



Photo 1. Recreational activities in Gaoui transit site

HIGHLIGHTS:

- IOM is in the process of creating site profiles and is currently organizing a registration verification exercise to Mbitoye.
- Chagoua transit site (TS) in N'Djamena closed on 23 April and all the remaining evacuees in the TS were either transported to final destinations (FD) or relocated to the two longer term sites in the south.
- All operations in Moundou TS have ceased. The site will be reactivated should there be new arrivals of Chadian migrants currently stranded in Cameroon.
- Needs identified among the evacuees by IOM include emergency transportation (from EP to TS and FD), psychosocial, reintegration and shelter assistance.
- There are no evacuees in Gore TS as all evacuees have been relocated to the longer-term site of Danamadja by IOM and the local authorities.
- The need for services in Danamadja remains critical and there are currently 7,349 evacuees in the transit site.

IOM's EMERGENCY RESPONSE IN CHAD

- Registration of Returnees, CAR claimed nationals and Third-Country Nationals (TCN) upon their arrival by air or by land and roll out of Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM).
- Emergency health assistance: temporary Health Post in Gaoui TS; emergency medical services in the transit sites; referrals of vulnerable cases and psychosocial care.
- Identification and referrals of Unaccompanied and Separated Children to the Ministry of Social Action; of the CAR citizens to UNHCR; of third-country nationals to their Diplomatic Missions for identification and issuance of Travel Documents.
- Transport of evacuees from border entry points to TSs; Transport of Returnees from TSs to final destinations in Chad and TCNs to their countries of origin.
- Maintenance support of the TSs: maintenance, security, cleaning and decommissioning.
- Information sharing with humanitarian partners on influx, trends, urgent needs, response to the influx and impact in areas of high returns through OCHA.

REGISTRATION AND PROFILING

Since the beginning of the evacuations in December 2013, **97,609** evacuees from the Central African Republic (CAR) have been registered by IOM in Chad.

16,859 evacuees arrived in N’Djamena, mostly by plane, on 82 flights (66 flights from the Government of Chad and 16 from IOM).

80,750 evacuees arrived in the south: to Gore (7,582), Sido (22,747), Doyaba (16,753), Doba (6,760), Mbitoye (17,249), Moundou (9,149),

35,403 evacuees out of 97,609 registered have left for final destinations in Chad with IOM emergency transportation assistance (**29,016**) and with their own means (5,658).

62,562 evacuees out of 97,609 registered (65% of the total) are still living in transit sites: 4,381 in N’Djamena and 58,181 in the south: Gore (0), Sido (13,402), Doyaba

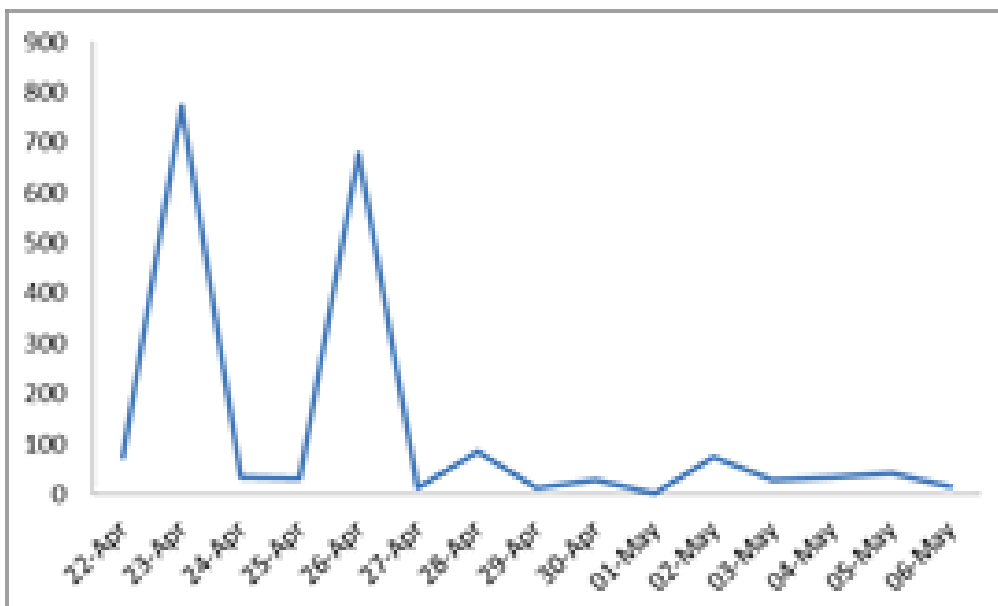
Fig. 1 - Remaining Evacuees in Transit Sites, 6 May 14



(14,179) Doba (6,175), Mbitoye (17,059), Moundou (17).

In Danamadja, one of the three longer-term sites newly identified by the Government there are currently 7,349 evacuees; 729 have been brought by IOM from Gore and 510 are new arrivals.

Fig. 2 - Trend of IOM Daily Registered Evacuees in Chad, 22 Apr - 06 May 14



The IOM daily registered volume of evacuees has declined significantly over the last 2 weeks except for 23-April to 26-April 14. This period coincides with the clashes in the northern part of CAR, as reported by UNDSS 18-April, resulting in registration peaks for Mbitoye/Mbaibakoum and Sido.

Fig. 3 - Evacuees Registered, Transported and Remaining in Transit sites, 06 May 14.

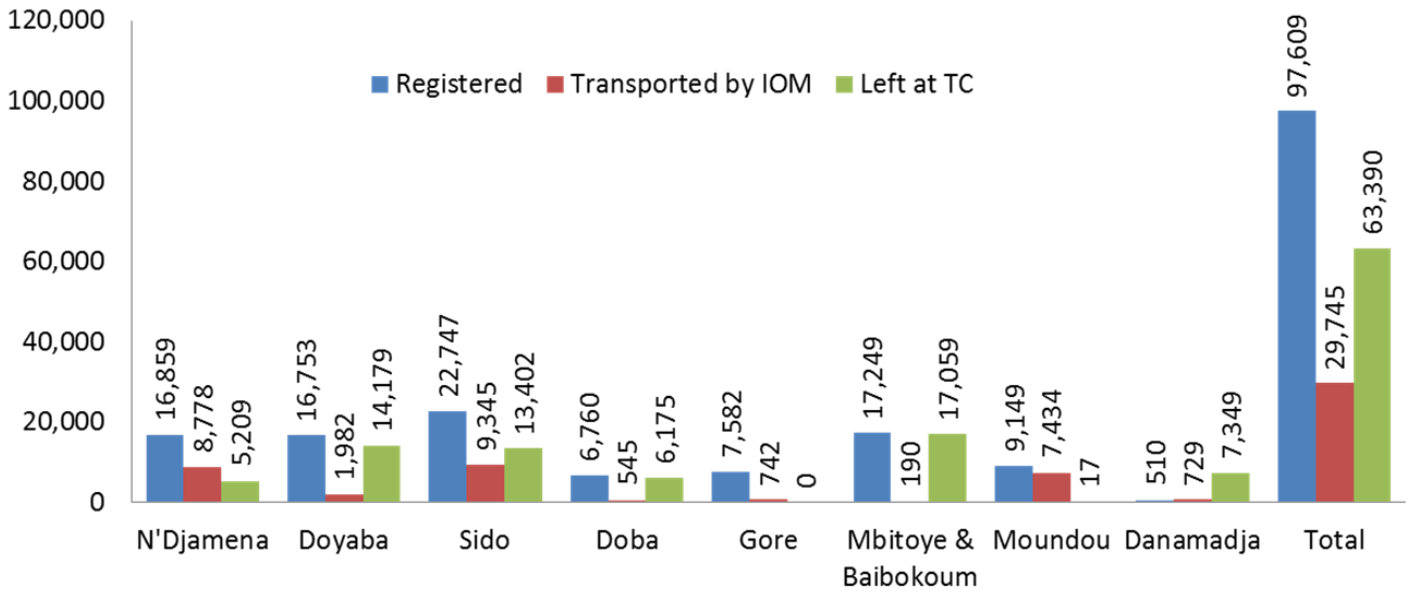
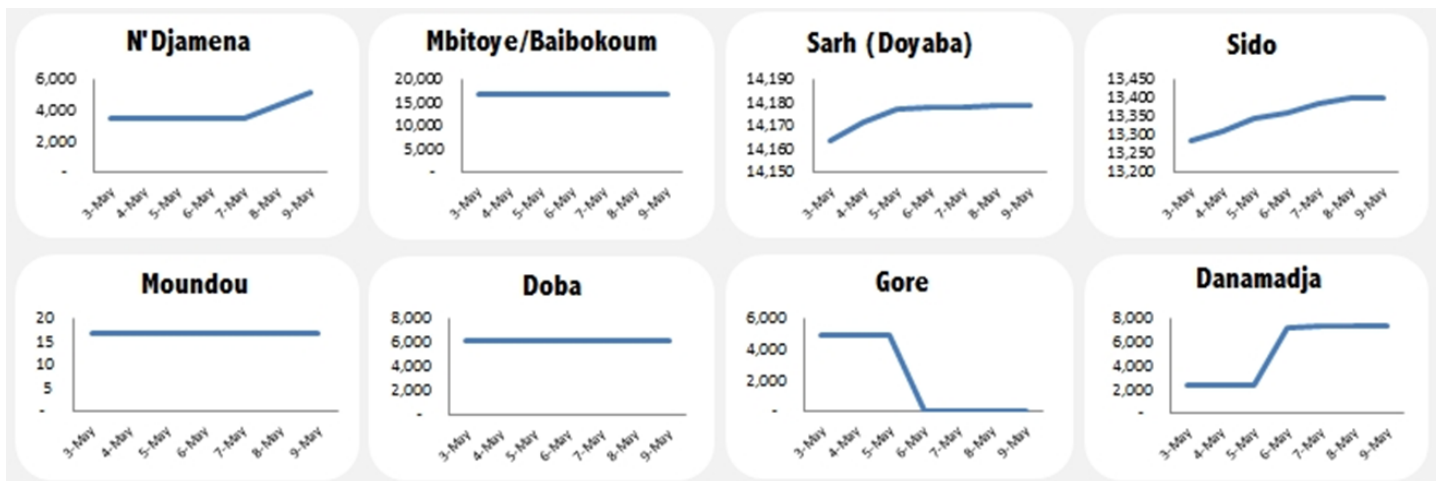


Fig. 4 - Trends of Evacuees in Transit Sites, 06 May



PROTECTION

IOM has continued to provide psychosocial support and follow up to evacuees in TSs and in hospitals. Other protection activities include support to highly vulnerable cases, tracing and reunification of family members in TSs.

In the TSs in **N'Djamena**, 156 persons received psychosocial assistance. This included psychological first aid, referrals, family visits, support group and recreational activities (football games, drawings and ludo).

With the IOM support, a football game was organized for the male youth in **Gaoui** transit center on 03 May.

121 persons participated in recreational activities, 5 persons received psychological first aid, 4 family visits and 22 referrals were carried out in **Sido** TS.

Additionally, 30 persons participated in support groups. 194 persons were involved in the diffusion of key messages on promotion of peace and peaceful co-existence. Messages on Prevention of gender based violence (GBV) were also disseminated targeting 435 persons.

In **Doba** TS, 584 persons benefited from psychosocial activities which included support groups, psychological first aid, recreational activities (including theater, family visits and referrals). One support group has decided to organize activities promoting better information dissemination amongst the TS residents.

In **Gore**, 299 persons benefited from psychosocial activities including recreational activities, psychological first aid, referrals and family visits transit site over the past week.

In **Doyaba** TS, 357 persons were provided with psychosocial support over the past week. This recreational activities (football games, ludo, and drawings), family visits and referrals.

TRANSIT SITE UPDATES

Gore

Over the past week, maintenance of the TS has improved with disinfection of latrines and garbage collection.

As initiated by the local authorities, Gore TS has been emptied and evacuees transferred to the new site of Danamadja.

In coordination with “Action Social”, IOM is relocating evacuees from Gore TS to Danamadja site according to the availability of shelter. Despite vast amounts of evacuees being transferred to Danamadja, Gore TS still remains open for new arrivals. IOM has so far transported 729 from Gore to Danamadja site.

Doba

The IOM focal point reports numerous cases of malaria, trauma and diarrhea. There is a lack of medicines to treat evacuees in need of health services.

Sido

Evacuees expecting newly built shelters remain exposed to sun and rain and in poor living condition. Latrines destroyed and being used as showers. Community to build new showers. Garbage removal remains a priority.

Doyaba

Over the past week the security situation has improved with the continuous monitoring of incoming and outgoing evacuees from the TS. Security remains a priority and evacuees are prohibited to leave the site after 18:00PM because of their safety and security.

Latrines and limited, shelter remain a concern especially considering the rainy season and the already limited provision of shelter and WASH services in the site.

Danamadja

The need for basic services in Danamadja is critical. This includes shelter, WASH and NFIs. 7,349 evacuees are currently residing in Danamadja.



Photos 2 & 3. Makeshift Shelter in Doyaba TS

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

IOM has appealed for USD 29,939,700 million to respond to the needs of evacuees fleeing the CAR crisis in Chad. This includes funding for providing life-saving and basic assistance to Chadian returnees, CAR claimed nationals and other TCNs arriving in Chad.

To date, the appeal remains critically underfunded, jeopardizing the delivery of the very much-needed life saving and basic assistance.

Protection	3,860,000
Health	1,690,536
Emergency Shelter and NFI	6,165,300
Transportation/Logistics	8,223,864
Early Recovery	10,000,000
Total Requested from IOM Chad	29,939,700

IOM THANKS ITS DONORS:



**CENTRAL
EMERGENCY
RESPONSE FUND**



Humanitarian Aid
and Civil Protection

For more information, please contact :

Dr. Qasim SUFI, CoM IOM-Chad (qsufi@iom.int, +235 62 90 0674)
Aliou KA, Operations Coordinator (aka@iom.int, +235 63 98 54 76)
Mahamat NOUR, National Project Coordinator (mnour@iom.int, +235 62 901 007)
Leah MORRISON, Project Development Officer (lmorrison@iom.int, + 235 62 93 33 32)