

MAURITANIA

UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE

As of 15 April 2017



UNHCR staff meets with urban refugee community during a focus group discussion in Nouakchott. © UNHCR/Helena Pes 2017

KEY FIGURES

1,926

Voluntary returns to Mali facilitated in 2016

5,464

New arrivals from Mali since September 2016

5,003

Malian refugees with specific needs (as of 1 March 2017)

13,757

Malian households in Mbera camp (as of 1 March 2017)

30L

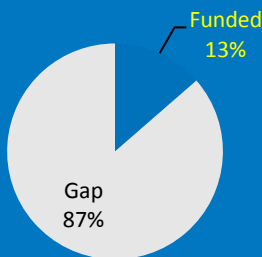
of potable water available per person per day

FUNDING 2017

USD 19.4 M

Requested for the operation

2.6 M Funded



PRIORITIES

- Protect and assist urban refugees and Malian refugees in Mbera camp;
- Promote refugees' self-reliance.
- Support peaceful coexistence between refugees and their host communities

HIGHLIGHTS

- Mbera refugee camp witnessed a significant increase of new arrivals in the last 7 months, with over 5,400 people crossing the border from Mali from end of September 2016 to March 2017; influx continued in April. This is the largest influx of Malian refugees observed into Mauritania since 2013.
- In March 2017, UNHCR carried out consultations with refugees through focus group discussions in Mbera camp, Nouakchott and Nouadhibou. More than 790 refugees participated in this important exercise allowing UNHCR to better respond to their concerns, understanding how age, gender and diversity issues might impact their needs.

Population of concern (as of 1 April 2017)

A total of **51,904** people are assisted by UNHCR in Mauritania

Malian refugees in Mbera camp	49,851
Urban refugees and asylum seekers	2,053

UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

UNHCR in Mauritania provides protection and assistance to **49,851 Malian refugees Mbera camp**, in south-eastern Mauritania, and to **1,512 urban refugees and 541 asylum seekers** (mainly from the Central African Republic, Syria and Côte d'Ivoire) registered with UNHCR in the capital Nouakchott and Nouadhibou.

UNHCR works closely with Mauritanian authorities to **enhance the protection environment for refugees and asylum seekers in Mauritania**, notably through the development and implementation of a national asylum law. Pending the adoption of a national refugee legislation, UNHCR advocates for further integration of refugees by improving access to basic services, such as health, economic opportunities but also to documentation and birth registration.

UNHCR continues to lead the humanitarian response for all Malian refugees in the camp, in collaboration with the Mauritanian Government which has kept its borders open to new influxes and in cooperation with other UN agencies and national and international NGOs. Mbera camp was established 50 Km from the Malian border in the Hodh ech Charghi region in 2012, when violent clashes in North Mali triggered important waves of displacements to Mauritania. Despite the signing of a peace agreement in Mali in June 2015, security conditions in northern Mali remain volatile and large-scale returns of refugees are not yet contemplated. In June 2016, Mauritania, Mali and UNHCR concluded a **Tripartite Agreement** which provides a framework to facilitate the voluntary repatriation of Malian refugees, when conditions will allow, and reconfirms the commitments of the Mauritanian and Malian states to protect refugees.

Achievements



Protection

Achievements and Impact

- New arrivals from Mali continued in March at a steady stream; since the beginning of this new influx in September 2016, over 5,400 people have crossed from Mali to Mbera camp. More than 800 people were registered in Mbera camp in March and 260 individuals during the first week of April. Newly arrived families reported fleeing insecurity and armed groups from the region of Timbuktu, particularly in the areas of Gundam and Niafunke.
- In March, UNHCR carried out an important consultation exercise with refugees in Mbera camp, Nouakchott and Nouadhibou according to the “Age, Gender and Diversity” approach. Through the systematic application of this approach, UNHCR seeks to ensure that all persons of concern enjoy their rights on an equal footing and are able to participate fully in the decisions that affect their lives and the lives of their family members and communities. This year, focus groups discussed themes such as “refugee documentation”, “self-reliance”, “access to health” and “education” More than **290 urban refugees** and asylum seekers actively participated in consultations in **Nouakchott** and **Nouadhobou** as well as **more than 500 Malian refugees** in Mbera camp.



UNHCR staff meet with Syrian refugee women during a focus group discussion in Nouakchott. © UNHCR/Helena Pes 2017

- UNHCR and its partners continue to fight gender based violence in Mbera camp, identifying survivors of sexual and gender based violence, including early marriages, and providing adequate protection and assistance. UNHCR and its partners regularly organize events involving communities to prevent sexual and gender based violence: in March, 50 women leaders and parents of victims participated in a focus group discussion on prevention; UNHCR also screened a documentary on child marriage for 25 young women and girls.
- In Mbera camp, UNHCR and its partners continue to ensure the protection of the most vulnerable, particularly children. In March, 39 children at risk were assisted in registration procedures at UNHCR registration centre; 8 separated children were reunited with their families. 96 families received baby-wear kits for their new-borns and 102 blankets were distributed to people with specific needs by UNHCR's partner LWF.
- 771 people with specific needs** such as elderly, single parents and people living with disability in Mbera camp were assisted through food transportation, home visits and walking aid during March general distribution.

Education

Achievements and Impact

- In Mbera camp, **5,049 children** continue to receive daily meals in the **6 primary schools' canteens**. This activity is organized jointly by UNHCR and the World Food Programme (WFP) to improve school attendance.
- Literacy course continued for 185 adults in Mbera camp. UNHCR supports literacy programmes in the three main languages spoken in the camp, which are Tamasheq, Arabic and Fula.



Adults attend literacy classes in their own language in Mbera refugee camp. © UNHCR/Helena Pes 2016

Health

Achievements and Impact

- In March, **27 patients from Mbera camp** were referred to Nema and Nouakchott hospitals. UNHCR and its partner the Lutheran World Federation (LWF) ensure **medical evacuations** of refugees and host community patients who cannot be treated in the camp, such as oncology and surgery cases.
- All children under five in Mbera camp were vaccinated against poliomyelitis, a crippling and potentially fatal infectious disease. Mauritania's national vaccination campaign included children in the villages surrounding Mbera camp and refugee children in the camp.

Food Security and Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

- In March, refugees in Mbera camp received a food ration composed of rice, pulses and oil as well as some cash. Due to funding shortages, the food ration was distributed in reduced quantities representing 57% of the usual in-kind food component and 38% of the usual cash component of the food basket. On this occasion, UNHCR and its partners *Commission pour la Sécurité Alimentaire* (CSA) also distributed some sugar to all refugees. The sugar ration was kindly donated by the Malian Ministry of Solidarity and Humanitarian Action.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Refugees in Mbera camp are overwhelmingly dependent on humanitarian assistance. Reduced food rations, combined with new waves of arrivals, would place a further strain on the already very scarce local resources. Food pipeline breaks may lead to food insecurity and malnutrition in Mbera camp this year.



Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

Achievements and Impact

- UNHCR with its partner *Acción Contra el Hambre – España* continue to ensure that **all refugees in the camp have access to clean water and sanitation facilities** including latrines. Water quality control in the camp is carried out regularly at all levels (households, standpipes, storage tank). A total of **3,475 water tests** were conducted in March to ensure quality compliance to humanitarian standards.
- In March 2017, the refugee-led WASH committees conducted few minor maintenance works: 128 drainage systems and 37 water points were improved to prevent water waste.
- In March 2017, 14,978 people in Mbera camp were reached through sensitizing activities such as door to door discussions, community meetings as well as clean-up campaigns to raise awareness on water and sanitation and prevent the spread of waterborne diseases.



Water quality in Mbera camp is assured through regular tests to prevent the spread of waterborn diseases. Photo courtesy ©ACF-E/ Mamoudou Lamine Kane

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Many of the four-year old infrastructures in Mbera camp need to be replaced. About 50% of latrines in Mbera camp have reached their maximum storage capacity in 2016. Despite efforts to replace and construct new toilet facilities, UNHCR lacks resources to replace all latrines. Harsh climate conditions, such as strong winds contribute to the fast deterioration of facilities in the camp.



Self-Reliance

Achievements and Impact

- During this period, 104 youth were trained to start their business as **mechanics, tailors, blacksmiths, restaurant managers, carpenters** and **electricians**. This is part of UNHCR [self-reliance strengthening programme](#) to reduce refugees' dependency on humanitarian assistance. UNHCR continues to follow up and support the 370 income generating projects started in 2014-16 in Mbera camp. UNHCR also assisted in distributing animal feed, provided by the International Organisation for Migrations (IOM) for 1,169 herders.



Peaceful coexistence

Achievements and Impact

- UNHCR and its partners continue to sensitize both refugee communities and their host populations in the surroundings of Mbera camp about peaceful coexistence, sustainable use of shared natural resources and conflict prevention: in March, two focus groups sensitization activities were held in five villages in the area of Bassikounou and the camp's surroundings, involving more than 400 people.
- In Mbera camp **650 school children** participated in a socio-cultural sports activity to promote peaceful coexistence among children of different communities.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Resources and pastures are limited in the semi-arid region of Hodh ech Chargui. Five years on, the protracted situation places a further strain on Mauritanian host communities, who should also be supported.

WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP

At the request of the Mauritanian Government, UNHCR coordinates the humanitarian response to the Malian refugee situation, in close collaboration with the Ministry of the Interior and Decentralization and the local authorities. UNHCR also participates in the United Nations Country Team and Humanitarian Country Team, and works closely with national and international NGOs. Regular coordination meetings are held in Nouakchott and Bassikounou to share information on identified needs and agree on strategies.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Total recorded contributions in 2017 amount to **US\$ 2.6 million** received from the **Government of Japan**.

US\$ 16.8 million is still requested for UNHCR's operation in Mauritania in 2017.

UNHCR is also grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to UNHCR programmes with unearmarked and broadly earmarked funds in 2017.

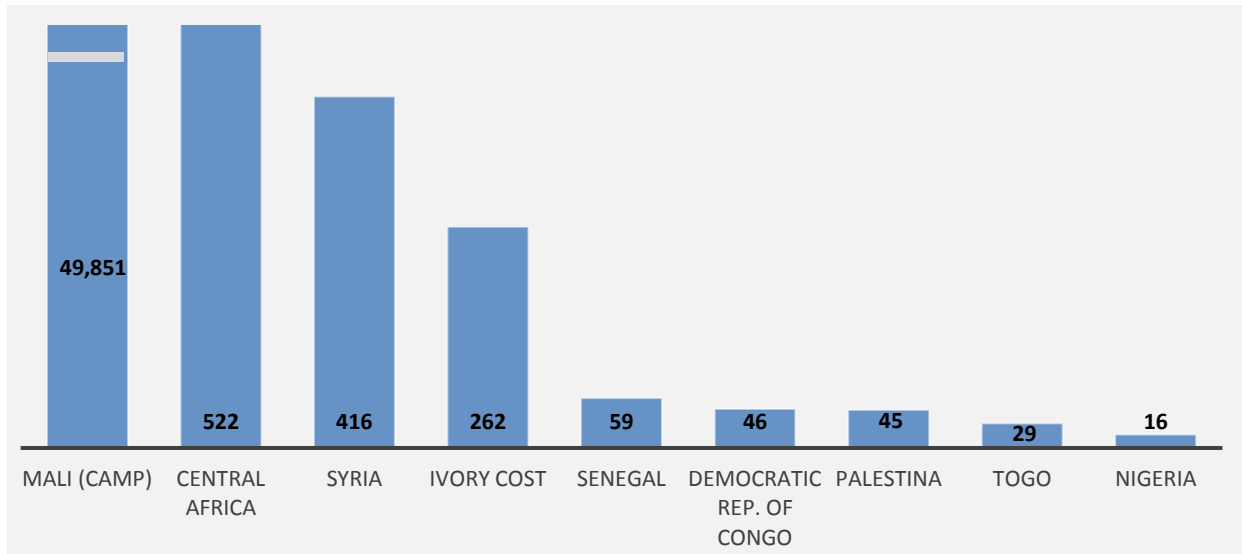
Major donors of unrestricted and regional funds to UNHCR in 2017 (in USD):

United States of America (95 M) | Sweden (76 M) | Netherlands (52 M) | Norway (41 M) | Denmark (23 M) | Australia (19 M) | Switzerland (15 M) | Priv Donors Spain (13 M) | Germany (12 M)

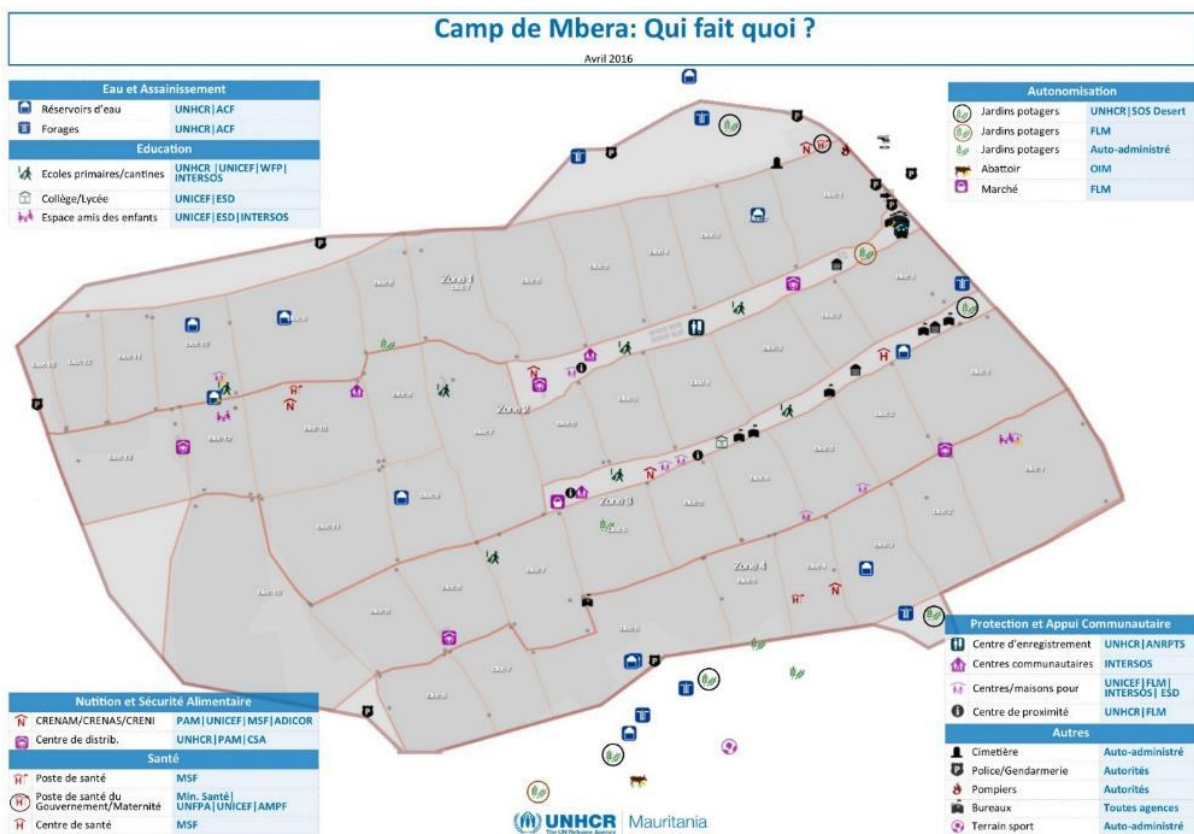
Other donors of unrestricted and regional funds to UNHCR in 2016:

Algeria | Austria | Belgium | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Costa Rica | Estonia | Finland | Iceland | Indonesia | Kuwait | Lithuania | Luxembourg | Malta | Monaco | Morocco | New Zealand | Qatar | Republic of Korea | Singapore | Sri Lanka | Thailand | Turkey | United Arab Emirates | Uruguay | Zambia | Private Donors

Annex 1 – Breakdown of the main refugee groups in Mauritania



Annex 2– Who does what in Mbera camp – [maps.unhcr portal](https://maps.unhcr.org)



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Links:

