# Cash for Work in Zaatari Camp

**Basic Needs and Livelihoods Working Group** 

As a result of the lack of livlihoods opportunities in Zaatari camp, UNHCR and partners have focused their efforts on providing a significant number of services through Cash for Work (CfW); an initiative in which refugees are renumerated for supporting partner programming in the camp. CfW activities are coordinated by the Basic Needs and Livelihoods Working Group (BNLWG) and partner members, who during 2015 developed CfW guidelines that aim to promote equal CfW opportunities to all refugees in the camp, and improve information management about the active cash for workers by harmonizing the CfW approach of humanitarian actors. To facilitate the continuous development of the CfW guidelines and increase the transparency of CfW activities in the camp, the BNLWG has developed a CfW factsheet. This factsheet is based on the information that humanitarian actors in the camp provide to the BNWG about their CfW activities at the end of each month.

# **Key Figures for July 2017**

Total camp population (18+): 32,776

Total camp cases: 17,576

Total number of cash for workers:	6,106
Percentage of cash for workers:	19%
Total number of cases engaged in CfW:	5,655
Percentage of cases engaged in CfW:	32%
Total amount spent on CfW activities:	648.448*** JOD

225 Total number of cases with more than one cash for worker: \*\*

Total number of vulnerable cash for workers: 887

984 Total number of cash for workers who have vulnerable family member:

Number of duplications identified\*:

Number of duplications resolved\*:

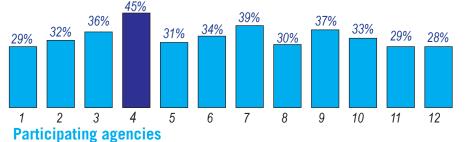
\*Duplications indicate that an individual was selected to be engaged in CfW activities by two different organisations during the same period

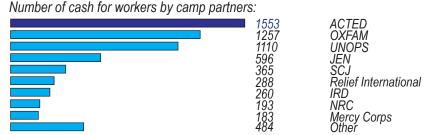
\*\* A total of 22 cases had more than one cash for worker during the same time period (Duplication) while 203 cases had more than one cash for worker during the same month but on different dates.

\*\*\* The spent amount is missing Handicap International and IRC amount.

#### **District of residence**

Percentage of cases engaged in CfW in each district:





#### BNLWG response to community feedback:

In July, CfW was not discussed at any community gathering\* held across the camp.

\* Community gathering are a two-way communication forum between Syrian refugees and camp partners to find solutions to community problems in Zaatari camp. Each gathering hones in on one primary topic.

#### Gender of cash for workers

Proportion of cash for workers by gender:



### **Position type**

Proportion of fixed or rotational positions:



#### Skill level

10

10

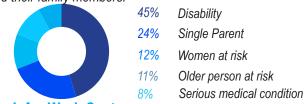
Proportion of cash for work position skill level:



#### **Vulnerabilities**

Proportion of vulnerabilities identified for cash for workers

and their family members:



# **Cash for Work Sectors**

Proportion of cash for work positions by sector:

54%	WASH
28%	Education
7%	Child Protection
3%	Community Mobilisation
2%	Health
2%	Basic Needs & Livelihood
2%	Food
2%	Shelter

## Feedback: UNHCR section:

In July, UNHCR CfW data management team provided the following feedback regarding CfW activities:

Agencies should share the list of volunteers with UNHCR to check their eligibility before engaging them in any activity.

Agencies must adhere to the rotation mechanism that outlined in the SOPs.

UNHCR should be informed immediately when fixed or rotational cash for workers cease to be employed by agencies.

\*All reported figures and analysis on this factsheet are based on the cash for work data submitted by huminitarian actors in Zaatari camp for July, and are therefor not representative of the cash for workers who were employed by agencies who did not submit their data or have submitted incomplete data. Further, the analysis covers the total idividual cash for workers reported as active during July, rathar than the number of positions filled.





























