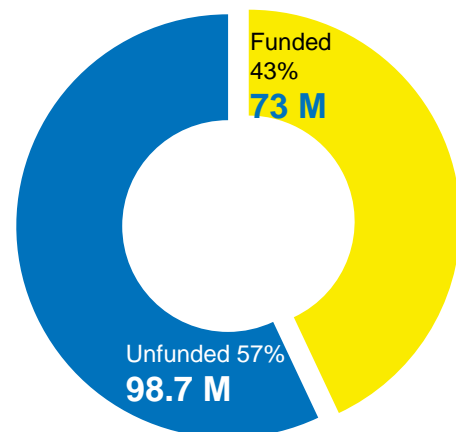


* Refers to refugees from Uganda, Somalia, Eritrea, Syria, Burundi and Egypt

FUNDING AS OF 12 DECEMBER

USD 172 M

requested for the situation



UNHCR PRESENCE

Staff

304 national and
113 international staff

Offices

- 1** Branch Office in Juba
- 2** Sub Offices in Jamjang and Bunj
- 7** Field Offices in Yambio, Yei, Bor, Rumbek, Kwajok, Malakal, Bentiu
- 3** Field Units in Wau and Yida



UNHCR staff in Malakal welcoming Internally Displaced families from Melut Protection of Civilian (POC) site who voluntarily relocating to Malakal POC site. Photo by UNHCR FO Malakal/ 15.12.2017

Working with Partners

- UNHCR works closely with the Government of South Sudan to deliver assistance and protection services to refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs).
- In the **refugee response**, the main government counterparts are the Ministry of Interior and the Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA). Implementing partners in 2017 are the following: Action Africa Help International (AAHI), Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA), ACROSS, ACTED, CARE International, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC), International Medical Corps (IMC), International Rescue Committee (IRC), Lutheran World Federation (LWF), Relief International (RI), Samaritan's Pursue (SP), Save the Children International (SCI), United Methodist Committee on Relief (UMCOR), UNV and World Vision International (WVI).
- In the **IDP response**, the main government counterpart is the Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC). Implementing partners in 2017 are: ADRA, UMCOR, Danish Refugee Council, Handicap International, Humanitarian Development Consortium, INTERSOS, International Rescue Committee, Nile Hope, UNV, Women Aid Vision and Women Development Group. Within the IDP response cluster system, UNHCR in South Sudan is Lead of the Protection Cluster (with NRC Co-leading), Co-Lead of the CCCM Cluster along with IOM and ACTED, and undertakes enhanced participation in the IOM-led Shelter/NFI Cluster.
- On **prevention of statelessness**, UNHCR's main counterpart is the Directorate of Nationality, Passports and Immigration (DNPI).
- UNHCR maintains an **operational partnership** with CAFOD, Caritas, CMMB, Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), ICRC, Jesuit Refugee Service (JSR), Médecins Sans Frontières (France, Belgium), Medair, Mentor Initiative, OXFAM, UNAIDS, UNOCHA, UN-Habitat, UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNMAS, UNMISS, World Food Programme (WFP), World Health Organization (WHO), Women for Women International and UN Women.

Main Activities – Refugee Programme

Protection

- As of 31 December 2017, the refugee population in South Sudan stood at 283,409 individuals, consisting of 65,909 households spread in 21 different locations across South Sudan. In December South Sudan received 2,012 new arrivals mainly from Sudan's South Kordofan and registered 679 newborns. Women and children represent 82% of the total refugee population in South Sudan. The Sudanese refugee population remains the largest - 261,983 individuals (92%) followed by Democratic Republic of Congo - 14,961 individuals (5%), Ethiopia - 4,555 individuals (2%) and Central African Republic - 1,869 (1%). The majority (91%) of these refugees are hosted in South Sudan's Upper Nile and Unity regions. Over 1.9 million people are internally displaced in South Sudan. Furthermore, the country hosts 1,898 asylum seekers.

Central Equatoria

- In Juba, 65 inactive refugees were re-activated after joint UNHCR and Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA) protection screening. A total of 38 persons, including 27 asylum seekers and 14 new arrivals were registered in Juba. Cumulatively, there are 2,370 refugees and 1,830 asylum seekers in Juba (including 390 persons with special protection needs. All registered persons were enrolled in Biometric Identity Management System (BIMS) and were issued with relevant registration documents.
- In Gorom refugee settlement, 11 persons were registered, including re-activation of 4 persons. The total population of the settlement now stands at 2,071 persons.
- In Gorom, over 500 Refugee ID cards that were issued in late 2014 expired. UNHCR jointly with the Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA) is currently working to renew the IDs.
- In Lasu, UNHCR partner UMCOR distributed in-kind assistance to 17 SGBV survivors (13 women, 4 men). The assistance included sugar, rice, and maize flour, cooking oil, salt and soap.
- In Yei, UNHCR partner UMCOR reported five Sexual Gender-Based Violence (SGBV) cases, involving 2 men and 3 women in Kukuyi and Lomi. Of the reported cases, 2 cases involved domestic violence, 1 case - early marriage and 2 cases - rape. All cases are being followed up, while SGBV survivors are receiving necessary assistance and counselling.
- In Yei, UNHCR partner UMCOR reported death of 3 refugees in refugee locations, including 2 cases of women living with HIV/AIDS.
- In Gorom, over 700 refugees and members of the host community commemorated the World Aids Day. Activities included counselling, voluntary testing, and testimonies from Persons Living with HIV/AIDS (PLWH) and speeches from partner organization ACROSS, refugee and host leadership.

Unity

- In Yida, UNHCR registered 1,880 new arrivals. Cumulatively, 14,469 new arrivals have been registered since the beginning of 2017 against 9,917 at the same period in 2016 due to increased number of children leaving their parents in South Kordofan to pursue education opportunities in refugee camps.
- In December, UNHCR relocated 2,055 refugees to Ajuong Thok and Pamir refugee camps. Cumulatively, 16,791 refugees have been relocated to these two camps since the beginning of 2017, including 2,025 refugees who were previously settled in Yida. The Pamir refugee camp population stands at 19,132 individuals, while the Ajuong Thok's is 39,655 individuals. As of 31 December, 2017 there were 54,943 refugees still remaining in Yida refugee settlement.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR conducted safe identification and referral training for 59 outreach workers of which 29 were from UNHCR and 30 from the Danish Refugee Council (DRC). In addition to increased understanding of categories of persons with specific needs, the training provided practical skills on the community-based support the outreach teams can extend to those persons.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR received 68 (36 boys, 32 girls) separated children. 33 children (12 girls and 21 boys) were reunified with their biological parents and the remaining 35 children (20 girls and 15 boys) were placed under foster care with relatives.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, 231 refugees, including 47 women, 90 girls, 12 men and 82 boys participated in sessions on Sexual Gender-Based Violence (SGBV) services and referral pathways upon their in the camp. Also, in Ajuong Thok and Pamir refugee camps, 390 refugees (115 women, 110 girls, 69 men and 96 boys) participated in SGBV community sensitization sessions.
- As part of 16 Days of Activism against Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV), over 200 refugees and members of host community were engaged in sensitizing communities on the early marriage and its negative effects.
- In Pamir camp, UNHCR partner, Lutheran World Federation (LWF), conducted 29 Best Interest Assessments (BIAs) for 24 separated children (10 boys, 14 girls) and 4 unaccompanied girls and a boy who was later reunified with his biological mother.

Upper Nile

- In Yusuf Batil refugee camp, UNHCR completed the refugee verification and roll out of the Biometric Identification Management System (BIMS). Since the start of the verification exercise, 26,846 refugees have been verified with 9,056 issued with biometric ID cards. The ID cards will facilitate easy and positive identification of refugees as well as their access to services.
- In Kaya and Gendrassa refugee camps, UNHCR registered 255 new born babies. The registration allows mothers to have access to relevant services within the camps.
- In view of the planned harmonisation of SGBV and protection networks in 2018, UNHCR in cooperation with the Danish Refugee Council (DRC) conducted 174 interviews and selected 130 Protection Monitors who will carry out protection monitoring, prevention and response with regards to all human rights violations in camps and report cases to all relevant partners. The Network of Protection Monitors is expected to contribute to more effective response to refugee protection and ensure standardised service provision to refugees in all four camps in Maban area.
- In Kaya and Gendrassa, UNHCR partner ACTED handed over 2 women centres built with UNHCR support to refugee women committees.
- On 27 December 2017, 15 cases of separated children previously registered in Child Protection Information and Monitoring System (CPIMS) database were monitored to assess their living conditions. The children were observed to be in good health and staying with their caregivers under temporary care arrangement in Doro camp. 32 girls, including SGBV survivors, were provided with clothes and soap.
- In Yusuf Batil camp, UNHCR conducted two awareness raising campaigns on SGBV in Gabanit and Buk communities. The campaigns focused on early and forced marriage and its negative impact on both girls and boys.
- In Doro refugee camp, UNHCR and its partner Save the Children International (SCI) conducted a training for 90 refugees (52 women, 38 men) from the Community Resilience Centre (CRC) and Community Activity Centre (CAC) committees on general child protection as well as consequences of early marriage and Female Genital Mutilation (FGM).

Education

Upper Nile

- Across Maban four refugee camp, 777 students (75 students from the host community and 702 refugee students) participated in South Sudan's Primary School Final Examination. The exam was coordinated by UNHCR and its education partners, Lutheran World Federation (LWF), Save the Children International, Food for Hungry and Jesuit Refugee Service, in collaboration with the County Education Office. The joint national exams for refugees and the host community signified incorporation of refugees' education into the national curriculum as well as contribute to peaceful coexistence between the two communities.
- In December, UNHCR and its partner Save the Children International (SCI) in collaboration with Rambur and Juba University conducted the final qualification examination for 22 refugee teachers.

Unity

- In December, the South Sudan National Primary School Final Examination was conducted in all Jamjang refugee schools. Of 583 (436 boys, 147 girls) registered to take the exam, 570 (boys, 146 girls) candidates did the test, including 36 (32 boys, 4 girls) students from the host community.
- In Jamjang, 278 participants (88 girls, 190 boys) of English Language Program graduated after successful completion of the course. In addition, 214 participants (179 boys and 35 girls), including 26 young people from the host community, graduated from the ICT Program.
- UNHCR partner LWF, in cooperation with Emmanuel Christian College (ECC), held a graduation ceremony for 59 primary school teachers. With funding from UNHCR, LWF was able to secure this in-service training program facilitated by ECC to raise the standard of education in Pamir and Ajuong Thok refugee camps.

Central Equatoria

- In Juba, UNHCR in collaboration with Radio Miraya and partner organization Lutheran World Federation (LWF) organised an open door debate for the refugee university students on Early Marriage as a Barrier to Girl Development. Albert Einstein German Academic refugee Initiative (DAFI) sponsored students as well as refugee and students from the host community participated in the debate. The debate was recorded and broadcasted in different locations across the country to raise awareness of the population on harmful practices of early marriages.
- In Juba, UNHCR commemorated the 25th Anniversary of DAFI, South Sudan. The event took place in the framework of the visit of Her Royal Highness Sarah Zaed, the Princess of Jordan to South Sudan. Also, the Ambassador of Germany in South Sudan H.E. Jan Hendrik van Thiel attended the event. 45 refugee students that are supported by the German Government had an opportunity to share their stories at the event.

Health

Upper Nile

- In Maban, about 1,500 participants, including refugees, community leaders and representatives from different Maban agencies attended the World Aids Day commemoration ceremony organized by UNHCR and partner International Medical Corps (IMC). The event was organized to once again raise awareness on HIV/AIDS prevention and response.
- In Maban, UNHCR facilitated two trainings for health partners' staff on HIV Voluntary Counselling and Testing (VCT). This training was aimed at improving technical skills and knowledge of staff working in refugee camps, particularly, those who are directly involved in HIV/AIDS prevention and treatment activities.

Unity

- In Pamir and Ajuong Thok, UNHCR conducted Blanket Supplementary Feeding Program (BSFP) for pregnant and Lactating women (PLW) and under five children (<5). A total of 3,430 under five children and 647 PLWs in Pamir, and 5,607 under five children and 1,150 PLWs in Ajuong Thok benefited from the program.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR partner AHA held a graduation ceremony for 28 students (11 Nurse Assistants, 10 Laboratory Assistants and 7 Midwife Assistants) of Hakima Yakoub Health Training School which was established in December 2016 to breach the critical gap in the availability of health workers in Ruweng State. Of 28 graduates, 7 were from the host community. A total of 38 students (17 Nurse Assistants, 11 Laboratory Assistants, and 10 Midwife Assistants), including 15 students from the host community, started classes of the 2017/2018 academic year.

Central Equatoria

- In Gorom, UNHCR partner ACROSS provided 143 out-patient consultations to 190 refugees and 92 members of the host community.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu, 103 refugees and 71 host community members were able to receive health consultations provided at a health facility in Makpandu refugee settlement.

Food Security and Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

Upper Nile

- In Maban refugee camps, UNHCR, World Food Programme (WFP), Danish Refugee Council (DRC), ACTED and Samaritan's Purse (SP) distributed food items to 139,914 refugees.
- In Doro refugee camp, UNHCR partner International Medical Corps (IMC) completed the construction of a nutrition facility in the extension site. The nutrition facility will improve access of both refugee and host community to Outpatient Therapeutic Program (OTP) nutrition services.
- Across four refugee camps in Maban, UNHCR and its health partners conducted the last quarter Mid Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) screening of all children of 6-59 Months. A total of 26,623 children were screened to determine their nutritional status.

Unity

- In December, UNHCR and its operational partner World Food Programme (WFP) distributed December food ration and milling cash to 36,599 beneficiaries in Ajuong Thok, 18,484 beneficiaries in Pamir and 53,916 beneficiaries in Yida refugee settlement at the reduced ratio of 70%

Central Equatoria

- In Gorom refugee settlement, UNHCR partner ACROSS distributed December food ration to 2,038 refugees.

Western Equatoria

- In Yambio, UNHCR screened 65 children for malnutrition by the nutrition unit of the health facility. No severe acute malnutrition cases were found.

Water and Sanitation

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, crude latrine coverage was 7 while water supply stood at 19.69 liters per person per day. In Pamir refugee camp crude latrine coverage was 8, while water supply stood at 20.54 liters per person per day.
- Hygiene promotion activities in Ajuong Thok and Pamir refugee camps previously implemented by Samaritan's Purse (SP) were taken over by African Humanitarian Action (AHA) and IRC which will implement hygiene promotion activities in these camps in 2018.
- In Pamir, UNHCR partner SP completed drilling of the 4th borehole for the refugee camp.

Shelter and NFIs

Upper Nile

- In Maban camps, UNHCR distributed laundry soap to 139,914 refugees.
- In Doro refugee camp, UNHCR and its partner Danish Refugee Council (DRC) completed the construction of 24 new classrooms for the refugees who were relocated to Doro extension following the 25 December 2016 and May 2017 conflicts. The relocated refugee children will be able to attend the school located in closer proximity instead of walking long distances to nearest schools. It will boost school attendance, especially among girls.
- In Gendrassa refugee camp, UNHCR and its partner ACTED completed the construction of 1 block of teachers' office in Alsaïd Afeindi Primary School. Now the teachers in this school have a conducive office to stay and to prepare their lessons as well as to store their teaching materials. It is expected that more regular presence of teachers in the school will help instill academic discipline and improve quality of education.
- At the end of 2017 road works completed under UNHCR direct implementation totaled 426 km against the 2017 year target of 417 km. Owing to the road construction and airstrip maintenance, the airstrip remained operational throughout the year including the rainy season, ensuring that UNHCR and partners received necessary materials to deliver life saving services to refugees. Roads to all camps and surrounding host communities remained accessible despite three floods in the area.
- In Yusuf Batil and Doro refugee camps, UNHCR and its partner Danish Refugee Council (DRC) completed the construction of 33 transitional shelters for the vulnerable refugee families. A total of 1,000 transitional shelters have been built in 2017 across four refugee camps in Maban (515 shelters in Doro, 213 shelters in Yusuf Batil, 200 shelters in Gendrassa and 72 shelters in Kaya camp).
- UNHCR and its partners DRC and ACTED completed the upgrading of 89 classrooms across four refugee camps in Maban, providing conducive learning environment to more than 6,800 children.
- In Doro refugee camp, UNHCR and its partner DRC completed the construction of the Youth Centre which will provide young people from the refugee and host communities to engage in various activities, such as sports and learning.

Unity

- In December, UNHCR distributed laundry soap to 36,604 refugees in Ajuong Thok refugee camp and 18,988 refugees in Pamir refugee camp.

Central Equatoria

- In Gorom refugee settlement, UNHCR partner ACROSS distributed laundry soap to 2,038 refugees.

Camp Coordination and Camp Management

Central Equatoria

- In Gorom refugee camp, UNHCR completed construction of early childhood and primary school classrooms, roofing of three blocks of teachers' accommodation, while installation of doors and windows, painting and floor works continue; the facility will be ready for handover by mid-January 2018; 3) Police confinement space construction completed, flooring and painting works are in progress; 4) Youth recreation centre construction is completed and flooring and painting works are under way; the facility will be ready for handover by early January 2018.
- Relief-line company completed installation of 20 solar street lights in Gorom camp. The lights were installed in the clinic, school and other strategic locations to facilitate movement and safety of refugees in the camp during evening hours.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

Upper Nile

- In Kaya and Gendrassa camps, UNHCR partner ACTED provided technical support to 30 SGBV survivors engaged in poultry rearing. Refresher training provided during routine field visits include skills and knowledge on poultry rearing, feeding, disease management and poultry record keeping. A total of 766 eggs have been produced, 377 chicks hatched and 182 birds are at grower's stage whereby in 5-6 weeks the birds will be ready for consumption and market.
- In Kaya and Gendrassa refugee camps, UNHCR partner ACTED provided 20 donkey carts to 600 persons of concern (349 women and 251 men) who are members of seed multiplication groups. The donkey carts will facilitate transportation of agricultural produce to the market.
- In Yusuf Batil and Doro refugee camps, UNHCR partner Relief International (RI) provided 100 business grants (approximately 500 to 700 USD per person) to facilitate self-employment through enterprise creation and business establishment. Prior to issuing grants, a training needs analysis was undertaken followed by a comprehensive training on business idea generation and business planning.
- In Yusuf Batil refugee camp, UNHCR partner RI completed establishment of agro-nutrition site. The agro-nutrition site will seek to promote local production of vegetables and consumption of nutrient dense vegetables especially during the dry season when vegetable production drops and refugees rely mainly on cereals.
- In Maban, UNHCR and its partner Relief International (RI) provided entrepreneurship training to 71 refugees (39 women and 22 men) to facilitate running of viable business enterprises in Doro camp.
- In Maban's Yusuf Bail and Doro camps, UNHCR and its partner RI conducted capacity development training for 204 refugees (174 women and 30 men) on linkages between agriculture and nutrition. Activities undertaken as part of the exercise included cooking demonstrations on nutrient dense vegetables such as comprising cow pea leaves, kales, amaranths and pumpkin leaves to improve consumption of vegetables in refugee households as well as establishment of 10 climate-smart nutrition-focused perma-gardens as part of the training. Overall, 624 refugees (363 women and 261 men) have been trained and 93 perma-gardens established with nutrient dense vegetables.
- In Maban's Doro camp, UNHCR and its partner RI provided training on post-harvest management of grains to 396 refugees (372 women and 24 men). The training was aimed at equipping refugees with relevant knowledge and skills to better handle harvested crops and reduce post-harvest loss.
- In Maban, UNHCR and its partner ACTED continued to provide technical support to 30 SGBV survivors engaged in poultry rearing in Kaya and Gendrassa camp. Support for poultry rearing is aimed at promoting consumption of protein at household level and income generation.

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok camp, UNHCR partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) organized the first ever Harvest Festival. During the celebration, refugees presented seeds to the host community as a token of appreciation for the land. Both communities pledged to work together to increase food production in 2018.

Central Equatoria

- Following the training on solar installation, UNHCR and UMCOR handed over two solar panels with accessories to 10 refugee youths to help them establish mobile phone charging business outlet in Yei town
- In Juba, 20 urban refugees completed three-month driving training conducted by ABC driving school in cooperation with UNHCR partner, the Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC). Each graduate was issued with a driving license that will enhance their employability and facilitate their entry onto the job market.

Main Activities – IDP Programme

COORDINATION

Achievements and Impact

Upper Nile

- During the reporting period, UNHCR and its partner ADRA conducted protection monitoring and population movement tracking in Jekow, Turu, Nor Thok and Maker of Maiwut and Nasir Counties respectively. In Jekow, about 8,000 people displaced from Urieng and Maiwut, including refugee returnees from Kule and Nguenyel refugee camps in Ethiopia, were observed. Every month an average of 10 households every are observed returning from Ethiopia to a place called Jerusalem and other surrounding villages in Jekow, allegedly due to dire living conditions in the camps. Presence of humanitarian agencies (ADRA, UNKEA and Nile Hope, World Vision) in Jekow is acting as a pull factor for returnees from Ethiopia. World Vision is reported to have provided NFIs to about 3,036 households in Jekow.

- In Turu, there is an estimated 1,400 IDPs, mainly women and children, who were displaced from Charjekow, Malual, Wunkir in Maiwut, and Malow and Pamach in Longechuk during the clashes between the government and SPLA-IO forces in July 2017. Key humanitarian gaps include lack of medical facilities, dire WASH situation, and lack of food and NFIs.

Unity

- In Rubkona County, the Deputy Commissioner made available plots of land to IDPs who had been evicted from the Rubkona collective sites. This move is seen as a positive contribution of the local authorities towards decongestion of different informal and collective sites.
- In collaboration with the rest of the protection partners and UNMISS-RRP, and with support from the CCCM (Camp Coordination and Camp Management) cluster, UNHCR managed to ensure clearance of a space adjacent to UNMISS perimeter gate to be used as safe house for protection cases. More development will be done at the site to ensure the protection cases are handled in a respectful and adequate manner.

OPERATIONS

Achievements and Impact

Upper Nile

- UNHCR and its partner Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC) conducted a verification exercise after the successful completion of 411 shelters as part of shelter support to the host community in Doro village affected by the conflict between refugee and host community in December 2016.

Unity

- In Bentiu, UNHCR in collaboration with UNMISS conducted a four-day training for 172 youths on IDP protection and peacebuilding.
- In Malakal, UNHCR and its partner Danish Refugee Council (DRC) identified and registered 183 Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs) in three villages of Wau Shilluk (Ogot, Pamath and Wau) on the West Bank.

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UMCOR through Community-based Protection Network (CBPN) reported inflow of new arrivals from DRC, Lasu and Uganda. A total of 21 persons (8 women; 13 men) were assisted with non-food items (NFIs).
- In Yei, UNHCR partner UMCOR verified and issued tokens to 219 returnee households (31 from Uganda, 25 from DRC Congo and 163 from other rural areas of Yei and other States of South Sudan).

Jonglei

- UNHCR, through Bor Solutions Working Group (SWG), supported the first voluntary relocation of the 251 IDPs (90 households) to New Fangak, by providing cash for transportation between Bor and New Fangak. The IDPs have safely arrived in Fangak, and the local authorities and the NGOs on the ground are currently assisting them to settle down.
- UNHCR jointly with UNMISS assisted 562 IDPs, previously residing in Melut Protection of Civilians site, to return/relocate to their places of origin or places of their choice. The return/relocation was implemented with full participation of IDP community of Melut POC. As of today, Melut POC is closed. Out of 562 IDPs of the former Melut POC, 76 IDPs opted for relocation to Malakal POC. Upon their arrival at Malakal POC, the IDPs were received and assisted by UNHCR and its partner Danish Refugee Council (DRC).
- In Bor, UNHCR Protection Team participated in the joint assessment in Duk Payuel and Poktap to follow-up on the previously reported cattle raiding, killing and child abduction cases. Follow-up action plans were shared with the ICWG (Inter-Cluster Working Group) and the Protection Cluster members in Bor.

Shelter and NFIs

Achievements and Impact

Jonglei

- In Bor town, UNHCR partner INTERSOS Italy distributed sanitary materials to 167 women and girls of reproductive age as contribution to the women protection and empowerment activities implemented at the Women Friendly Space. The sanitary materials included sanitary napkins, soaps, bucket, and a pair of underwear.

Lakes

- In Rumbek, UNHCR distributed non-food items (NFIs) to 75 IDP households with Persons with Specific Needs who were displaced from Western Equatoria. The IDPs were displaced from Yieri and Munderi after military operation in October. Items distributed included: blankets, cooking sets, jerry cans, buckets and clothes.

Unity

- During the reporting period, UNHCR and its partner Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC) completed the construction of 123 shelters for the vulnerable families in Baliet.

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR partner UMCOR distributed non-food items (NFIs) to 148 (61 men, 123 women) IDPs displaced from Mukaya, as well as new arrivals from Uganda, Congo and other parts of Yei County.

Coordination and camp management

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- In Bentiu, CCCM cluster (UNHCR and DRC) in coordination with the local authorities conducted verification exercise for distribution of shelter materials to IDPs. 28 out of 64 households were verified and will receive the assistance.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR partner UMCOR, through community-based agriculture extension workers, provided extension services to IDP farmers including on-farm training on dry season vegetable production, manure composting, and pest and disease control measures.
- In Yei, 5 additional dry season vegetable farmer groups formed by UNHCR partner UMCOR. UMCOR agriculture extension workers continued to provide on-farm trainings to various farmer groups within the IDP centres, including transplanting, mulching, pest and disease control activities.

UNHCR's Main Donors in 2017

Special thanks to the major donors of unrestricted and regional funds in 2017

United States of America (266 M) | Sweden (76 M) | Netherlands (52 M) | Norway (41 M) | Private Donors Spain (41 M) | Japan (25 M) | Denmark (23 M) | Private Donors Republic of Korea (20 M) | Australia (19 M) | Canada (16 M) | Switzerland (15 M) | France (14 M) | Private donors USA (13 M) | Private donors Italy (13 M) | Germany (12 M) | Private donors Japan (10 M) | Italy (10 M)

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LINKS

[South Sudan Situation Regional Portal](#)

[UNHCR South Sudan Facebook page](#)

<http://www.unhcr.org/afr/news/stories/2017/11/5a1691814/farming-together-reaps-multiple-benefits-for-refugees-and-their-south-sudanese.html>