

# **KEY FIGURES**

As of 1 September 2016

**156,280** 

Total Burundian population of concern

153,563

Total Burundian population post influx

131,842

Total Burundian population in Nyarugusu Camp (Pre-Influx + Influx)

53, 497

Total population in Nduta Camp

37,679

Total population in Mtendeli Camp

240

Total population in Lumasi Transit Site

# **UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA**



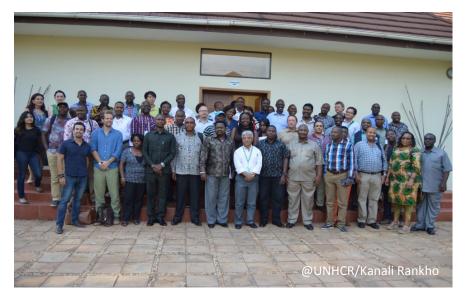
# **INTER-AGENCY OPERATIONAL UPDATE**

#### **BURUNDI REFUGEE SITUATION**

Reporting Period: 19 August - 1 September 2016

# **HIGHLIGHTS**

A two-member team of UNHCR from the Division of Emergency, Security and Supply (DESS) Preparedness Team at UNHCR Headquarters in Geneva supported the Operation in Tanzania through consultations with all stakeholders to prepare for the Contingency Plans for Burundi and the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). The consultations were conducted in view of the prevailing situation in Burundi and indications that the situation in DRC could escalate by the end of the year. A two-day Contingency Planning Workshop was organized with participation from the Government of Tanzania, implementing and operational partners and UNHCR from 22 to 23 August 2016, in Kigoma town. The mission members also visited the refugee camps in Kigoma region as well as border entry points.



<Participants from UNHCR, Government of Tanzania and partner agencies during the Emergency Preparedness Workshop in Kigoma town which was held from 22 to 23 August 2016. @UNHCR/Kanali Rankho.>

Increase in the number of new arrivals from Burundi has been observed at almost all of the border entry points throughout Tanzania. The daily average new arrivals recorded during the reporting period was 228 new arrivals in comparison to 256 Burundian asylum seekers who arrived at the various border entry points in late August 2016. Meanwhile, UNHCR continued to work together with the International Organization for Migration (IOM) to relocate the new arrivals from the border entry points to Mtendeli refugee camp.



According to the tracking system established by the Immigration authorities and UNHCR, some spontaneous returns of Burundian refugees have been observed during the last few months. Due to fear of losing their refugee status and access to humanitarian assistance, many individuals have been reported to return spontaneously without informing the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA), Immigration authorities and UNHCR of their movements. Cross-sectoral collaboration involving all relevant stakeholders will take place in the coming weeks to establish a more accurate picture of the situation. A validation process is currently ongoing to identify the individuals who have returned.

#### Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV)

During the reporting period, there were approximately 12,593 (6,994 f/5,599 m) refugees reached in Nyarugusu, Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps through a series of interactive outreach activities aimed at disseminating information throughout the border entry points on the basic understanding of Sexual and Gender Based Violence (SGBV) cases, reporting and available services.

Meanwhile, the mobile legal aid clinics continued to bring access to information closer to the refugee population. This was made possible through an inter-agency activity led by the International Rescue Committee (IRC) in Nyarugusu refugee camp and Women's Legal Aid Centre (WLAC) in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps.

During the reporting period, IRC conducted a protection monitoring assessment to understand the accessibility, availability and awareness of SGBV services amongst the Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs) across different zones in all three refugee camps. The service delivery and outreach program will be designed based on the assessment findings.

#### Youth

During the reporting period, peer educators from different partner agencies conducted community mobilization and sensitization activities reaching a total of 158 (73 f/85 m) youths in Mtendeli refugee camp and 664 (305 f/ 359 m) youths in Nduta refugee camp through the zonal meetings, home visits and other socialization activities at the food distribution points. The awareness raising sessions mainly focused on the youths and adolescents programing, the negative implications resulting from child abuse and exploitation, HIV/AIDS, SGBV, as well as early marriages and pregnancies.

In addition, Plan International has reached 472 youths in a range of recreational activities in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps. These recreational activities include football, basketball, volleyball, traditional songs, and traditional dance, drama, music and art performances.

Below is a table with gender-disaggregated figures related to the number of youths who have been provided with a range of vocational training programs by Plan International. These training programs include tailoring, soap making, bread making and carpentry. Meanwhile, the life skills training program include communication skills, HIV/AIDS and Adolescent Sexual and Reproductive Health (ASRH), SGBV, child protection, hygiene and sanitation, peacebuilding and conflict resolution facilitated by IRC, Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF), Oxfam, Tanzanian Red Cross and Red Crescent Society (TRCS), and MHA:

| Camp     | Training Program     | Total Number of Refugees (Youths and Adolescents) Reached during the Reporting Period |    |       | Cumulative Total Number<br>Reached |     |       |  |
|----------|----------------------|---|----|-------|------------------------------------|-----|-------|--|
|          |                      | F   | M  | Total | F                                  | М   | Total |  |
| Nduta    | Life Skills Training | 51  | 49 | 100   | 410                                | 451 | 861   |  |
| Mtendeli | Life Skills Training | 48  | 52 | 100   | 288                                | 295 | 583   |  |

| Camp     | Training Program    | (Youtl | Number of<br>ns and Ado<br>I during the<br>Period | _     | Cumulative Total Number<br>Reached |     |       |  |  |
|----------|---------------------|--------|---|-------|------------------------------------|-----|-------|--|--|
|          |                     | F      | M   | Total | F                                  | М   | Total |  |  |
| Nduta    | Vocational Training | 48     | 72  | 120   | 48                                 | 72  | 120   |  |  |
| Mtendeli | Vocational Training | 58     | 75  | 133   | 58                                 | 75  | 133   |  |  |
| Total    |                     | 205    | 248   | 453   | 804                                | 893 | 1,697 |  |  |

Below is a table indicating gender-disaggregated figures related to the number of youths who have been provided with advocacy programs which include marriage practices, legal age and polygamy as well as peacebuilding and trust by the Tanganyika Christian Refugee Services (TCRS):

| Camp     | Training Program  | Total Number of Refugees (Youths and Adolescents) Reached during the Reporting Period |    |       | Cumulative Total Number of Reached |    |       |  |
|----------|---|---|----|-------|------------------------------------|----|-------|--|
|          |   | F   | M  | Total | F                                  | M  | Total |  |
| Nduta    | Focus Group Discussions on marriage practices, legal age and polygamy | 36  | 42 | 78    | 36                                 | 42 | 78    |  |
| Mtendeli | Focus Group Discussions on marriage practices, legal age and polygamy | 20  | 20 | 40    | 20                                 | 20 | 40    |  |
| Total    |   | 56  | 62 | 118   | 56                                 | 62 | 118   |  |

#### **Child Protection**

A campaign was launched by Plan International in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps during the food distribution days which aimed at bringing attention to the availability of spaces at the Child Friendly Spaces (CFS) to host children while their caregivers are occupied in various activities. As a result, the number of children attending the CFS in Nduta refugee camp has positively increased. Similar campaigns will be replicated in other refugee camps throughout the month of September 2016.

During the reporting period, the newly established Child Protection Committees in Mtendeli refugee camp have started identifying and referring cases through the referral pathway.

Plan International conducted Best Interest Assessments (BIA/s) which covered for 2,208 (919 f/ 1,289 m) unaccompanied minors and separated children (UAM and SC) during the reporting period in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps.

Meanwhile, the parenting education sessions continued during the reporting period targeted at both foster parents and children. The sessions were aimed at improving the effectiveness of foster care and relationship between foster parents and children.

Below is a table that shows the gender-disaggregated figures of UAM and SC registered in Nyarugusu, Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps:

| Camp      | Cumulative Total<br>Number of UAM<br>Registered in the<br>Camp |       | Total Number of<br>UAM Registered for<br>the biweekly period |    | Cumulative Total<br>Number of SC<br>Registered in the<br>Camp |       |       | Total Number of<br>SC Registered for<br>the biweekly<br>period |       |    |    |       |
|-----------|--|-------|--|----|---|-------|-------|--|-------|----|----|-------|
|           | F  | M     | Total  | F  | M   | Total | F     | M  | Total | Т  | M  | Total |
| Nyaragusu | 531  | 924   | 1,455  | 0  | 0   | 0     | 975   | 1,081  | 2,056 | 0  | 0  | 0     |
| Nduta     | 323  | 703   | 1,026  | 5  | 7   | 12    | 321   | 364  | 685   | 10 | 10 | 20    |
| Mtendeli  | 152  | 212   | 364  | 12 | 10  | 22    | 157   | 222  | 379   | 8  | 18 | 26    |
| Total     | 1,006  | 1,839 | 2,845  | 17 | 17  | 34    | 1,453 | 1,667  | 3,120 | 18 | 28 | 46    |

#### Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs)

During the reporting period, HelpAge continued with the identification, registration, and documentation of new PSNs in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps in collaboration with UNHCR registration team. A total of 181 PSNs were identified with 48 (30 f/18 m) being the newly identified PSNs in Nduta refugee camp while 133 (93 f/40 m) newly identified PSNs were documented in Mtendeli refugee camp amongst the new arrivals. HelpAge will be conducting detailed individual vulnerability assessments during home visits which will inform specific response and actions required for the PSNs.

IRC has implemented a technical training program for the Community Based Rehabilitation Centre (CBR)/PSNs incentive staff in Nyarugusu refugee camp which covered for 12 (5 f/7 m) staff. The program focused on capacitating the staff on basic medical rehabilitation skills including ethical aspect of care provision for PSNs and rehabilitation procedures from 22 to 26 August 2016.

Meanwhile, HelpAge provided a training for 20 (3 f/17 m) CBR/PSNs incentive staff on the identification of club foot condition and treatment as well as introduction to the World Health Organization (WHO) standard wheelchair and seating assessment models.

During the reporting period, IRC assessed 6 (2 f/4 m) cases in Nyarugusu refugee camp which consist of downs syndrome, epilepsy, patella fracture, bilateral knee osteoarthritis and soft tissue injury and neurological conditions. The new cases were attended at the CBR center for medical rehabilitation services.

HelpAge in collaboration with the World Food Programme (WFP), World Vision International (WVI) and UNHCR, have presented a list of PSNs, which has been assessed, to MHA and other partners. The list derived from regular home monitoring visits of PSNs. This list will be used as the basis for prioritization of PSNs during the food distribution activities in both Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps.

Meanwhile, the weekly children's clinic provided functional rehabilitation services to 65 (32 f/33 m) children with disabilities in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps. The children underwent rehabilitation activities that would help to address a range of disabilities.

In addition, IRC also provided a range of physiotherapy treatment services for 28 (14 f/ 14 m) PSNs in Nyarugusu refugee camp. The PSNs were identified with hydrocephalus spinal bifida, hemiplegia, low back pain, cerebral palsy, delayed milestones, monoplegia, post burn contracture, hemi paresis right side, congenital bilateral club foot, osteomyelitis, vision impairment and soft tissue injuries.

IRC also provided reparation services of devices such as wheel chairs, axillary crutches, prosthetics, tricycles and orthopedic shoes for 7 (3 f/4 m) PSNs in Nyarugusu refugee camp.

Below is a table that shows the gender-disaggregated figures of PSNs registered in Nyarugusu, Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps:

| Camp      |       | re Total Number<br>tered in the Ca |        | Total Number of PSNs Registered during the biweekly reporting period |    |       |  |  |
|-----------|-------|------------------------------------|--------|--|----|-------|--|--|
|           | F     | M                                  | Total  | F  | M  | Total |  |  |
| Nyaragusu | 3,718 | 1,209                              | 4,927  | 0  | 0  | 0     |  |  |
| Nduta     | 4,085 | 2,153                              | 6,238  | 30   | 18 | 48    |  |  |
| Mtendeli  | 1,822 | 911                                | 2,733  | 93   | 40 | 133   |  |  |
| Total     | 9,625 | 4,273                              | 13,898 | 123  | 58 | 181   |  |  |

#### Connectivity

Airtel Tanzania has been selected by WFP as the mobile network operator to support the disbursement of its Cash Based Transfer (CBT) program currently under pilot phase for a total of 10,000 PSNs in Nyarugusu refugee camp. The transfer of cash to the beneficiaries will be made through Airtel mobile cash transfer feature. Each beneficiary will receive a SIM card, and a PIN code for a *tap-tap* card. The *tap-tap* card is a technology developed by Airtel Tanzania which enables card holders to conduct transaction easily by tapping the card linked to their Airtel cash transfer feature.

The Area Manager from Vodacom has visited Nyarugusu refugee camp and registered the refugee freelance Vodacom dealers. Vodacom stipulated its intention to set up one-stop outlets in Nyarugusu refugee camp to provide customer care services, training for dealers and ensure availability of vouchers and data to refugees.



#### **Health and Nutrition**

Following the outbreak of yellow fever in DRC, a notification was issued by the Government of Tanzania to vaccinate all refugee new arrivals from yellow fever endemic countries. The vaccines ordered and procured by UNHCR have recently arrived and will be shipped to the camps soon. A discussion is ongoing with the Regional Medical Officer (RMO) on obtaining yellow fever vaccination certificates to be issued to those who have been vaccinated.

The Medecins Sans Frontieres-Switzerland (MSF-CH) has opened an Emergency Room/Intensive Care Unit (ER/ICU) in Nyarugusu refugee camp with the capacity of 40 beds for children under 10 years and other age group depending on the needs. The ER/ICU has been established to cater to emergency cases.

As a result of the joint efforts from both UNHCR and TRCS, two of the three health posts, which were initially closed in Nyarugusu refugee camp, have been re-opened. The health facilities were closed initially due to strikes and resignations of health workers in June 2016.

The UNHCR Senior Mental Health Officer from Geneva completed a two-week mission in Kigoma region. The mission was held from 3 to 15 August 2016. The mission was aimed at assessing quality services for mental health and psychosocial support in Nyarugusu, Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps, analyzing the referral care and clinical supervision for mental health services and visiting the referral center in Kigoma and Kibondo towns.

Following the gaps and delay in receiving the 2015 order of essential drugs (including anti-malaria drugs), a partial shipment of drugs including antibiotics, analgesic and other supplies have recently arrived and were immediately dispatched to Nyarugusu, Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps.

The Medecins Sans Frontieres-Holland (MSF-H) and TRCS have conducted measles vaccination for children between the age group of 6 to 59 months in Mtendeli refugee camp. The campaign has been concluded on 23 August 2016 which targeted between 5,000 to 7,000 children taking into account the overall camp population.

The training for the enumerators of the Standardized Expanded Nutrition Survey (SENS) was conducted from 15 to 19 August 2016 followed by the labeling of households in various zones in Nyarugusu refugee camp for the sampling.

The survey will cover five modules including anthropometric, Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Promotion (WASH), malaria, Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF), as well as anemia. The data collection for the Burundian zones has been completed while the data collection for the Congolese zones is currently ongoing.

IRC began the provision of Reproductive Health (RH) services in Nyarugusu and Mtendeli refugee camps funded by Cargill Foundation for the period of two years. The services include Ante-Natal Care (ANC), Post-Natal Care (PNC), Family Planning (FP), Prevention of Mother-To-Child Transmission (PMTCT) and clinical care for SGBV. In addition, IRC will also support the provision of RH services at the District Hospital in Kibondo town.

# ☐ Education

The following table illustrates the number of Burundian refugee students enrolled against the number of actual attendance in the three refugee camps:

| Description       | Camp      | Students | Enrolled in | Schools | Students Attending Schools* |        |        |  |
|-------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|---------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--|
|                   |           | F        | M           | Total   | F                           | M      | Total  |  |
|                   | Nyarugusu | 1,081    | 1,777       | 2,858   | 814                         | 779    | 1,593  |  |
| Pre-school        | Nduta     | 607      | 373         | 980     | 607                         | 373    | 980    |  |
|                   | Mtendeli  | 175      | 181         | 356     | 98                          | 73     | 171    |  |
|                   | Nyarugusu | 13,385   | 12,734      | 26,119  | 8,589                       | 8,717  | 17,306 |  |
| Primary schools   | Nduta     | 7,867    | 9,036       | 16,903  | 7,301                       | 8,809  | 16,110 |  |
|                   | Mtendeli  | 2,717    | 3,153       | 5,870   | 2,317                       | 2,759  | 5,076  |  |
|                   | Nyarugusu | 2,775    | 3,070       | 5,845   | 1,731                       | 2,254  | 3,985  |  |
| Secondary Schools | Nduta     | 155      | 780         | 935     | 155                         | 780    | 935    |  |
|                   | Mtendeli  | 424      | 966         | 1,390   | 332                         | 690    | 1,022  |  |
| Total             |           | 29,186   | 32,070      | 61,256  | 21,944                      | 25,234 | 47,178 |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Please note that the attendance figures were reflected as per the latest figures collected prior to the school's holiday.

Preparatory activities were initiated for the administration of the 2015/2016 primary and secondary school examinations for Burundian refugee students at the three camps in Kigoma region, i.e. Nyarugusu, Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps. These examinations were initially scheduled to take place from 23 to 26 August 2016. UNICEF worked in close consultation with the Ministries of Education in Burundi and Tanzania, in particular the National Examinations Council of Tanzania (NECTA), as well as the Tanzanian Ministry of Home Affairs. However, the planned arrangements had to be suspended. Meanwhile, UNHCR and partners are continuing to work together to find a solution which would enable refugee students to take the examinations. A series of renewed efforts are underway to determine the next best course of action in consultation with both NECTA and MHA.

UNHCR is currently involved in the preparation for the school year of 2016/2017 commencement for the Congolese schools in Nyarugusu refugee camp scheduled to re-open on 5 September 2016, while the Burundian schools are planned to open in all three refugee camps on 19 September 2016.

During the first Education Sector Working Group (SWG) Meeting held in August 2016, the team resolved to facilitate more harmonized joint efforts within the SWG, with the immediate areas identified being the Joint Needs Assessment as well as the Teacher Training Program to ensure coherence in the Education programing. The other area of harmonized approach required is to build upon the earlier developed Burundi Refugee Education Response Plan with the intention of developing a Joint Refugee Education Strategy.

UNHCR and its Education partners continue to discuss on the curriculum choice (country of asylum) for the refugee students. The latest round of discussion concluded that the immediate actions shall include both Kiswahili and English being added into the curricula in primary and secondary schools effective first school term of 2016/2017 in September 2016.



WFP has constructed the third food distribution centre in Nyarugusu refugee camp. Meanwhile, the construction of food distribution centre in Mtendeli refugee camp has also been completed. The additional number of food distribution centres in the refugee camps will help to enhance accessibility for refugees during the food distribution activities.

A WFP's CBT Mission was held from 29 August to 1 September 2016 in Kigoma region led by WFP's Head of Program. The main objective of this mission is to conduct a sensitization on WFP's CBT program with the Government authorities, UNHCR and partners. WFP is currently in the process of identifying beneficiaries to receive cash through its CBT program to be piloted for a total number of 10,000 refugees in Nyarugusu refugee camp. The dissemination of information to refugees has been planned to start during the week of 22 August 2016. In light of this, there is an ongoing screening exercise to identify the beneficiaries who will be included in the pilot implementation. The exercise was conducted in Nyarugusu refugee camp on 15 August 2016. WFP is supported by UNHCR and other partner agencies in this exercise. The aim of this exercise is to identify and prepare the list of most deserving refugees as per UNHCR, WFP and partner's PSNs agreed criteria.



Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Promotion (WASH)

#### Water

MSF-CH phased out its WASH services in August 2016 in Nduta refugee camp. Oxfam is now fully providing WASH services in Nduta refugee camp. Meanwhile, MSF-H also began phasing out of WASH services in Mtendeli refugee camp in August 2016 and in the process of handing over their responsibilities to TCRS.

Following a donation made by UNICEF of a surface pump in Nduta refugee camp, the water production volume has increased to 1,500 m<sup>3</sup> per day. The water distribution rate has now reached 28 liters per person per day against the minimum standard stipulated by UNHCR at 20 liters per person per day.

During the reporting period, six boreholes have been successfully drilled in Mtendeli refugee camp with five out of six boreholes connected to the water distribution network bringing the water distribution rate to 20 liters per person per day covering for 39,000 caseload maximum.

Nyaragusu refugee camp's water distribution rate stands at 29.44 liters per person per day.

During the reporting period, there were 356 functional taps which have gone through maintenance services and been replaced in Nduta refugee camp. Meanwhile, there were 480 functional taps installed strategically at the center of each neighborhood in Mtendeli refugee camp.

#### Sanitation

The latrine coverage in Nyaragusu refugee camp stands at 1 latrine per nine persons while the latrine coverage in Nduta refugee camp remains at 1 latrine per 19 persons and Mtendeli refugee camp's latrine coverage stands at 1 latrine per 20 persons.

A total of 90 incentive workers have been deployed in Mtendeli refugee camp as hygiene promoters by TCRS. Each incentive worker is assigned to attend 100 households in daily hygiene promotion and overall sanitation activities.

Through funding from UNICEF, TCRS continued to construct additional latrine blocks at schools in Mtendeli refugee camp. Meanwhile, the water connecting and plumbing activities are currently in progress for the schools with the objective of establishing a reservoir with 10,000 liters' capacity and extended tap stands for the use of the students.



### Shelter and Site Planning

The Emergency Family Shelter construction in Mtendeli refugee camp continued to keep pace with the new arrivals throughout the month of August 2016 with more than 600 shelters being made available. In addition, the reception

capacity has been increased to accommodate 800 to 1,400 persons with an extra kitchen to meet the increased number of new arrivals.

The transitional shelter project has progressed well in Nyarugusu, Mtendeli and Nduta refugee camps with 1,000 out of the total 16,000 proposed shelters now under various stages of construction. UNHCR and its shelter partners continue to maintain high quality of shelters being constructed and increase the community participation. Meanwhile, UNHCR and partners have been working together to solve the persisting challenges related to logistics capacity, water supply for brick-making and procurement for sufficient quantity of certified timber.

The development of roads is in progress in Nduta refugee camp and this will extend to all camps in September and October 2016.

The construction of schools has been delayed. However, this activity will be a priority in the remaining months of 2016 to maximize the number of children in safe learning spaces. The school designs and drawings that incorporates School WASH (SWASH) have now been completed for the use of all shelter partners.



# Access to Energy / the Environment

An energy consulting firm (ARTI Energy) completed the field activities associated to the charred biomass briquetting feasibility study, with a report due to be issued in September 2016. Briquettes alongside other solutions including Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) are expected to help reduce the use of firewood and help address environmental and protection challenges throughout the refugee camps linked to the collection and use of firewood.

## Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

There are 415 (206 f/209 m) refugees that have benefitted from training programs implemented by Good Neighbors Tanzania (GNT) during the reporting period. The programs consist of the Village Savings and Loan (VSLA), Entrepreneurship, and Entrepreneurship Training of Trainers. Meanwhile, there are 285 trainees covered in Nduta refugee camp under GNT's Entrepreneurship Training Program.

The construction of additional market structures in Nyarugusu refugee camp has started and anticipated to be completed in late November 2016.

Meanwhile, the Village Savings and Loan (VSLA) groups in Nyarugusu refugee camp have shown impressive progress related to the initiation of business ideas. The savings and credit groups' formation will soon be replicated in Nduta refugee camp.

A total of 182 trainees visited Kibondo town during a field trip as part of the entrepreneurship training program for the refugees in Nduta refugee camp. The same trainees will be further capacitated on different types of vocational training programs which will start during the week of 5 September 2016. The programs include bakery, beauty salon, and sewing.

The contractors visited the proposed site to construct the Vocational Training Centre; the construction is due to start on 14 September 2016. A Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between Kibondo District Commissioner and MHA as well as GNT is in its final stage of review before signing.

A review analysis of VSLA for the members in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps will start soon. GNT will able to have a better idea of the needs for refugees wishing to take part in the scheme and will thus inform the establishment of the VSLA groups.



# Camp Coordination and Camp Management

The Danish Refugee Council (DRC) entered into a partnership with Tanzanian Water and Environmental Sanitation (TWESA) in Nyarugusu refugee camp to support camp management activities. The partnership is in the process of further elaboration with UNHCR, MHA and other partners.

# Logistics and Core Relief Items (CRIs) / Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Through the funding provided by the Bureau for Population, Refugees and Migration (PRM), IRC provided support to 924 PSNs from the host communities in Nyachenda, Mwali, Makere, Nyamidaho, Mvugwe, Herushingo, Kabanga villages, Kasulu district. IRC provided Non Food Items (NFIs) such as bed sheets and dignity kits.

During the reporting period, HelpAge also distributed clothes and dignity kits to a total of 1,029 PSNs (570 f/459 m respectively) in Nduta and Mtendeli refugee camps.

## Safety and Security

A partial closure of the market in Nduta refugee camp has been agreed following its overall closure on 13 August 2016. The market will reportedly be opened for two days a week trial period and if there will be no security challenges after two weeks, the market will then be opened for three days a week. At the end of the third week, a joint assessment will be carried out and the market will operate as per normal provided that there are no security incidents. Hence, refugees can now travel outside of the camp (following usual procedures of prior authorization) and Tanzanian nationals can have access to the camp.

## Administration and Staffing

The following new arrivals and departures were reported:

#### **New Arrivals:**

- 1. Ms. Julia Butillon, DRC Grants and Reporting Officer has arrived in Kibondo on 30 August 2016.
- 2. Mr. Emmanuel Busanya, TRCS WASH Field Engineer has arrived in Kibondo on 1 September 2016.
- 3. Mr. William Waya, TRCS Water Operation Manager has arrived in Kibondo on 1 September 2016.
- 4. Mr. Eustachkius Sabas, TRCS Water Quality and Quantity Manager has arrived in Kibondo on 1 September 2016.
- 5. Mr. Timotheo Masanyiwa, UNHCR Community Services Associate assigned to Mtendeli refugee camp has arrived in Kibondo on 1 September 2016.

#### Departure:

6. Ms. Nora Hassanien, Save the Children Emergency Response Manager has completed her assignment in Kibondo district on 19 August 2016.

# **WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP**



























































# **WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP**

UNHCR, sister UN agencies and partners are grateful for the generous contributions of donors in support of the Burundian refugees in 2015-2016.

UNHCR works closely with other UN agencies through the UN Reform, Delivering as One initiative and participates in the -UN Development Assistance Plan (UNDAP) 2011-2016, providing leadership for the Refugee Programme Working Group comprised of WFP, UNHCR, UNFPA, UNICEF and IOM. UNHCR also works with the Ministry of Home Affairs, its direct counterpart in Tanzania, while maintaining excellent and productive relations with other Government agencies.

Under the Refugee Coordination Model (RCM), UNHCR leads and coordinates the response to the Burundi refugee emergency in Tanzania. The RCM is intended to provide an inclusive platform for planning and coordinating refugee response in order to ensure that refugees and other persons of concern receive the protection and assistance they require through the collective efforts and capacities of all partners involved.

Partners working on the humanitarian response in Tanzania are as follows: the Government of Tanzania's Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA), Refugee Services Department (RSD), Ministry of Health (MOH), Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA), African Initiatives for Relief and Development (AIRD), Alima Soigner Ensemble (ALIMA), CARITAS, Community Environmental Management and Development Organisation (CEMDO), Church World Service (CWS), Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Good Neighbours Tanzania (GNT), Help Age International, International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent (IFRC), International Organisation for Migration (IOM), International Rescue Committee (IRC), Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF) Belgium, Switzerland and Holland), Oxfam Great Britain (Oxfam GB), Plan International, Relief to Development Society (REDESO), Save the Children, Tanzanian Red Cross and Red Crescent Society (TRCS), Tanganyika Christian Refugee Services (TCRS), Tanzanian Water and Environmental Sanitation (TWESA), the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), the United Nations Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF), the World Health Organisation (WHO), Women's Legal Aid Centre (WLAC), the World Food Programme (WFP) and World Vision.

UNHCR and partners are grateful to the Government and people of Tanzania for their generosity and long standing commitment to hosting refugees.

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