MEDICAL CHECKLIST FOR INCIDENTS OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE

Interviewing children under the age of 18, and/or documentation of cases involving children under age of 18 should be done in the presence of an adult or guardian, as chosen by the child

Always keep the best interest of the child in mind, and provide everyone with quality services!

KEY GUIDELINES

- No decision is made without the **INFORMED CONSENT** of the survivor, children have the right to participate in decision making processes
- Conduct discussions in private settings with same-sex staff
- **NEVER** blame the survivor
- Be a good listener, and non-judgmental
- Be patient: do not press for information she does not want to share
- Ask only relevant questions
- Avoid the survivor having to repeat her story in multiple interviews
- Do not laugh, show disrespect or disbelief
- At all times, prioritize survivor and staff safety and security
- Always observe the guiding principles of SAFETY, BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD, CONFIDENTIALITY, RESPECT, AND NON-DISCRIMINATION
- All patients have the right to health care, non-discrimination, information, privacy, confidentiality, and self-determination/child participation

Possible Results of Seeking Support (for survivor information):

BENEFITS

- Prevention of HIV infection
- Prevention of pregnancy as a result of rape
- Treatment of sexually transmitted infections
- Treatment of injuries
- Access to emotional and psychosocial support
- Able to conduct forensic report and file case with police/court

CONSEQUENCES

- Compromised confidentiality and safety
- Possible inappropriate treatment by service providers
- Incident reported to others: the police, community leaders, etc.

PRIORITIES FOR HEALTH CARE:



POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS:

- Give to patient within 72 hours/3 days after exposure to blood or semen
- **Prevents HIV infection**
- 28 days course of zidovudine and lamivudine, give 1st dose immediately
- Do NOT insist on HIV test before giving drug
- Does NOT treat HIV if a patient already is infected



Give to women and girls within 5

EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTIVES:

- days after vaginal intercourse
- **Prevents pregnancy**
- Is NOT an abortion method
- Does NOT affect an already existing pregnancy if the women/girl was pregnant before the rape







SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS:

- Give antibiotics to patients after intercourse to treat sexually transmitted infections
- Give to patient within 2 weeks after intercourse
- Treats chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis
- No treatment available for warts

