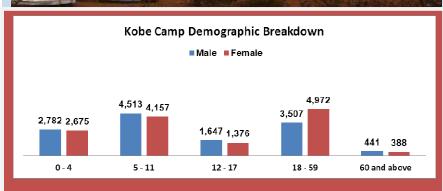
Camp Opened: 24 June 2011 Camp Phase: Care & Maintenance **Refugee Population** 26,458 as of 01st April 2012





Geographic Snapshot		
Ge	eographic S	парѕпос
GPS Coordinates	Longitude:	41.755960
	Latitude:	4.481250
Size of Camp Area		235 hectares
Number of Zones		3
Number of Family Pla	ots	4,840
Average Plot Size pe	r Household	180m ²
Distance from Borde	r	62km

Contextual Background

Pattern in Population Change

Organized large-scale relocation from the Transit Centre began 24 June 2011 and ended 16 July 2011, during which time the camp grew rapidly.

Areas of Origin

59.60% of residents are from Bay; 23.51% are from Gedo; 12.10% of residents are from Bakol; remaining are from various areas

Cultural Background

- Sunni Muslim
- Majority (80%) are May May speakers from Rahanweyn clan and 12% are Mahatiri speakers from Marehan clan; remaining are from various other Somali clans

Main Occupations

Pastoralists (livestock herding: goats, camels, cows, sheep and donkeys)

Tips for Humanitarians

- **UNHCR** provides protection and monitors delivery of services to all refugees in Kobe.
- Camp Management is done by ARRA with support from UNHCR.
- Camp Coordination Meetings, co-chaired by ARRA and UNHCR, are held weekly in Kobe Camp with humanitarian actors.
- All refugees in Kobe Camp are individually registered in UNHCR's proGres database and hold ration cards. Ration card numbers are useful for referral between partners, basic service and for distribution events. By end 2011, refugees will have been given a Proof of Registration document showing family-related and individual details, including each person's photo.
- Biometrics (fingerprinting) has been used for registering refugees living in Kobe. Biometrics assists in preventing double registration. No refugee household should have more than one ration card.
- Treatment of SAM (Severe Acute Malnutrition) and Treatment of MAM (Moderate Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories) Programme, a targeted feeding programme for severely malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years

Administrative Structure

Role of Ethiopian Government in Kobe

- ARRA is active in the following sectors:
 - ▶ Registration
- ► Camp Management
- ► Food Distribution
- ► NFI Distribution
- ► Camp Coordinator
- ARRA staff posted inside the camp include:
 - ▶ Protection Officer▶ Distribution Staff
- Sanitation Specialist
- Role of Camp Residents in Self-Management
- **Refugee Central Committee (RCC)** is a resident coordination and leadership body that is consulted on multisectoral issues pertaining to camp life. It's made up of a Chairman, a Deputy, Zone Leaders and women representatives. Zone Leaders gather information on each zone in the camp, provide information to people living in each zone and advocate on behalf of their respective zone residents.

▶ Camp Security

▶ Site Planner

Conflict Resolution committee

Family reunification committee

Peace committee

Water committee

- Women's Association the Women's Association runs a grinding mill (income generation project), helps with the distribution of sanitary pads and provides representatives to other camp management committees, including the Food Distribution Committee, education, environment committee and the RCC
- Youth Association: is a resident youth leadership body that is consulted on issues pertaining to the youth such as sports, recreational activities, hygiene promotion.
- Food Distribution Committee provide information about food distribution to the community, assist with scooping and provide feedback on the quality of food. Assist refugees in family reunification, guide refugees to UNHCR and partners
- Child Welfare Committee
- Community Outreach workers (8 female & 8 male)
- Disability Committee
- Environment committee
- Education committee
- Neighbourhood Watch Programme (06 Female, 18 male)

Local Administration

The Sub-Kebele Chairman is responsible for local (non-refugee) administration on behalf of Dollo Ado Woreda, Somali Regional State, Ethiopia. The Sub-Kebele Chairman and his administrative committee are consulted about refugee-host community relationship, natural resource use and managing conflicts between the refugee and host communities, with the help of local elders.



The UN Refugee Agency

Kobe Camp: Who Does What Where	
Health	•
Activities	Actors
 Primary Health Care offers in-patient, out-patient, basic laboratory services, Immunization (EPI) and reproductive health including basic emergency obstetric and neonatal care services. 	MSF-Spain
Mobile vaccination teams conducted a vaccination campaign for measles	MSF-Spain, UNHCR, UNICEF, ARRA
 Mobile health teams conducted a vaccination campaign for polio and performed MUAC screening 	UNHCR, ARRA, UNICEF
 Mobile health teams are doing outreach – Active case finding for referral to MSF-S 	UNICEF
 Community Health workers identify new cases, assist in health education, community referrals to the health facilities and following up on patients already in the health programmes.among other activities 	MSF-Spain, IMC
Rehabilitation programmes for disabled people	RADO
Infrastructure	
 Health Clinic has in-patient and out-patient treatment and EPI rooms. For reproductive health, there is an ante-natal care room, delivery room and post-natal care room. The clinic has a laboratory and a dispensary 	MSF-Spain
Gaps	
Comprehensive Emergency obstetric care and emergency surgical services	
No HIV/AIDS program targeting youth	
 Satellite Clinics where health services can be decentralized into the camp. 	
Strengthening of Health Information System	

Nutrition	
Activities	Actors
 Treatment of SAM (Severe Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories) 	MSF-Spain (SC)
Programme, a targeted feeding programme for severely malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years.	IMC (OTP)
Treatment of MAM (Moderate Acute Malnutrition), 04 sites identified and 02 operational	IMC
Blanket / complimentary feeding for all children between 6 – 59 months	IMC, WFP
Infant Young Child Feeding Programme	IMC, SC-S, UNICEF
Infrastructure	
01 OTP Centre	MSF-Spain
MAM / Blanket Feeding Centres, 04 sites identified and 02 operational	IMC
Gaps	
Strengthening of Health Information System	
Strengthen outreach nutrition and IYCF program	

Water, Hygiene & Sanitation	
Activities	Actors
Direct provision of treated water from non-permanent water treatment plant	IRC, UNHCR
Hygiene Promotion	IMC, ARRA
Solid Waste Disposal activities have been initiated	IMC
Infrastructure	
 Permanent water system installation, including a water treatment plant is being installed near Kobe and a pipeline project is completed 	IRC, UNHCR
Communal latrines	IMC, UNHCR
Family latrines	IMC, UNHCR
Gaps	
Repairs and maintenance of existing infrastructure	
Access road to the water source	

Protection & Community Services	
Activities	Actors
On-site ARRA Protection Officer is the first point of contact for security liaison and cases of detention	ARRA
Child protection activities, including establishing child-friendly spaces	UNHCR, SC-US, UNICEF
Supporting camp self-management committees	UNHCR, ARRA
 Establishing programmes that prevent and respond to Sexual and Gender Based Violence incidents 	UNHCR, IMC
Protection monitoring and counseling; individual case follow-up	UNHCR
Supporting refugees with specific needs	UNHCR, RADO
Grindings mills for women	UNHCR
Child friendly spaces with playgrounds, games and materials	SC – US, UNICEF
Provision of community services and psycho-social counseling	UNHCR
Facilitation of family reunification, including for Unaccompanied Minors and Separated Children	UNHCR, ARRA,UNICEF
Supporting Older person	HelpAge, PWO
 Community outreach / information dissemination to the beneficiaries/to the local authorities 	UNHCR
Refugee/Host community conflict resolution	UNHCR/ARRA
 Registration updates, lost ration cards and newborn and death registration ("continuous registration") 	UNHCR, ARRA
Mobility devices (e.g. wheelchairs, crutches) for the disabled	RaDO
 Provision of sanitary materials to women and girls reproductive age (13 – 49) 	UNHCR, ARRA
Infrastructure	
Child Friendly Spaces	UNICEF, SC-US
Women's Centre is under construction	IMC
Gaps	
Legal aid counseling	
 Capacity building for Camp Security and Police Officers in the camp and food distribution watch man in the can 	np
Refugee Community / multipurpose centre	
 Grinding mills project needs for the Women's Association in the camp and for host community. 	
Self-reliance	
Youth activities	
Child friendly spaces and facilities need improvement	

Kobe Camp: Who Does What Where (continued)	
Shelter	A
Activities	Actors
Emergency shelter (tent) supply and erection	UNHCR, NRC
Transitional shelter provision	NRC
Dome shelter project implementer (semi-permanent transitional shelter)	AHA, AHADA
Infrastructure	
 Emergency Shelter: Lightweight Emergency Tent; 2 rooms; can accommodate average family size of 5 persons; 15- 21m² 	UNHCR
 Emergency Shelter: Family Tent; 1 room; can accommodate average family size of 5 persons; 16 m² main floor area, plus two 3.5m² vestibules, for a total area of 23 m² 	UNHCR
Emergency Shelter: NRC Tent (1 room); can accommodate one family	NRC
 Transitional Shelter: dome shelters; 1 room; (metal domes covered with plastic sheeting) 	AHA, UNHCR
 Transitional Shelter: bamboo and mud brick shelters; 1 room; (note: project commencing) 	NRC, UNHCR
Gaps	
Survey Results prepared and send for feedback	
Semi-Permanent Transitional Shelter is in early stages	

Core Relief Items	
Activities	Actors
 Sleeping mats, jerry cans, buckets, kitchen sets, soap, women's sanitary napkins, female underwear and blankets have been distributed 	UNHCR, ARRA
Distribution of fuel stoves to all families in the camps	ZOA
Infrastructure	
 Central Logistics Base in Hilaweyn Camp (which supplies Kobe) consists of 5 rubhalls 	UNHCR
Kobe Camp has 1 CRI-dedicated rubhall	UNHCR
Gaps	
Cooking stoves	
 Fuel, Lamps, mattress, clothes and slippers for children 	

Logistics)
Activities	Actors
Truck fleet for field deliveries	UNHCR
Transportation of family reunification cases	IOM
Office and facilities construction	UNHCR
Vehicle maintenance, generator repair and other technical support services	THW
Infrastructure	
Logistics infrastructure for Kobe Camp is located in Hiloweyn Camp and Dollo Ado	
Vehicle Maintenance, generator repair and technical support services are provided by THW in UNHCR Dollo Ado	
compound	
Two rub halls used for storage	
Gaps	
Further upgrade of access roads to the camp to Type B	
Insufficient storage space for CRIs	

Education	
Activities	Actors
Non formal education	LWF
Primary school construction	ARRA, LWF, ZOA, NRC
Emergency primary education	SC-US
Infrastructure	
Emergency school	SC-US
Gaps	
 Primary and secondary school facilities (classrooms, books, desks, teachers, school WASH facilities) 	
Adult basic educational and language skills training	

Environment	•
Activities	Actors
Distribution of solar lamp	PWO, LWF, ZOA
Fuel saving stove	ZOA
 Nursery establishment, so far raised more than 50,000 seedlings and distributed more than 41000 seedlings to refugee households, IPs and host communities, formed area closure of 2 hectares for reforestation, environment clubs and community sensitization on environmental protection and conservation. 	PWO
Infrastructure	
■ n/a	
Gaps	

- Environment protection mechanism
- Need of the environment assessment in the camp Lack of proper coordination among the IP working on the environment
- Strengthening the environmental committee



























Kobe Camp: Who Does What Where (continued)

Food	
Activities	Actors
Food supply, transportation and distribution	WFP, ARRA
Infrastructure	
1 Food-dedicated Rubhall and a food distribution point	ARRA
Gaps	
Secondary distribution points	
 Food distribution system and post-distribution monitoring (no accurate process, no accurate food ar 	nd stock report)

Actors
PAPDA
ZOA, LWF, PWO
UNHCR
PWO





















