

Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter

Profile



December 2017

Verified Population* - December 2017

9,565

Population profile

Gender

Female 50% Male 50%

Age

1-18 years and above: 53%

5-17 years: 33%

Below 5 years: 14%

Ethnicity

Karen 99% Other 1%

Religion

Christian 65% Buddhist 32% Animist 2% Other 1%

**According to Verification Exercise conducted from Jan-Apr 2015 and subsequent changes in population*

Governance

The Ministry of Interior (MOI) is responsible for administration in nine camps. Mae La Oon Camp Commander is the Deputy District Officer of Sob Moei District. A refugee Camp Committee is directly involved in camp governance, and received support from the Karen Refugee Committee.

A Thai Ranger Unit is stationed near the camp to monitor security. Territory Defense Volunteers, known as Or Sors, are employed and trained by the MOI to provide internal camp security.

Voluntary Repatriation

Given the significant political and security changes taking place in Myanmar, preparedness for voluntary repatriation (VolRep) began in early 2012. Planning for VolRep has steadily increased following positive events such as the signing of the Nationwide Ceasefire Agreement in October 2015 and the General Election in November 2015 which led to the formation of the new civilian government led by National League for Democracy (NLD). In order to support the preparedness for voluntary repatriation of refugees who reside in the nine temporary shelters, various tools and activities have been developed and carried out in close consultation with NGOs and the refugee community.

Facilitated return figures as of December 2017

Departed		Pending Departure	
Individuals	Families	Individuals	Families
0	0	0	0

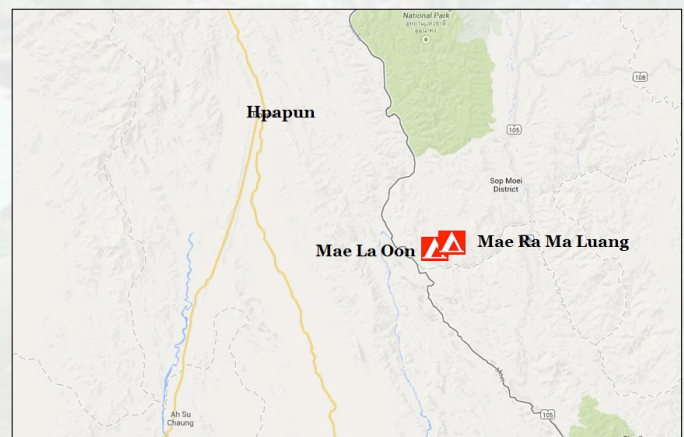
Background

Mae La Oon was officially established in March 2004, following a relocation exercise from other sites which commenced in 2003. The population is largely comprised of people moved from Mae Khong Kha camp, which was severely affected by flash floods in September 2002.

Mae La Oon and Mae Ra Ma Luang are the most remote of all nine camps along the Thai-Myanmar border.

Location

Mae La Oon camp is in Sob Moei District, Mae Hong Son Province, approximately 3 km. from the Thai-Myanmar border and 83 km. from Mae Sariang. It has a surface area of 316 acres (1.28 sq.km.).



UNHCR Activities

- Facilitate the repatriation of persons who voluntarily want to return to Myanmar
- Ensure access to asylum, legal, material and physical protection
- Work towards the elimination of sexual and gender-based violence and improve the quality of response
- Ensure child protection through the promotion and application of the Child Protection Framework

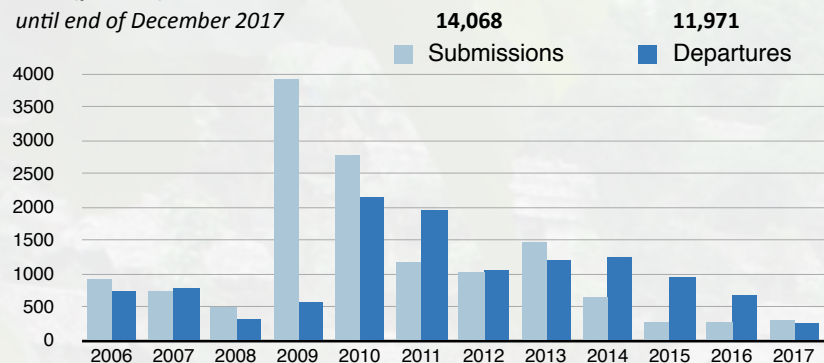
Key Repatriation Activities

- Facilitated return including protection counseling support for persons with specific needs, mine risk education, organized transport, cash and NFI assistance
- Outreach activities e.g. focus group discussions, public forums and film screening
- Physical dissemination of information materials
- Stakeholders meetings
- Support for "Go and See" visit among the refugee community
- Cross-border dialogue through joint workshops, meetings and "Come and Tell visits"

Resettlement Statistics

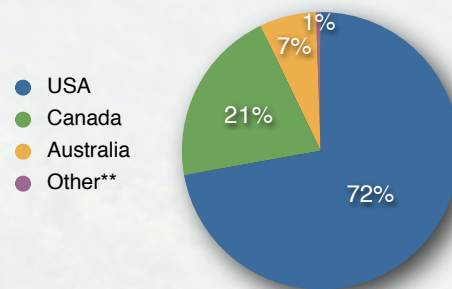
Total (persons)

until end of December 2017



















Departures by Country of Resettlement

until end of December 2017



**Norway, New Zealand, Finland, Netherlands, Great Britain, Sweden and Japan

Humanitarian Organizations

 Health	
• Health services	Malteser International (MI)
• Reproductive health services	Planned Parenthood Association of Thailand (PPAT)
 Water, Hygiene & Sanitation	
• Sanitation	Malteser International (MI)
 Protection and Community Services	
• Drug and alcohol abuse prevention	Drug and Alcohol Recovery and Education Network (DARE)
• Life development skills for children	Right to Play (RTP)
• Child protection, assistance for vulnerable individuals 	Catholic Office for Emergency Relief and Refugees (COERR)
• Prosthesis, disability social inclusion	Handicap International (HI)
• Mine risk education for voluntary repatriation 	
• SGBV prevention and response	American Refugee Committee (ARC)
 Registration	
• Registration and Status Determination 	Ministry of Interior (MOI)
 Shelter	
• Repair materials for shelters	The Border Consortium (TBC)
 Non-Food Items (NFIs)	
• NFI distribution	The Border Consortium (TBC)
• NFI distribution for repatriation 	International Organization for Migration (IOM)
 Food and Nutrition	
• Food distribution	The Border Consortium (TBC)
 Livelihoods	
• Livelihood and rehabilitation 	Handicap International (HI)
• Agricultural and animal raising project	Catholic Office for Emergency Relief and Refugees (COERR)
• Agriculture, entrepreneurship and marketing for preparedness	The Border Consortium (TBC)
• Grant for skill development and vocational training	Adventist Development & Relief Agency (ADRA)
 Education	
• School supplies and infrastructure	Adventist Development & Relief Agency (ADRA)
• Basic education, in-service teacher training	Save The Children (STC)
• Educational libraries	Shanti Volunteer Association (SVA)
• Pre-service teacher training and Non-formal learning class (NFL)	Right to Play (RTP)
• Post-secondary	World Education (WE)
• Awareness raising	Film Aid
 Resettlement	
• Post-approval resettlement services	International Organization for Migration (IOM)
• The US resettlement service	IRC Resettlement Support Center (IRC-RSC)
 UNHCR financially supported	