

# Kabul Informal Settlements



Background

• Prior 2009 involvement

2009 mapping of KIS

• 2010 Prot. Profiling 8 KIS 50% po

Priority given to sites facing eviction threat

Initial report shared to guid

strategy



## Mapping findings

- 52 KIS identified
- Pop. 5,544 fam./33,264 ind.
- Tents, mud structures, disused buildings.
- Some sites established in 2002.
   Others more recently, including 2012.
- Land: Government, privately or by Kabul Municipality.



# Profiling Findings: Population

- Place of origin: All regions except SE.
- Ethnicity: Jogi, Jat/Baloch, Tajik, Pashtun and Hazara.
- **Displacement history:** Assisted returnees 75%, sponten. 14%, deportees 6%, never left 5%.
- **Year of return:** 2004, 2005 and 2007.
- Reasons for living in KIS:
   landlessness, access to services, security.
- Unwilling to return land, jobs, services, security.



## Profiling Findings: Assistance needs

- Employment: casual labour, begging (women and children).
- WATSAN: limited access to clean water, poor hygiene/sanitation.
- **Health:** access to clinics but prohibitive cost of medicine. Unsafe deliveries.
- Education: forced labour. Limited access.





### Profiling Findings: Protection

• Security of tenure – threat of eviction.

 Physical security – general insecurity in Kabul, UXOs.

- Tension with local community/discrimination.
- Drug abuse.
- SGBV domestic violence
- Documentation especially children born in KIS.
- Limited access to services, including education.

### Responses

- Sharing of profiling findings and protection gaps at CRPC
- OCHA coordination of humanitarian gaps/interventions at KIS meeting.
- Identification and assistance of EVIs.
- Referrals, e.g. UXO risk to MACCA.
- Project development with UN-HABITAT for 2012/13







