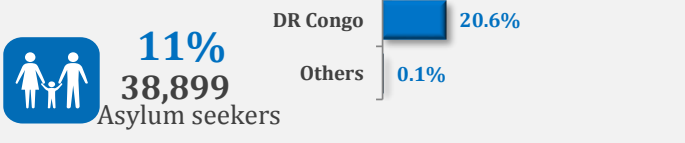
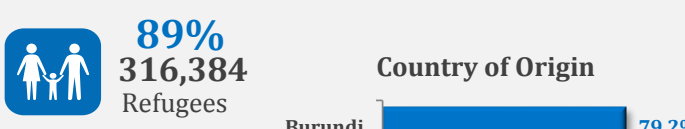
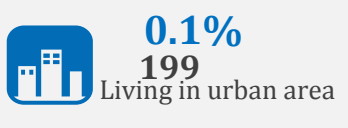
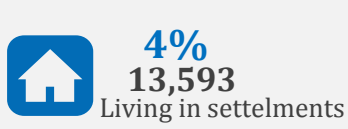
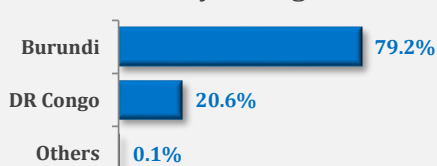


KEY FIGURES

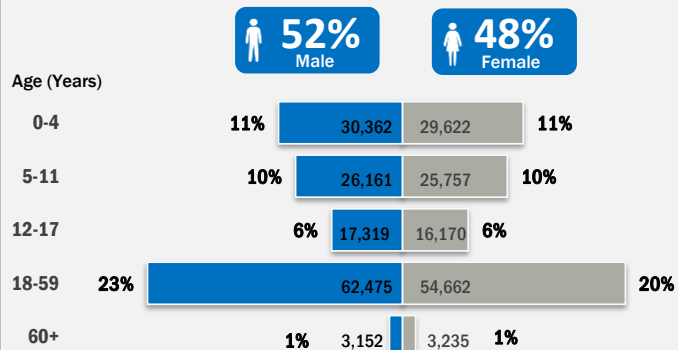
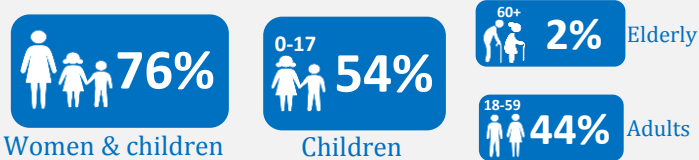


Country of Origin

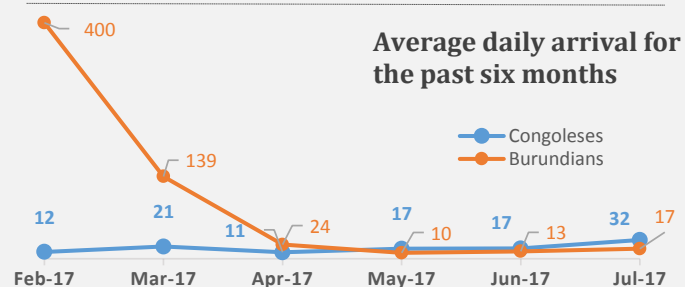
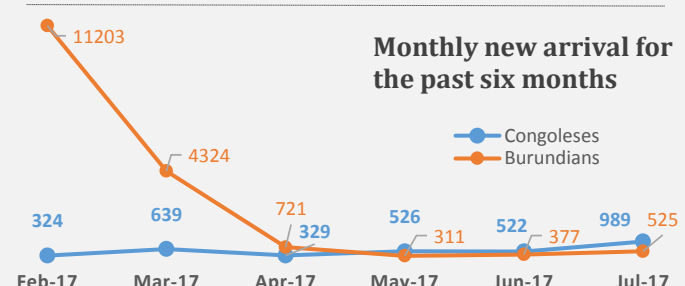


AGE AND GENDER

Registered Refugees in Camps and Settlements

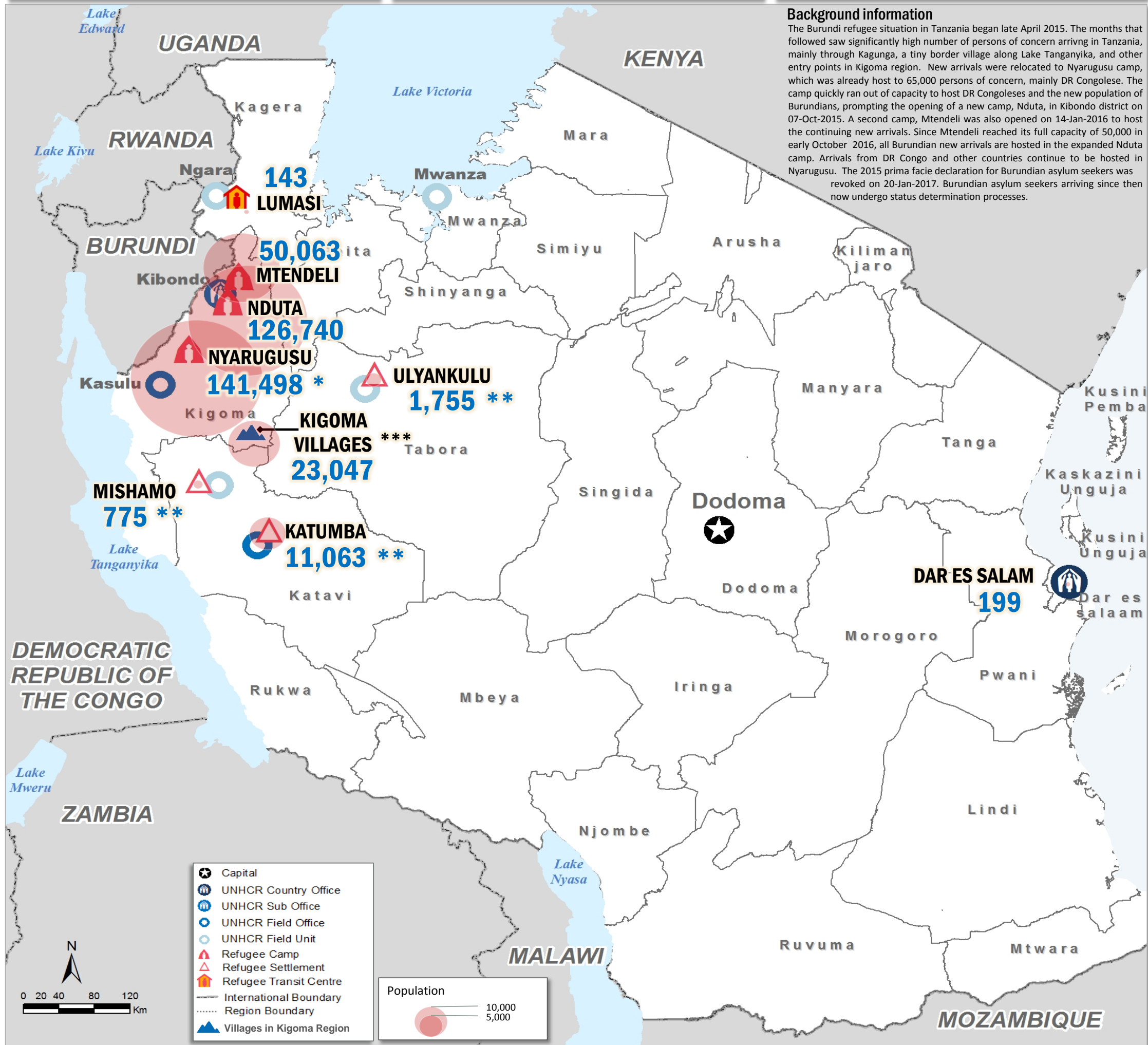


NEW ARRIVAL TRENDS



Background information

The Burundi refugee situation in Tanzania began late April 2015. The months that followed saw significantly high number of persons of concern arriving in Tanzania, mainly through Kagunga, a tiny border village along Lake Tanganyika, and other entry points in Kigoma region. New arrivals were relocated to Nyarugusu camp, which was already host to 65,000 persons of concern, mainly DR Congolese. The camp quickly ran out of capacity to host DR Congolese and the new population of Burundians, prompting the opening of a new camp, Nduta, in Kibondo district on 07-Oct-2015. A second camp, Mtendeli was also opened on 14-Jan-2016 to host the continuing new arrivals. Since Mtendeli reached its full capacity of 50,000 in early October 2016, all Burundian new arrivals are hosted in the expanded Nduta camp. Arrivals from DR Congo and other countries continue to be hosted in Nyarugusu. The 2015 prima facie declaration for Burundian asylum seekers was revoked on 20-Jan-2017. Burundian asylum seekers arriving since then now undergo status determination processes.



* 62,979 persons of concern pre-Burundi crisis, 78,519 New Arrivals from mainly Burundi and DR Congo
 ** Old Settlements Population as of 14-Aug-17 (All others stats as of 31-Jul-17)
 *** Refugees living in some Villages in Kigoma Region
 For more information or suggestions please contact: tankbim@unhcr.org or visit: https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/burundi/location/2034 Creation Date: 21 August, 2017
 This document is prepared by UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency