

KEY FIGURES

162,863

The camp population as at 15th February 2017. The figure is inclusive of Kalobeyei population.

1187

Number of South Sudanese new arrivals registered during the reporting period.

22,405

The population currently hosted at Kalobeyei Settlement.

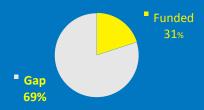
20 litres

The per capita water consumption per person per in Kakuma refugee.

FUNDING

USD 65M

Requested for Kakuma operation.



PRIORITIES

- Movement of new arrivals from Nadapal transit centre to Kakuma
- Monitoring of new arrivals trend
- Development of Kalobeyei settlement
- Maintenance of roads and water network
- Relocation from Dadaab
- Voluntary repatriation (VOLREP)

KENYA

KAKUMA OPERATIONAL UPDATE

 $1^{ST} - 15^{TH}$ FEBRUARY 2017

HIGHLIGHTS

- The operation continues to receive refugees from South Sudan at the Kenya –
 South Sudan border at Nadapal Transit Centre.
- The laying and jointing of a 13 Km water pipeline from Kakuma to Kalobeyei is ongoing. Thus far, a total of 7 Km has been completed. A generator and water pump has been installed at the booster station in Lopur, Kakuma. The pipeline is expected to be complete by the end of February 2017.



PHOTO: Ongoing laying and jointing of the 14Km water pipeline UNHCR/S.Otieno

- UNHCR continues to truck water to over 22,000 refugees and host community in Kalobeyei. Additional commercial water bowsers, with a capacity of 35,000 and 40,000 litres have been hired to supplement the existing 4 UNHCR water bowsers to ensure refugees have access to clean and safe water.
- On 3rd February 2017 at Kakuma airstrip, PDU and RST unit received 46 refugees whose USA resettlement departures were. The refugees were counselled on the prevailing situation.
- On 1st February, UNHCR Kakuma operation hosted a mission from Operational Solutions and Transition Section (OSTS). The mission which comprised of Antonie Sefieir - Associate Programme Office (Solutions) and Helen Atrafi (Policy Officer) toured Kakuma camp and Kalobeyei settlement to familiarize with the operation.
- On 13th February 2017, UNHCR Kakuma operation hosted the new Horn of Africa Team Leader from ECHO Mrs. Sandra Descroix. The Team Leader was on a familiarization tour of Kakuma where she visited among others Kakuma Reception Centre, the IRC hospital and Kalobeyei settlement.
- On 13th February 2017, the operation hosted UN-Habitat's Deputy Executive Director Dr. Aisa Kacyira. Dr. Akisa was accompanied by UNHCR's Country Representative to Kenya Mr. Raouf Mazou among other Un-Habitat and UNHCR staff. The mission toured Kalobeyei water pan site and various infrastructure projects in Kalobeyei settlement.

UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

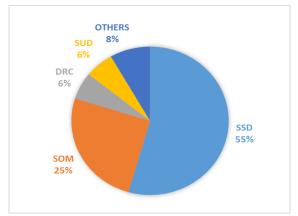
Operational Context

- UNHCR conducts border monitoring visits to Nadapal three to four times a week to ensure that asylum seekers have unhindered access to asylum procedures and are treated humanely. Emergency medical cases are transferred to African Inland Church (AIC) Mission or Lopiding Hospital in Lokichoggio or to Kakuma's referral hospital in Kakuma 4.
- As at 15th February 2017, Kakuma had a registered population of 140,458 refugees from 18 countries. The majority of these refugees are from South Sudan (54.8%) and Somalia (24.4%), followed by Sudan (5.9%) and Democratic Republic of Congo (6.3%) with smaller numbers from other countries.
- In February 2017, UNHCR has registered a total of 1,773 individuals including a total of 1,187 individuals from South Sudan. Since the beginning of January 2017, a total of 3,722 new arrivals have been registered in the UNHCR database.
- As at 15 the February 2017, the population at Kalobeyei settlement stood at 22,405 individuals from 13 countries

including 16,938 (10.4%) individuals from South Sudan. Other nationalities include 2,144 (1.3%), 1,581 (1.0%) Burundians, 969 (0.6%) Congolese among other nationalities.

Over 90% of the new arrivals from South Sudan are women and children coming from Eastern and Central Equatoria, Jonglei, Unity, and Upper Nile States.

The Government of Kenya through the Refugee Affairs Secretariat (RAS), The UN Refugee Agency (UNHCR) and The UN Agency for Migration (IOM) continues to relocate non-Somali refugees from Dadaab refugee camp to Kalobeyei settlement. As at 15th February 2017, a total of 2,611 individuals had been relocated to Kalobeyei settlement. Majority of the relocates are from the Anyuak community from Ethiopia.



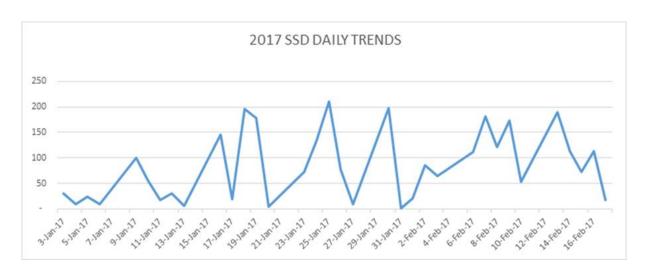


Fig 1: Trends in daily new arrivals

Achievements

Protection

- Birth certificates distribution: A total of 226 birth certificates were distributed in Kakuma and Kalobeyei through the field post system.
- Nadapal Border Monitoring: Protection Delivery Unit (PDU) conducted border monitoring sessions on 2, 7, 9, 14, 16 and 18 February 2017. It was observed that generally the new arrivals did not encounter any problems accessing Kenyan territory and there were no reported cases of refoulement.
- Child Protection: PDU facilitated the first Best Interest Determination (BID) meeting on 17 February 2017. 28 BIDs were forwarded for discussion. However the meeting was postponed to enable the panel members go through with a view the BIDs to select the ones which required prioritization.



PHOTO: A child tightly holds her mother at Savic centre in Kakuma UNHCR/S.Otieno

- Daadab Kalobeyei Relocations: PDU monitored the relocation of 242 households comprising of 821 individuals from Daadab to Kakuma to ensure that the relocation took place in safety and dignity. PDU highlighted some of the cases with specific needs and referred them to the relevant units for follow up. These included water shortages, Bamba Chakula queries, RSD, RST queries and the need for security lighting. Meetings were also held with some of the leaders and follow up made on the issues raised.
- Nairobi Kakuma Relocations: A total of 74 individuals were relocated from Nairobi during the reporting period. The individuals mostly comprised of new arrivals who had arrived in the country through Nairobi. PDU followed up on noted vulnerabilities, making referrals to other units, where appropriate.
- Individual Case management: A total of 7 Protection interviews were conducted and 2 R1s drafted. Most of the cases involve threats or actual physical harm due to long standing feuds, GBV cases and threats of child abduction.
- Flight Corridor Monitoring: A total of 20 asylum seekers (7 adult women and 13 children) who arrested for being unlawfully present in Kenya were offered pro bono legal representation through RCK at Busia-Uganda border. PDU has noted an increase in the number of asylum seekers arrested and charged for being in the country illegally, contrary to Article 31 of the 1951 Convention
- A total of 38 asylum seekers who had been temporarily accommodated by the Kenya Red Cross Kitale Office travelled on their own means to Kakuma. They were received by PDU and taken to the Reception Centre. PDU also continued receiving other persons of concern who had travelled on their own from the border to Kakuma.
- Field Post Coverage: A total of 301 cases were seen in Field Posts 1 and 4 during the reporting period. Individual cases were advised and counselled on the issues and queries presented. Individuals facing insecurity or conflict within the community were referred to LWF peace building for assessment and arbitration and those with livelihood difficulties were referred to NCCK for vulnerability assessment and assistance. .In order to streamline service delivery through the Field posts, a taskforce was set up to come up with suggestions on how to ensure that all persons of concern are able to access the Field Post assistance.
- Safe shelter/ Reception Monitoring: PDU joined the Field Unit in the distribution of NFIs at the Protection Area on 9th February and assisted in solving some issues about families in the safe shelters. Follow up was made to ensure the repair of shelters which were destroyed by strong wind on the same day. 4 size one families, and one size 6 family were placed in the Protection Area. One male South Sudanese refugee who had been sheltering at the security office for two months, due to Protection concerns, was moved to Protection Area.

Education

Achievements and Impact

As at 15th February 2017, the enrollment for both Primary and ECD in Kakuma stood at 64,196 (24,753 F) and 12,028 (5,717F) learners respectively. Kalobeyei Primary and Preschool enrolment stood at 5,656 (2,045 F) and 2,280 (1,150 F) learners. The average attendance rate was reported at 78.6% for Kakuma primary schools and 66.2% for preschools

while Kalobeyei showed attendance rate of 44.7% for primary and 69.6% for preschools.

- The Accelerated Learning Programme (ALP) enrolment stands at 5521(2250 F). This programme targets over-age learners within the primary education in the camp.
- UNICEF donated materials through LWF which included education kits, manila papers, recreational kits, ECD kits and building blocks were distributed to preschools and primary schools.
- Registration of Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE) and Kenya Certificate of Primary education (KCPE) candidates for 2017 is ongoing. 150 candidates from Kalobeyei settlement primary school who were relocated from Dadaab are also targeted for KCPE registration.



Adult learner attends school at Kalobeyei primary school UNHCR/S.Otieno

- Negotiations are ongoing between UNHCR and the community to establish a community secondary school targeting students who could not join secondary schools because of limited spaces. 700 students have already shown interest in this school. Discussions will be finalized in a week's time.
- 4 (3 Boys, 1 Girl) cases of Special Needs Education (SNE) learners were identified. 2 were placed in schools and 2 under home based cases.
- On 7th February 2017, refugee students joined the rest of the world in marking Safer Internet Day. This presented a great opportunity for refugee students at INS centres to discuss appropriate use of the internet in schools and raise awareness on how to use the INS digital tools (internet) in the best and safe way possible.



Food Security and Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

- During the reporting period, a total of 1012 children of age between 6 to 59 months were screened for malnutrition at the Kakuma reception centre out of which 5 (0.5%) were found to be having severe acute malnutrition and 38 (3.8%) to be having Moderate acute malnutrition, giving the proportion found with Global acute malnutrition at 4.3%. All the children identified with acute malnutrition were admitted to respective nutrition rehabilitation programs.
- In Kalobeyei refugee settlement, mass Middle Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) screening campaign was carried out between 6th to 10th February where measurement of the middle upper arm circumference is taken, targeting all children between the age group 6 to 59 months. From this assessment a total of 117 children were reached and measurements taken, out of which 4.3% were found with severe acute malnutrition and another 4.3% found with Moderate Acute Malnutrition.
- Nutrition situation continues to deteriorate in Kakuma and Kalobeyei refugee camps indicated by an increase in number of admissions to nutrition management programs and an increased average length of stay in the programs. Increase in malnutrition is associated to the reduced food rations and cash based intervention that is disproportionate to the increasing food prices. Incidences of Watery diarrhea has also been in an increasing trend in the past weeks caused by chronic water shortage in the 2 camps.



Water and Sanitation

Achievements and Impact

- During the reporting period, the per capita water consumption stood at 20 litre per person per day in Kakuma refugee camp while Kalobeyei settlement reported a per capita consumption of 15 litres per person per day.
- Development of Kalobeyei Water Supply system is on course. A total of 7Km of water pipeline has been laid and jointed while the remaining 7 Km is expected to be complete by the end of February 2017.
- Equipping of two out of the three boreholes drilled for Kalobeyei has been completed and tested. A total of three generators have been installed including one at the water booster station at Lopur, Kakuma.



Shelter & Kalobeyei Settlement

Achievements and Impact

- The settlement master plan for Kalobeyei has been developed with an estimated capacity of 45,000 individuals.
- Development of cluster 1, with an estimated capacity of 13,000 individuals, of Kalobeyei settlement is ongoing. The construction of key infrastructures is complete while maternity and some classrooms are at finishing stage. The completed infrastructures include an ECD and a primary school, a permanent clinic, and a police post.
- The development of cluster 2 including the construction of upgradable shelters and basic facilities is ongoing. The demarcation of farming land including family gardens, market places and neighbourhood markets has been done and sites handed over to Agriculture thematic group.
- A decision has been made to consider the allocation of 10 to 15% of shelter target to host community with priority to households living within the site to promote integration and the services sharing scenario. Identification of beneficiaries is set to commence.



Durable Solutions

Voluntary repatriation (Volrep)

- Registration and counseling of Volrep candidates: A total of 16 households translating to 60 candidates were counseled and registered for Volrep. Among them 23 wanted to return to Mogadishu, 29 registered to go to Kismayo while 8 wished to return to Baidoa. Of the 60 individuals, 24 were females while 36 were males. Additionally, 34 are below the age of 18 years.
- Radio Talk show: On 9th February 2017, a radio talk back show was conducted at FM radio station Atanayeche, courtesy of the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC). Represented on the talk show were UNHCR and NRC. While the Refugee Affairs Secretariat (RAS) and the International Rescue Committee (IRC) had been invited, they were unable to attend. Among the issues discussed during the show were the roles played by each agency involved in the Volrep activities, entitlements for returnees in Kakuma and upon arrival to Somalia and information dissemination, among others.
- Go and See visits: A meeting was held on 14th February 2017 with Somali leaders to select approximately 30 names of those who will participate in the 'go and see' visit to Baidoa and Kismayo scheduled to take place from 27 February to 3rd March 2017 and 6th March to 10th March 2017 respectively.
- There was no return flight to Somalia during the reporting period.



Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

Achievements and Impact

Livelihoods

- During the reporting period, a total of 351 (125 new arrivals) refugees' socio economic skills were profiled and the information will be used to match these skills with available livelihoods opportunities.
- A total of 12 refugee business entrepreneurs managed to repay to the revolving loan account KSH 342,975.00 to enable more entrepreneurs to be enrolled.
- Onsite crop management training was conducted to 200 farmers at the 3 acre farm. High value crops under production are kales, okra, water melon and tomatoes.

Working in partnership

UNHCR continues to work closely with the Government of Kenya, Refugee Affairs Secretariat (RAS) and other partners
to ensure support to refugees and asylum seekers. Monthly Inter-Agency meetings chaired by UNHCR and RAS
continue to be held including monthly meetings with refugee representatives in the camp.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Total requested funding for the Kakuma operation amounts to $US\$ 65 million

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programmes with unearmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

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Links:

Regional portal-http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/regional.php Twitter: @UNHCR_Kenya Facebook: UNHCR Kenya Instagram: UNHCRKenya