

Middle East Response To Tuberculosis, HIV/AIDS and Malaria

Nada NAJEM, MD
Technical Officer TB/HIV



CELEBRATING 65 YEARS OF EXCELLENCE IN SERVICE
AND SUPPORT OF HUMANE, EQUITABLE AND DIGNIFIED
MIGRATION



Outline

- ✦ Recent GF figures
- ✦ Who is IOM the PR
- ✦ MER
- ✦ TB
 - ⌘ Services available to Beneficiaries
- ✦ HIV
 - ⌘ Services available to Beneficiaries



Global Fund

Accelerating the end of AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria as epidemics

The Global Fund partnership mobilizes and invests nearly US\$4 billion a year to support programs run by local experts in countries and communities most in need.



22
MILLION

LIVES SAVED THROUGH THE
GLOBAL FUND PARTNERSHIP

[Impact >](#)



11
MILLION

NUMBER OF PEOPLE CURRENTLY
RECEIVING ARV THERAPY

[HIV/AIDS >](#)



17.4
MILLION

NUMBER OF PEOPLE TESTED AND
TREATED

[Tuberculosis >](#)



795
MILLION

NUMBER OF INSECTICIDE-
TREATED NETS DISTRIBUTED

[Malaria >](#)



IOM

An IGO, formed in 1951, HQ in Geneva, Governed by a Council of MS's and a DG. UN related organization (Sept 2016).



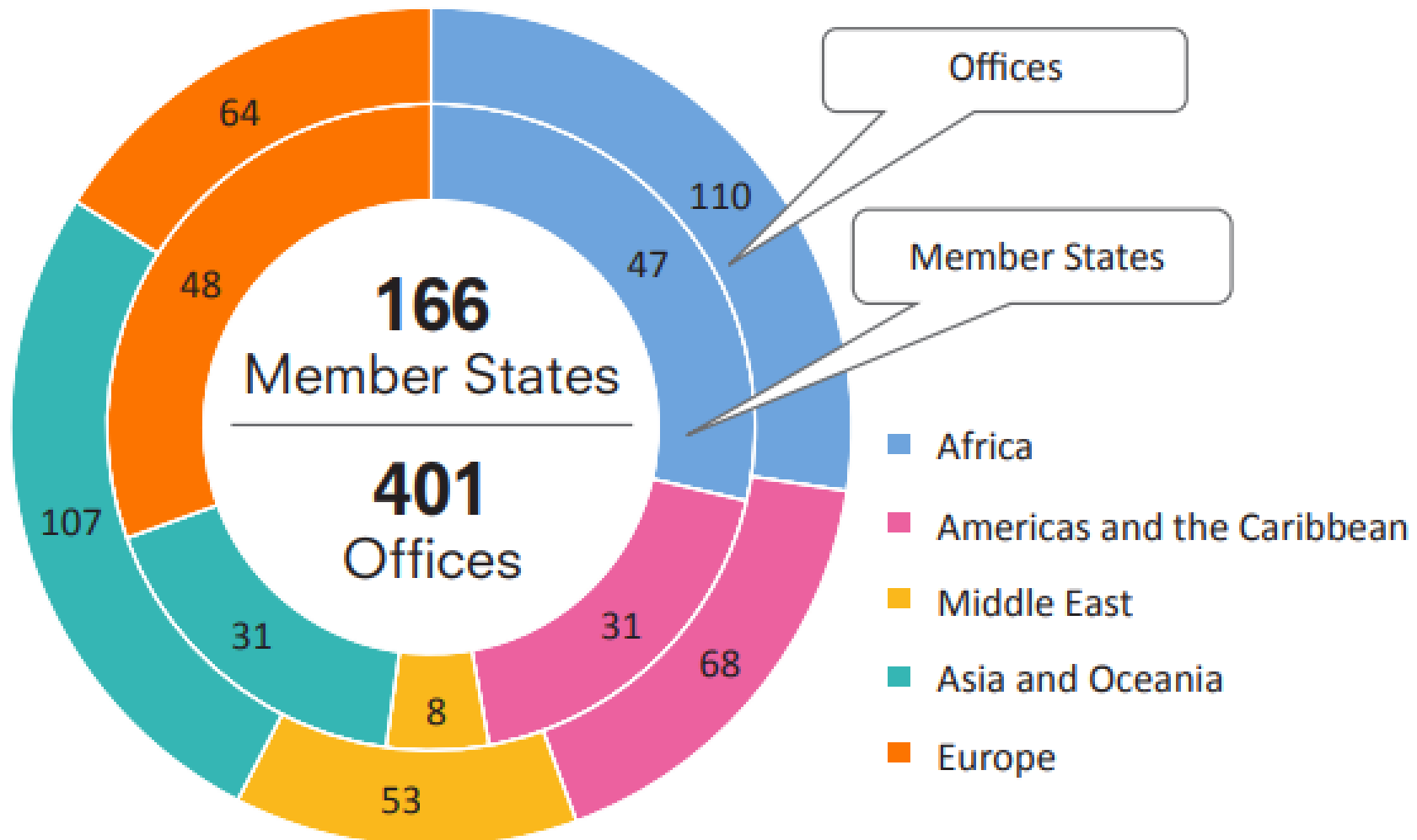


IOM SNAPSHOT 2017

DIGNIFIED, ORDERLY AND SAFE MIGRATION FOR THE BENEFIT OF ALL

Established in 1951, the International Organization for Migration is the leading intergovernmental organization in the field of migration and is committed to the principle that humane and orderly migration benefits migrants and society. IOM works with its partners in the international community to assist in meeting the growing operational challenges of migration, advance understanding of migration issues, encourage social and economic development through migration and uphold the well-being and human rights of migrants.





MER

- ✦ The Middle East Response (MER) is an initiative that will provide essential HIV, TB and Malaria services to key and vulnerable populations including refugees, Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), women, children, other conflict affected populations in Syria, Lebanon, Jordan and Yemen.
- ✦ In June 2016, the Global Fund identified MHD IOM as the Principal Recipient for its Middle East Response Grant (MER). The Middle East Response (MER) is a differentiated and innovative approach to ensuring that current HIV, TB and malaria grants from the Global Fund to these countries are implemented more effectively and efficiently through an implementation approach using a unified regional platform managed by IOM supported with several policy exceptions from the Global Fund.



Objectives of MER

- ✦ Ensuring TB diagnostics and treatment for Syrian and Palestine refugees, including provision of drugs and commodities.
- ✦ Improving knowledge on the TB epidemic and improve coordination of the response to Syrian refugees.
- ✦ Providing treatment and care to Syrian and Palestine refugees living with HIV
- ✦ Supporting HIV testing and TB/HIV testing efforts among the Syrian refugee population and Palestine Refugee population.



Implementation map - Partners

- ✦ HQ level agreements: UNAIDS, WHO, UNHCR
- ✦ Regional Level agreements: WHO EMRO
- ✦ National Level partners:
 - ∞ Lebanon: WHO, UNHCR, UNRWA, NAP, NTP and NGO's



Lebanon

- ✦ Direct services to beneficiaries for both TB and HIV: Diagnostics, transportation, hospitalization and treatment.
- ✦ System strengthening.



Tuberculosis



Strategy to End TB

- ✦ Achieve universal access to high-quality diagnosis and patient-centered treatment
- ✦ Reduce the human suffering and socioeconomic burden associated with TB
- ✦ Protect poor and vulnerable populations from TB, TB/HIV, and MDR-TB
- ✦ Support development of new tools and enable their timely and effective use
- ✦ Protect and promote human rights in TB prevention, care and control



ALGORITHM FOR PULMONARY TB

**COUGH \geq 2 weeks plus one of
Hemoptysis, fever, night sweat, weight loss, fatigue, loss of appetite,**

X-ray

X-ray normal

**Other
investigations**

X-ray abnormality

**Smear Microscopy (Sm)
+ Xpert MTB/RIF (Xpt)**



The NTP has identified the following risk groups for systematic screening for TB

1. People living with HIV
2. Adult and child contacts of patient with pulmonary TB
3. Prisoners
4. Refugees in crowded settings
5. On treatment with anti-TNF medication/or planning to
6. Organ or bone marrow recipient
7. On chemotherapy for cancer
8. Hemodialysis patient
9. Health care worker (nurse, medical or lab student, lab technician, physician, ...)
10. Coming from high-endemic country or area



- ✦ Suspect
- ✦ Suspect
- ✦ Suspect
- ✦ Refer
- ✦ Refer
- ✦ Refer



HIV



HIV

- ✦ VCT and self-testing
- ✦ Diagnostic testing
- ✦ Follow up testing
- ✦ Trainings





Thank you

